The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 63. TOLEDO, OHIO, THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 9, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Warmer, fair weather; variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Warmer, fair weather; winds shifting to southerly.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.: Fair weather and warmer; winds shifting to southerly.

LOCAL.

An old railroader dead.
Earnings of local railroads.
Opposition to Armour meat.
Death of Rev. John Poucher.
Matters in reference to labor.
A white black bird and its story.
Nasby Council's ride to the lake.
Workhouse board applies for gas.
The Wheeling & Lake Erie miners.
Exciting runaway on Summit street.
New depot to be built out Dorr street.
Toledo railroad superintendents meet.
Young lady arrested for rifling letters.
Places for holding democratic primaries.
Next Sunday's Polish corner-stone laying.
Father Hannin closes a big real estate deal.
Real estate movements for the past week.

UNITED STATES.

The Hamlin obsequies.
Dayton's gas to be shut off.
Gossipy news from Findlay.
Ottawa county election board.
John Sherman talks on silver.
Hancock county for Campbell.
New transportation syndicate.
Attempted suicide in Paulding.
Paulding county election board.
Kansas sends up another wail of woe.
Farmers to combine to get higher prices.
Work of the state board of equalization.
Virginia's voice is for Cleveland in 1892.
Three more counties instructed for Campbell.
Election board complications at Wauseon.
Another republican office holder goes wrong.
Christian endeavor convention in Minneapolis.
Col. A. K. McClure hauls Nicalay over the coals.
Million and a quarter dollar fire in Cincinnati.
Wanamaker called before the investigators again.
Progress made on the World's Columbian exposition.
Bloody assault made on H. S. Hull and son, of Wauseon.
Republican campaign machine organized at Columbus.
The administration has an elephant on its hands in the Itata case.
A bogus minister has been marrying people in Upper Sandusky.
The rebel flags to be placed on exhibition by the republican administration.
The prison autopsy and that held on Smiler afterwards are greatly at variance.

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All our Tinselled, Trimmed and Braided $5 and $7 Jackets at $2.90.

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WILL HELP YOU.

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GOLD WATCH
—AT—
CAWOOD'S

SOMETHING NEW FOR SUMMER READING!

Mary St. John—By Ross Carey (paper)	50	Eric Brighteyes—Rider Haggard. ..25 and	50
St. Katherines by the Tower—By Besant	60	A Girl Graduate—By Celia Woolley	50
My Danish Sweetheart—By Clark Russell	60	Fourteen to One—By E S Phelps (cloth)	1 25
A Gallant Fight—By Marion Harland	50	Captain Blake—By Capt. King	1 25
Diana Fontaine—By Ridgeway	50	The Mammon of Unrighteousness—By Boyesson	1 25

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LOYALTY ON TAP.

The Kaiser and Kaiserin in London.

A Great Display Made in Their Honor.

Claudio Vicuna More Despised Than Balmaceda.

Parnell Feels Keenly His Defeat at Carlow.

All the Important News of the Old World Cabled to the Bee for Its Thousands of Intelligent Readers.

LONDON, July 9.—The kaiser dined at Buckingham palace, last evening. About 9 o'clock the kaiser and kaiserin, with the Prince and Princess of Wales, proceeded in state to the opera house, Covent garden, where they were enthusiastically received. They were escorted by the Household troops, and the route was lined with soldiers.

To-day the kaiser attends a garden party, given by the Prince and Princess of Wales at the Marlborough house. The kaiser will dine with Lord Londonderry in the evening, and attend a performance of the golden legend at Albert hall.

The preparations for the reception of the kaiser at the guild hall are now complete, and it will be one of the most magnificent events in the history of London. Several members of the imperial suite arrived from Windsor to-day and more will come this afternoon so that the procession will include all the distinguished members of the kaiser's retinue.

The line of procession will give a grand opportunity for everybody to see the young German sovereign. Their majesties, the kaiser and kaiserin, will go to the city from Buckingham palace by way of the Strand, Fleet street, Ludgate Hill and Cheapside.

The route will be guarded by militia and volunteers, but there will be no more restraint of the people than is necessary to preserve order.

The police authorities have concluded, after thorough inquiry, that nothing is to be feared in the way of violence or insult and that a harsh display of force in guarding the imperial progress through the streets, might provoke the people, who are unaccustomed to continental methods of that kind, and perhaps lead to an unfriendly demonstration.

No arrests will be made, or have been made of foreigners suspected of being dangerous, unless something more could be shown against them than the mere fact of suspicion.

The streets will be gaily decorated. At the Guild hill the recorder of London will read an address of welcome, in which touching allusion will be made to the kaiser's father, the late Emperor Frederick, and the empress-mother, both of whom were presented with an address by the city of London on the occasion of their marriage. The kaiser will reply briefly, and then will follow luncheon and short speeches.

After breakfast at Buckingham palace, this morning, the emperor, accompanied by a few members of his personal suite and some of the gentlemen of his English guard of honor, mounted horse, and proceeded to Hyde park, where the imperial visitor and his companions enjoyed the pleasure of a mile-and-a-half canter along historic Rotten Row. The pedestrian path and its numerous benches furnished standing and sitting room for a large number of persons who had received an inkling of the proposed imperial ride. The kaiser rode a spirited animal, the management of which afforded him an opportunity of exhibiting his superb horsemanship.

Compliments were heard on all sides as the emperor with graceful force steadily held the restive horse just a neck ahead of the foremost animal of his suite, and at the same time acknowledged with courteous inclination of the head the respectful salutations of the onlookers. The ride was evidently keenly relished by the emperor and his followers. Later in the day the kaiser and kaiserin granted audiences to deputations from the various German social and benevolent societies of London. In each instance formal addresses were made by the chairmen of the visiting societies. Responses were made by the kaiser. When the formalities had been disposed of both the kaiser and kaiserin conversed with the members of the deputations. A special reception was accorded a number of officers of the German reserve army who are now in London, and who appeared in the full dress uniforms of their military rank. To each of the officers the kaiser spoke a word of kindly greeting.

The German warriors were followed by a deputation from the anti-slavery society the chairman of which, read an address to kaiser William in which that monarch was urged to use his powerful influence in bringing about the suppression of an infamous traffic in human flesh and blood.

In his response to the address the kaiser evinced a thorough knowledge of the subject matter. He referred in energetic terms to to the inhumanity of the African slave dealers, and the sufferings of their unhappy victims. The emperor, however, declared that he doubted the correctness of Livingstone's statement that for every slave who arrived alive on the coast, ten died on the journey thither from the interior kralls.

There also waited upon the emperor and empress, a deputation from Fishmongers hall who presented an address on behalf of their ancient guild.

The kaiser cordially thanked the Fishmongers for their courteous and kindly address, and then spent a few moments in conversation with the gentlemen of the delegation, among whom was H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, who is a member of the society, and who, as a special mark of respect to the kaiser, had accompanied them on their visit to Buckingham palace.

A Paris dispatch says that according to one of the Chilian congressional delegates, Claudio Vicuna, who has been elected president of Chili by the Balmaceda party to come into office next September, is as obnoxious to the congressional party as Balmaceda himself, of whom the president-elect is an intimate associate and tool.

It is charged here by a person intimately connected with the Chilian legation that the congressional delegates have made a bargain with the French government, whereby, in return for the aid of France, and the handing over indirectly to the insurgents the war vessels building in France for the Chilian government, the congressional party agrees to recognize the notorious Dreyfus claim which is backed by the French government and which Balmaceda rejected some months ago with a determination that won him applause both in Europe and America. It is said that this act of Balmaceda prejudiced the French government against him.

As to the Carlow defeat Parnell is said to feel keely the conduct of a man named Larkin, a quarryman in Parnell's employ at Arklow, who went to Carlow, during the contest and made speeches accusing Parnell of abusing and under-paying his men. A number of respectable persons of Arklow and vicinity have refuted the slander and claim that Parnell is a kind employer and has done much to benefit the neighborhood.

General Sir Evelyn Wood, brother of Mrs. Parnell, will command one of the divisions at Wimbledon during the kaiser's review on Saturday.

Significant expressions have appeared in the Holland papers since the kaiser's visit, to the effect that the Hollanders, while doing honor to the kaiser, desire to remain in international matters as they are now, that is, entirely neutral.

Chancellor Caprivi has caused to be communicated to the president of the administrative authorities at Siegen an expression of approval of his course in preventing a telegram from being sent to Prince Bismarck approving his past services and his course toward the government.

WANTED TO DIE.

News from Paulding—The Election Board.

PAULDING, July 9.—(Special)—C. Winnie shot himself in the left temple, at Sherwood, Defiance county, yesterday, with suicidal intent; cause, liquor and family trouble. The wound is fatal.

He was proprietor of a saloon at the above place.

Probate Judge Lewis has appointed the election board for this county as required by the new law: H. E. Spring and R. B. Littrick are for the republicans, and A. W. Wisely and C. D. Hughes for the democrats.

The republican county county convention is called for Saturday, July 25.

Roy Newton got his left hand very badly lacerated in the equalizing saws at Weidman's factory here yesterday.

THEY MUST TELL THE STORY

Wanamaker Again Called to Account.

The Councils' Committee Will Make an Effort to Find Out What Was in the Suppressed Confession.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—An important meeting of the council's investigating committee is booked for next Friday. Managing Editor McKeane and City Editor McWade, of the Ledger, have been notified to appear to give testimony in regard to the suppressed Bardsley confession or statement.

Postmaster General Wanamaker and Effingham B. Morris, president of the Girard Life Insurance Annuity and Trust company have also been notified to appear. H. H. Yard, who is now under arrest for conspiring with Bardsley to loan public money, has been ordered to give testimony on the same day in relation to the city's deposits in the Keystone bank and other matters incidental to Bardsley's misappropriation of state and city funds.

A GAS CASE IN COURT.

The Northwestern Wants Its Pipes Back.

The Company Does Not Propose to Let Anybody Else Force Fuel Through Them.

TIFFIN, O., July 9.—(Special.)—The Northwestern Ohio National Gas Company to-day commenced an action against H. C. Wells to collect $7.40, claimed to be due the company for placing natural gas service pipes in the defendant's residence several years ago.

These pipes were put in under a contract signed by the defendant, and allowing the plaintiff at any time to remove them. The defendant claims that the plaintiff has appropriated the pipes to his own use by shutting off the company's gas and using through the pipes gas furnished by the city.

The action has been commenced in tort for a wrongful converion of property to the defendant's own use and will be followed by hundreds of others, providing it results favorably to the plaintiff. The citizens who have laid themselves liable to a similar action will organize and test the case, carrying it, if necessary, to the supreme court.

Sale of Yearlings.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A great sale of yearlings from the McGrathiana, Spendthrift, Beurmont and Meadowthorpe studs occurred at Tattersall's last night which was well attended by noted turfmen and horse fanciers. Sixty head were sold and the total sum realized was $65,800, an average of $997 per head. The highest prices obtained were $7,100, paid by Windham Walden for a filly by Onondaga out of Black Maria, and $3,900 paid by B. Thayer for a chestnut colt by Onondaga out of Perhaps. Others that brought good prices were: Chestnut colt by Cnandago—Bliss, L. F. Dwyer, $2,000; bay filly by Imp Ill-Used—L. A. Juive, Fred Gebhart, $2,400; bay colt by Spendthrift—Sinaloa, B. Thayer, $2,000.

A SLAP AT PROHIBITION.

South Dakota's Law Pronounced Unconstitutional.

Judge Plowman Renders a Decision Which Has Set All Temperance People to Wondering.

DEADWOOD, S. D., July 9.—In the cases of Rosencranz, Smith, Parker and Jacobs, charged with violating the state prohibition law, Judge A. J. Plowman to-day rendered a decision sustaining the demurrer of the defendants, which was grounded on the fact that the act embraced more than one subject not named in the title. The state will appeal the case. The point has never been raised before.

Parliamentary Dinner.

PARIS, July 9.—M. Rouvier, the minister of finance, last evening tendered a parliamentary dinner to the members of the senate and chamber of deputies. The affair was a particularly successful one, attended as it was by the most distinguished gentlemen of the various political groups of the French legislative bodies.

A pleasant feature of the occasion was the presence of Mlle. Guilbert, the celebrated operatic singer, who attended by special invitation and entertained the minister's guests by singing some of the choicest selections of her repertoire.

Attempted Suicide.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 9.—Miss Effie Scovel, a leading society young woman, attempted to commit suicide at her home yesterday by shooting. She is in a critical condition. Mental depression, caused by brooding over the recent death of her mother, was the probable cause of the rash act.

Made It Permanent.

PARIS, July 9.—The German government has informed M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, that the relaxation of the passport regulations for Alsace-Lorraine, ordered at the time of the recent Swiss railroad disaster, in order to enable the friends and relatives of the dead and wounded or missing to seek for the victims, has been made permanent.

Spurgeon's Condition.

LONDON, July 9.—Mr. Spurgeon is no worse this morning and maintains his strength.

NOT A BURN ON THEM.

Result of the Autopsy Made Public.

Great Care Was Used in Conducting it.

The Statement is Made That Death Was Painless and the Bodies Were Not Disfigured.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Everybody expected Dr. Carlos McDonald would wield the lance during the autopsy on the Sing Sing murderers, but when the medical men assembled in the little room adjoining the death chamber, where the bodies of the four murderers lay on slate slabs, it was found that Dr. Van Giesen, of Greenpoint, a nephew of A. P. Van Giesen, had been deputed to perform that function, assisted by Dr. Franklin Thompson, jr.

Other physicians present were Dr. Samuel B. Ward, of Albany, Dr. L. V. Cortelyou, of Brooklyn, Professor Laudy, Dr. Daniels and Dr. Allison, of Auburn.

After a brief discussion it was decided to operate on the Japanese Jugigo, first. In accordance with this plan, the operating table, such as is used in dissecting rooms, was wheeled on its rubber castors into the center of the room. The autopsy then proceeded as follows, the words of the narration of which are given exactly as they fell from the lips of one of the physicians in attendance, whose name is withheld at his request:

"We selected the Japanese first," he said, "because of his physical development. He was as remarkably built a man as I ever saw. A triangular cut was made directly over the breast bone. The heart and lungs were then removed, afterwards the stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder. Both lungs and the heart were filled with venous blood. The color of all the organs, as we doctors say, was perfect.

"The fluids in the body were thinner than before death, showing the rapid disintegration caused by the passage of the current. There were no marks or burns on any of the men and they were all possessed of remarkably fine physiques, while their internal organs were not diseased in any way.

"The Japanese would really adorn any anatomical museum. A significant fact was that his brain was more than average size and normal. This proved conclusively that any talk as to his insanity was the veriest bosh. As soon as the autopsy on his body had been concluded the organs were replaced and the triangular apperture closed, as indeed was done with each of the others.

"The second man examined was Smiler. His relatives were waiting to claim the body. Nothing extraordinary was discovered except that his left lung had several tubercules, which might have troubled him in later years had he lived. Wood and Slocum followed, with the result of showing, as in the others, perfect internal organs. I have performed a great many autopsies, but never saw one done under more favorable circumstances. You see that practically the men were almost the same as though they had been cut up alive, death came so instantaneously. The average man has not a stomach which is healthy, but Jugigo's was wonderfully so. We all noticed and commented on it. The absence of marks or burns is explained by the careful way in which the electrodes were applied. Usually a blister is found which is caused by the moisture of the sponge evaporating as steam and scalding the person. I would like to say that I never saw an autopsy performed with greater decency. It could not have been done with any more pains if it had taken place over four kings. The results from a medical point of view were satisfactory, but nothing very valuable was learned. As medical men, we were all convinced that the electric chair is rapid, effective and painless."

Dr. Charles A. Daniels, of Buffalo, one of the witnesses, and a participant in the autopsy, has this to say: "The scientific value of the execution would not be revealed in to-day's autopsy. That will only come when each physician has made microscopic examination and otherwise tested the issue he has taken away."

HAVE SCORED A VICTORY.

Another Battle Between the Chilian Warriors.

Balmaceda's Party Again Routed by the Insurgents in a Bloody Encounter.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The representatives of the Chilian congressional party in Washington last night received a cable gram from Iqueque signed by Mr. Errazuriz, the minister of foreign affairs, saying, in effect, that the army of Balmaceda, which was advancing from Coquimbo to the valley of Huasco, was met by the constitutional army at a point four leagues south of Vallenar, where an engagement took place yesterday.

The constitutional army the dispatch says, obtained a brilliant triumph.

The battle was a bloody one and several hundred soldiers were killed, while a large number were carried from the field badly wounded.

Another Crooked Republican.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX, July 9.—Special Treasury Agent Moore returned yesterday from El Paso where he has been investigating the accounts and character of Frank B. Clark, collector of customs for that port.

Col. Moore has recommended Clarks removal on the ground of immoral conduct and neglect of business. His accounts are all right.

Barings' Statement.

LONDON, July 9.—The new Baring company's balance sheet for the half year shows total assets of £5,966,000. The cash on hand at short notice is £2,000,000.

James Runciman Dead.

LONDON, July 9.—James Runciman, the well-known writer and critic, is dead. His attack upon Rider Haggard attracted considerable attention some time ago.

WAR BREAKS OUT AGAIN.

Another Revolution in the Argentine Republic.

Government Officers Using Every Exertion to Quell the Disturbance in Its Incipiencies.

LONDON, July 9.—Dispatches from Buenos Ayres say that fresh revolutionary disturbances have occurred in various parts of the Argentine Republic. The government is actively exerting itself to suppress the revolt in the provinces of Cordoba, Catamarca and Entre Rios.

NOT IN THE TRUST YET.

There's No Tariff on the Administrations Rain Machine.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Col. Dyrenforth, of the department of agriculture, with two assistants, left here to-day for the interior of Texas, where he will make further experiments in the feasibility of producing rain in arid regions by exploding balloons charged with oxygen and hydrogen at a considerable height in the air.

Tests will also be made in exploding dynamite attached to the tails of huge kites, in connection with the theory that rain may be produced by the concussion of high explosives in mid-air.

The dynamite is to be exploded in the same manner as are the balloons, that is by a slender wire leading to the kites and connected with an electric battery worked from the ground. Col. Dyrenforth will seek some sequestered spot in Texas, where the noise will not disturb any one, and will then make a thorough and exhaustive experiment as to whether or not rain can be produced, when needed, by means of explosions near the clouds.

Half a Century of Married Life.

GROTON, Mass., July 9.—Ex-Gov. George S. Boutwell and Mrs. Boutwell celebrated yesterday the completion of a half century of married life. All the townspeople and many notables from throughout the state were present at the reception held and heartily congratulated the couple.

WERE ROASTED TO DEATH.

Such is the Opinion of the Unprofessional Mind.

The Body of Smiler Examined by a Reporter.

The Face, Head, Neck and Legs Badly Scarred, But Whether the Victim Felt the Torture is Not Known.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Herald this morning publishes the result of a second autopsy held by Drs. Culver, Rodenstein and Mook on the body of Harris A. Smiler, one of the four men electrocuted at Sing Sing Tuesday.

To the unprofessional mind, the Herald says, the condition of the body was horrifying, and on slight examination it seemed as if the man had died from roasting. The black ringed eyes, stripped of their skin, the flayed and parboiled leg, and the mysterious scars on the nose and chin were all suggestive of a horrible torture.

But when the visible marks were more closely examined it was easy to see that they were merely superficial, for they did not extend beyond the outer skin.

In describing the body as it lay in Undertaker Hulberg's establishment at One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, the Herald reporter says:

The features were composed, but painfully discolored. The shaven head and unshaven chin helped to make the head repellant. The low crowned skull and retreating forehead looked like those of a negro, and the discolored places about the eyes added to the sinister and forbidding aspect of the face.

In seeking a place where the skull was thin for the placing of the head electrode the executioners had clasped it across the eyes. The fierce, white hot current, which set a bucket of water boiling in a breath, had seared and stripped the skin in a horrible way, leaving the raw, red surface exposed to view.

At the edges strips of the epidermis, the outer skin, were curled up and dried like parchment and easily came off when touched by the finger. A piece of skin had come off from the bridge of the nose and there was a small scar on the chin. How could it get there?

When the right leg was bared another painful sight was disclosed. The lower electrode, a concave pad of brass, six inches by three or thereabouts, had been strapped on just below the right knee. Its mark was there, for the skin beneath had been stripped away and a raw looking place had run up the under side of the leg past the knee joint. This latter was as mysterious as the marks on the chin and nose

The Herald also says the autopsy at Sing Sing had not been complete as the brain had not been touched. The cap of the skull had not been removed in order to give the attending physicians an external look at that most important organ.

The following is findings of the autopsy:

"Rigor mortis well marked. Body well nourished. At a point on a level with the internal canthus of each eye there is an area of seared tissue about an inch wide, extending on the right side upward about three inches. Up the left side about the same distance above and below, and also upon the bridge of the nose, the epidermis is peeled from both cheeks a slight distance below the lower eyelids, and that region was somewhat echymotic.

Neck—at a point directly over the thyroid cartilege and extending in a crescuitic form about one and one-half inches each way is an area of seared tissue pretty sharply marked.

Evidences of former postmortem examination upon the body.

Leg—Electrode point of contact on right leg. On a level with the point of the tibia is a complete scorch of about three fingers wide, which shows an area of tissue which is remarkably dry, dark reddish in color, and where the scorched epidermis is rubbed off. The whole head and beard, with the exception of the mustache, had been lately shaved.

Head—Calvarium removed. Duramater intact. The surfaxe vessels everywhere distended with blood. Slight amount of adhesion between the calvarium and the bone and the pariatal suture. Some new connective tissue deposits over the retuation of the superior venus sinus.

Upon the removal of the durameter the vessels upon the hemispheres of the brain were found to be greatly congested. The The vessels upon the base of the brain were empty, apparently in condition. There were no punctate hemorrhages throughout the brain, either in the cerebrum or cerebellum. The lateral ventricles contained a normal amount of fluid. Chariod plexis not apparently congested. Third and fourth ventricles also apparently normal. Medulla oblongata and ponds varoliti white, normal and firm.

Spinal cord was cut as far down into the vertebral canal as possible, with a long, thin knife, removing about three inches of the spinal cord. The gross appearance of the cord was normal, the central canal being filled with fluid, and cord in all other conditions apparently normal.

All nerves at base of brain was apparently unaffected.

The optic chism, through which a large amount of the electric fluid must have passed, was to all appearances intact.

The vessels of the duramater in the anterior fossa were markedly congested in comparison with the rest of the skull.

The corner of the eyes was opaque over both eyes, completely hiding the color of the iris and the pupillary opening.

Trunk—The lungs were intensely congested. Heart not found. The kidneys were apparently normal. Other organs not examined.

The Herald has an interview with Dr. Ira T. Van Giesen, of Brooklyn, who assisted at the autopsies in Sing Sing in which he says:

"The skin on the leg was burned and also the cuticle on the forehead where the current first entered the body. But I do not suppose any pain [illegible] that."

HAMLIN OBSEQUIES.

Funeral Services Over the Remains of the Late Ex-Vice President.

BANGOR, Me., July 9.—The funeral services of ex-Vice President Hamlin occurred yesterday afternoon at 3:30.

At 10:30 a. m. the body was escorted from his late residence to the Unitarian church by a guard of honor of Grand Army men. The body lay in state from 11 a. m. until 2 p. m., and was viewed by thousands of people who came from all sections of the state.

The church was decorated in the most beautiful manner with flags, palms, ferns, other green growths and a profusion of flowers.

During the afternoon at the time of the funeral and the passage of the funeral cortege all business houses were closed.

At 2 o'clock a special train arrived in the city from Portland and Augusta, bringing many prominent citizens of the state, including Gov. Burleigh, members of the executive council, and members of many organizations. President C. F. Libby, of the Maine senate, and others. The funeral services were held at 3:30 at the Unitarian church.

The service was brief but impressive, and consisted of a dirge on the organ, reading of scriptures by Rev. S. C. Beach, pastor of the church, an eloquent prayer, benediction, and closing dirge on the organ.

The pall bearers were Hon. S. F. Humphrey, Senator Eugene Hale, Hon C. A. Boutelle, Philo A. Strickland, L. J. Morse and W. S. Dennett. The funeral cortege proceeded to Mount Hope cemetery, where interment occurred, a benediction being pronounced at the grave.

Positively Identified.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 9.—George Neis, of Warren, charged with pushing William Coe from a train, causing the amputation of his left leg, and other serious injuries, was taken under guard to the city hospital yesterday, and into the presence of Coe, who positively identified him as the man who threw him off and kicked him several times in the ribs.

A Woman in Yale.

NORWICH, Conn., July 9.—The first certificate of admission which Yale has ever granted to a woman has just been received by Miss Irene W. Colt of this city. Prof. Seymour of Yale notified Miss Colt yesterday that she had passed the examination satisfactorily and would be admitted.

Another Revolt.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 9.—El Partido (liberal) has received dispatches from Guatemala announcing that a revolt has taken place in the district of Quezaltenango, and that the uprising is gaining in force.

Suit for Separation.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 9—Preliminary steps have been taken by counsel for Mrs. Estelle L. Depuyster for a suit against her husband, Gen. J. W. Depuyster, for separation on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. The family is one of the oldest in Duchess county.

A Cabinet Resigns.

THE HAGUE, July 9.—The Dutch cabinet resigned yesterday.

UP IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Christian Endeavor Delegates Arriving.

An Immense Gathering and a Grand Convention Already Assured.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 9.—Already the advance guard of the incoming Christian Endeavor convention are in the city, and every train has one or more extra cars for delegates, while some twenty special trains are heading this way with others.

Everything indicates a great convention, and the estimate of 18,000 strangers due here within twenty-four hours is entirely within bounds. All arrangements are completed for what promises to be the largest and most successful convention of the society ever held.

Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois are striving after the banner of greatest attendance, each one having sent word of from 1,000 to 1,500 delegates en route here. At the big Exposition hall the decorations are now nearly all in place, and people are already crowding to see the immense auditorium with its 15,000 seating capacity.

Each incoming train is met by members of the local reception committee some distance from the city and before they arrive here the delegates are all assigned and proceed immediately to their stopping place without delay or confusion.

Numerous receptions are being arranged by the local churches for Friday evening, some of them with elaborate programs. The different state delegations will be received at different churches and each will be presented with appropriate souvenirs.

The program of the first day consists of a reception meeting at 4 o'clock and the address of President Clark in the evening.

A Transportation Syndicate.

CHICAGO, July 9.—An English syndicate to be known as "the Atlantic & Great Lakes Navigation and Trading company, limited," purposes to open direct water communication for freight and passenger business between Chicago and Great Britain. The syndicate will build and operate its own vessels, for which purpose a capital of £5,000,000 has been subscribed.

Shooting Scrape.

GIBSONBURG, July 9.—It is reported here that a gay young deceiver received a bullet in his shoulder Saturday night for paying too much attention to another man's wife.

The Rose a State Flower.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 9.—The vote of school children in the state for a state flower has resulted in the choice of the rose by a majority of 88,000 over the golden rod.

Judgment Reserved.

LONDON, July 9.—The bishop of Lincoln's appeal from the archbishop of Canterbury's decision in the ritualistic controversy was concluded in the house of lords to-day. Judgment was reserved.

ALAS FOR SUFFERING KANSAS

The Farmers' Alliance More Than it Can Stand.

Grasshoppers Did Damage Enough, But the Worst Trouble is Yet to Come.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Ex-Congressman B. W. Perkins, of Kansas, is in the city on business in the departments. Speaking of the situation in his state he remarked that the success of the farmer's alliance was the greatest curse that ever befell the state.

"When we were afflicted with the grasshoppers, the drouth and all those plagues we had the sympathy of the people at large," he continued, "but since we have indorsed the alliance by electing its men to congress the public has lost confidence in us as a state; money is scarce and it is almost impossible to borrow it.

"The money that has been in the market has been withdrawn. The leaders of the alliance have declared for what is practically flat money and the repudiation of debts.

"Mr. Peffer has publicly said that the people of Kansas are too much involved to pay their debts. Mr. Lease, one of their champions, is going about organizing societies to prevent the foreclosure of mortgages and collection of debts.

"My successor, Mr. B. H. Clover, comes to congress to secure legislation on a platform that declares the residents of cities are supported by the farmers, and it would be cheaper to keep them in the poorhouses than as tradesmen in the cities."

Referring to the actual condition of business in Kansas, he observed that "in all the states save a few cities in the mineral belt there was not a nail being driven or a shingle being put on. All improvements had stopped, and the intelligent farmer was beginning to realize that instead of helping them the alliance has added to their evils and precipitated additional misfortunes upon them."

MILLION AND A QUARTER

A Disastrous Blaze in Cincinnati This Morning.

The Big Burkhardt Fur Company's Building Ruined.

The Walls Fall in on Adjacent Property and Cause Much Damage—The Particulars.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—A few minutes after 9 o'clock last night came an alarm of fire calling a relay of engines to the great building occupied by A. H. Burkhardt & Co., manufacturers and wholesale and retail dealers in furs and fur goods.

The building is at the southeast corner of Elm and Fourth streets. It is the property of William A. Hooper, banker and financier. It was 75 feet wide on Fourth street and extended back 150 feet to an alley.

Its Fourth street front is seven stories high and its height on the alley is eight and a half stories. It also extends two stories deep under the ground. The building is nearly new and cost over $200,000.

Mr. Burkhardt added $90,000 in interior adornment within the last two years.

Mr. Burkhardt could only give a rough estimate of the value of the stock in the building, and that he said was to the best of his belief between $600,000 and $7 00,000 In addition to his own immense stock, he stores great quantities of valuable furs for citizens every summer and these furs are all in the building.

After the start of the fire in the lower one of the two cellars, the entire fire department was called out. Dense volumes of blinding smoke at first filled the streets and presently with a sudden burst, the flames sped upward through the building and with incredible rapidity shot skyward through the roof lighting up the city for half a mile around. Soon the walls began to crumble and the building with its contents became a total loss.

The east frontage on Fourth street of the Hooper building which, by the way, was 100 feet wide by 150 feet deep, was occupied by Henry Geiershofer & Co., dealers in clothing and manufacturers. They estimated their stock at a valuation of over $400,000. Probably $125,000 worth of their stock is under tarpaulin on the north side of Fourth, near Race street, thanks to the energy of the Salvage company.

The fire having started in Burkhardt's establishment at the corner, gave time to save some of Geiershofer's goods. The rest will go with the great Hooper building to cinders and ashes. Geiershofer's loss will not be less than $250,000 and they have that amount of insurance, so that their loss will be fully covered. The loss of the building will be not less than $250,000 and if Mr. Burkhardt's estimate of his stock is correct the loss of this fire will reach $1,100,000 at least.

The Elm street wall of the building has gone down and the east wall at midnight was threatening to tumble down on the roof of a four-story building adjacent next east of it. The streets are still thronged with men and women witnessing the grand spectacle, pressing on rope barriers drawn across the streets. The police are clearing the streets of all outsiders near the tottering walls. Nothing definite can be learned of Burkhardt's insurance. One agency here has $50,000 and insurance men say every agency in Cincinnati has more or less risk on his stock. besides he is known as a man that insures well. The first fire alarm from Burkhardt's came in by an automatic electric alarm.

At 20 minutes after 12 o'clock the menacing east wall of the Hooper building rocked and tottered, then leaped down from its dizzy height onto the roof of the Pape Manufacturing company's building next east of it with a roar and crash followed by crash after crash with a roar prolonged. It filled the air with blinding dust and made darkness where a moment before was brilliant illumination.

The Pape Manufacturing company's building was a teree-story brick. It was an extensive picture framing establishment, one of the oldest and most extensive in the city, and it carried a large stock of pictures, paintings, engravings and mouldings.

The front three-quarters of the building where the most valuable goods are kept, was completely ruined. A mass of debris crushed into the cellar and the outer walls were thrown into the street.

The high east gables of the Hooper building, in leaping down onto the Pape company's building, which it crushed, struck the five-story Steinway piano building, which was next east of Pape's, and knocked the west wall of that building in. No injury was visible from Fourth street, and it is hoped that the direct damage to the Steinways will be light. They carried about $100,000 worth of stock. Their loss to stock will not be over $10,000, if so much.

TIN PLATES.

Over Four Million Dollars Worth Came in in May.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The chief of the bureau of statistics reports that the total imports of tin plates, terne plates and taggers' tin during the month of May, 1891, amounted to 101,442,015 pounds, valued at $4,431,364, and during the corresponding period of the previous year 46,914,081 pounds, valued at $1,511,525. During the eleven months ended May 31, 1891, 820,684,741 pounds, valued at $28,730,501; and during the eleven months ended May 31, 1890, 605,790,632 pounds, valued at $18,630,454.

Ottawa County Board of Elections.

OAK HARBOR, O., July 9.—(Special)—Probate Judge McKitchie has appointed the following county board of elections: John H. Neidecker, John H. Steincamp, W. W. Montgomery and Judge J. H. H. Uthoff. At the organization of the board William H. Mylander, of Oak Harbor, was chosen clerk.

The delegates from Ottawa county to the democratic state convention are: Thos. J. Marshall, E. A. Powers, Chas. Roose, sr, Chas. Miller, H. H. Almrath and H. H. Lullman. Five Campbell men.

Mystic Shriners Want a Charter.

ERIE, Pa., July 9.—At a meeting last evening of the nobles of the Order of the Mystic Shrine, 50 nobles signed the petition for a charter from the imperial council. Dr. A. K. McMullen was chosen and recommended as grand potentate. Dr. McMullen is president of the Erie Burial Case company, and is a man of high standing as a Mason. The new council will have Northwestern Pennsylvania for its terriory.

A New Lisbon Wedding.

WELLSVILLE, O., July 9.—Professor John E. McKean, of Jefferson, O., and Miss Emma Elliott, formerly of this city, were married near New Lisbon, to-day.

STILL THEY COME IN.

Three More Counties Instruct for Campbell.

Miami, Williams and Columbiana Counties Join the Ranks of the Campbellites.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—(Special.)—Every hour it becomes more certain, not that Campbell will be renominated, but that his majority will be so large as to put all oppositions out of the question.

Miami, Williams and Columbiana counties are the latest to instruct their delegates for Campbell.

THE ECHO IS IN THE AIR.

Virginia's Voice is Raised for Grover Cleveland.

The Press of the State is Almost Unanimous for Him.

They But Reprint the Sentiment of the Sturdy Democrats in the Districts Where They Are Published.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 9.—The attempts of a few papers in Virginia to create the impression that ex-President Cleveland has lost ground in the Old Dominion has aroused the democratic press. The annexed extracts, which are but a tithe of the many that have appeared in the past few days, indicate that the attempt to manufacture an anti-Cleveland sentiment in Virginia is panning out poorly.

Abingdon Virginian.

We are no partisan of Mr. Cleveland more than we are of all good and great democrats when we see them assailed in a sneaking, cowardly way.

The people like Cleveland and are generally right. They like him for many reasons. They like him for the enemies he has made, because these enemies were made for their sakes. They like him because he is brave in all the higher meaning of that word. They like him because he hates robbers, and especially robbers under cover of the law and robbers of the people's money.

They like him because all haters of democracy and of the people hate him. They like him, because he says, by word and deed, that a white man is as good as a nigger and a southern man has some rights under the government. The people like Grover, and they would be the veriest ingrates not to do so.

Richmond State.

The State's preference and the people's preference for president is Grover Cleveland. The great masses of the people regard Cleveland as the safest, honestest and most fearless political leader in the whole country.

The tariff question is to be a great issue—the chief issue, perhaps—in 1892, and now that the people have come to understand that question better and to appreciate the necessity of legislation that will get rid of some of the iniquitous tax burdens, the democracy will sweep the country, provided they put up a good ticket.

Then, of course, if the tariff is to be the issue, Grover Cleveland, the tariff reformer, towering above all the rest of the good democrats in this land, is pre-eminently the man to carry the party standard.

Campbell County Record.

It can hardly be doubted that if a vote should be taken to-day, three-fourths of the democrats of Virginia would cast their ballots for Cleveland against the field. This too is in spite of the fact that the enemies of Cleveland in this state and out of it have shown themselves wonderfully industrious in trying to manufacture anti-Cleveland sentiment.

The democrats of the country remember with great pleasure the honest, able, patriotic administration of Grover Cleveland. They want nothing better than a repetition of that administration. They believe thoroughly in Cleveland's honesty, capacity, patriotism and courage and in the soundness of his democracy.

He has been tried and not found wanting. The people would prefer to follow a leader who has been tried and found true, rather than to experiment with a new candidate.

Cleveland's silver views may not be acceptable to everybody in this latitude, but the silver question will play a subordinate part in the campaign of 1892. Tariff reform will be the great issue next year, and it is extremely fit that Cleveland should be the leader of the tariff reform party.

Rockingham Register.

The Richmond Dispatch must furnish some better reason for its opposition to ex-President Cleveland than his alleged hostility to silver. The senate next winter will be composed of the same members who at the last session of congress passed the free coinage bill, while the house, with its 150 democratic and alliance majority, will surely give the white metal a fair show, thus leaving the immediate future of silver in the hands of the executive.

It is safe to surmise that President Harrison, in the year immediately preceding his canvass for re-election, will not have the temerity to veto any legislation on this subject that may be passed by so substantial a majority in both houses of congress. So that present indications point to the elimination of the coinage issue from the campaign of 1892.

With this disposed of it will be of little consequence what opinion Mr. Cleveland or any other man who may be elected president may entertain on this subject. The issue will thus have been settled for some time to come, and no amount of hostility on the part of the executive could have any effect in reopening the question.

Bedford Index.

What a splendid quartet of the merits indispensable to a president of the whole people! Earnestness, honesty, courage and moral power! These are the virtues that have endeared their possessor to the popular heart.

Other men may be shrewder party workers, may more clearly discern the sophistries of statecraft and expose them or not, as seems best for the immediate party interest, but Mr. Cleveland's honesty and courage admit of neither evasion nor concealment, while his moral power displays itself in the earnestness with which he pursues that course which seems best for the interests of the whole American people.

A man who takes such a broad and patriotic view of the responsibilities and duties of the chief executive and conducts his administration in the interest of all classes and parties of American citizens rather than as head of a mere political party may be a failure as a party leader, and therefore prove unacceptable to the active elements in the party machine, but his independence of party dictation strengthens him vastly with the great mass of voters.

Even the most ignorant voter in matters of statecraft recognizes and admires courage, and when it is accompanied by honesty his admiration approaches hero-worship.

Halifax Record.

We believe Mr. Cleveland is to-day the strongest man before the American people, one of the most incorruptible, most courageous and most deserving of the unlimited confidence of the country.

The fight being made upon him for his expression of opinion on the free coinage of silver is detestable, since the very papers guilty of it know that neither Hill, nor Gorman, nor Campbell, nor any other presidential candidate, democratic or republican, would dare to advocate free and unlimited coinage, nor will the democratic platform advocate it.

As to the sentiment of Halifax, the Record claims to have some acquaintance with it, and we honestly believe that nine-tenths of the democrats of this county are favorable to Grover Cleveland for the next presidency.

Rockbridge News.

Mr. Cleveland has many bitter opponents, we admit, all over the country. They are men easily interviewed and men who talk glibly. When Cleveland was inaugurated six years ago there swooped down on Washington such a crowd as never had been known before under similar circumstances in that city. The hotels, boarding-houses and all available room was filled with them.

They were office seekers. For every office there were from ten to a hundred applicants. The political bosses, little and big, were there from United States senator down to pot-house politicians.

All of them either wanted a place for themselves or their friends. Nine out of ten of these people after banging around the departments and the hotel corridors for months, some of them half starved, went home mad and disappointed. The big fellows, like the senators, found that they had collided with an administration that they could not 'run.'

The little ones of course could not be supplied because the government did not have a tithe of the offices to supply the demand. These were politicians as a general thing, and their chagrin and disappointment 'sticks in their craws' yet. These are largely the opposers of Mr. Cleveland in the democratic ranks to-day.

With Mr. Cleveland as a candidate, were the election to be held to-day, the state would give him such a majority as no other democratic candidate for the presidency ever polled. With the sturdy, intelligent masses of the party he would to-day beat all the other candidates combined five to one for the position in a fair primary election.

NORTH BALTIMORE.

The Waterworks Contractors on Hand Ready for Work.

NORTH BALTIMORE, July 9.—(Special)—E. C. Coon, of the firm of Coon & Son, Upper Sandusky, who obtained a franchise for the erection of waterworks at this place, was here to-day and authorized Mr. J. J. Geghan to close the deal with the B. & O. railroad company for the land on which the reservoir pump station and stand-pipe will be erected.

Mr. Newcomer of Cleveland, was also here, and has associated himself with Coon & Son to build the works. Work will commence in about two weeks.

A CITY FULL OF PUSH.

Interesting Gossip Wired from Findlay.

Hancock County is Solid for Campbell.

Hon. S. D. Houpt Talks on the Political Situation—Social Gossip—Miscellaneous Mention.

FINDLAY, O., July 9.—(Special)—Hon. S. D. Houpt is probably one of the most pronounced Campbell men in Hancock county. He not only believes that Governor Campbell will receive 75 per cent. of the convention, but also asserts that he will be elected governor of Ohio by an overwhelming majority.

To a BEE correspondent who called upon Mr. Houpt yesterday afternoon, he said: "It is all one-sided here, and will be a Campbell delegation from start to finish. The attacks made by Hamilton county have made him more friends in Findlay than he ever had, and it will have a tendency to do still better results at the coming election. The people of Findlay and vicinity look upon Governor Campbell as true and loyal, and give him credit for bouncing the Cincinnati corruption crowd.

"During the past few days, and in fact ever since McKinley received the nomination, I have taken particular pains to inqure as to the feeling among the working classes. In almost every instance I find that McKinley is not looked upon as the coming man, and all whom I have talked to are free in expressing their views.

"I have never known a time in the history of Hancock county when the signs for a democratic victory were more propitious, and you may depend upon it that the voters from this district will roll up a round majority for James Campbell this fall."

"What are the republicans doing?"

"Well, that is a question that cannot be solved. They are not doing anything in the shape of forming an organization and seem to be walking around.

Dead on Their Feet.

"They are all mixed up on the McKinley issue, and instead of pulling their leader out of the dilema they make the matter still worse by agitating it. The republicans, and especially those who are employed in the various factories here, do not favor McKinley, and the leading manufacturers who have always been looked upon as prime movers in the party take very little, if any, interest at all in the affair. The union men, who, by the way, are strong here, will not vote for McKinley, and the farmers will throw aside the party harness and vote for democracy and tariff reform."

The Senatorship.

"Will Hancock county have a candidate for senatorial honors?"

"If there is no opposition I am of the opinion that Hon. David Joy, of this city, would accept. Of course he would not think of making the race with others in the field. In case Senator Ryan is not in the field, and next to Mr. Joy, Hancock county is decidedly in favor of Hon. Wm. Beatty, of Toledo. He has more friends in this county than any man I know of in Lucas county, and is looked upon as an honorable gentleman and staunch democrat.

Findlay Street Cars.

Residents here can now boast of as fine a street railway system as there is in the country. The system used is the Westinghouse, the same firm manufacturing the electrodes that sent the four men glimmering at Sing Sing yesterday. The motors all make excellent time and run to parts of the city which are thickly inhabited and which will still continue to grow by this recent enterprise. The citizens are becoming more and more progressive every year, and already the city of Findlay stands far above cities five times its size.

An Excellent Entertainment.

Last night at the Turner "Ingomar" was presented to a large and appreciative audience. The company consisted principally of local talent with Miss Cora Neilson as "Parthenia." Over half of the proceeds were donated to the old ladies' home.

They Wanted Him.

Some time ago Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Hollen left here for a visit in Germany, and upon arriving at their native land, were met with a reception that will not soon be forgotten. Mr. Hollen was arrested at his father's home and taken to prison where he was confined for 30 hours. It appears that when a young man, he left Germany to escape service in the army, and upon his return, the officials intended to send him back. Through the efforts of the U. S. consul Mr. Hollen was released and is now enjoying a pleasant visit.

Divorce Made Her Insane.

Elmira Starr, residing at Vanlue, 10 miles east of here, has become violently insane, and was yesterday committed to the Toledo asylum. Recently the unfortunate woman was divorced from her husband, and the matter preyed so upon her mind that insanity followed.

Personal Mention.

Sam Powell and W. F. Opp are in Pittsburg.

Miss Avora French gives a bonnet party to-night.

H. B. Pratt has returned from Marion, Indiana.

D. Rummell and wife have returned from Kenton.

Mrs. Minnie Winbigler has returned from Columbus.

James Rosser and wife will spend the summer in Bellaire.

R. F. Cahill, steward of the Toledo asylum, is visiting here.

Mrs. Dr. Terrell is entertaining Miss Kitty Ames, of Elyria.

Miss Amelia Zegier, of Wapokanetta, is Mrs. Henry Bohrer's guest.

Miss Alta Witten, of North Baltimore, is visiting friends in this city.

Bryant Harroun, Mansfield, is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. D. C. Cannel.

Mrs. H. H. Fassett and children are visiting relatives in Rising Sun, O.

Mrs. Fielding and children, of 626 Central avenue, are visiting at Kenton.

S. Bloomingdale, of the Star Clothing house, has returned from Cleveland.

Isaac Foucht and wife have returned from a visit with relatives in Upper Sandusky.

John W. Grimm is entertaining Rev. Joseph Grimm and family, of Belle Center, O.

S. F. Shaler will leave to-morrow for Philadelphia to spend a short time visiting relatives.

Miss Carrie Richards, who has been visiting in California for some time past, will return shortly.

Andrew Howard and sister, of Wheeling, W. Va., are visiting their uncle, Mr. Garrow, of Cary street.

NEWS FROM ERIE COUNTY

Burglars Alarming the Citizens of Sandusky.

Preparing for Reunions About to Be Held.

A Sad Accident at the Soldiers' Home—Cedar Point a Great Attraction—Miscellaneous Mention.

SANDUSKY, O., July 9.—(Special)—Petty thieving has been going on to quite an extent in our city for the past two weeks, and a number of residences have been entered. The store of John Bolton on Tiffin avenue was broken into and tobacco, cigars and other small articles taken. An effort was made to burglarize the hardware store of J. Mertz & Sons on West Washington street. The front door fastenings were broken but the burglars were unsuccessful in gaining an entrance.

Five thousand people were taken to Cedar Point Sunday on the steamers Hayes and Wehrle. The Brice club of Lima came in with an excursion of 300 people. The Unterstuetzungs Verein of Norwalk numbered 500 people and were accompanied by the Concordia band.

Grace Church quartet, consisting of Mrs Mary Robinson, Miss Ricca Wagner and Messrs. McFall and Talcott, will assist Mrs. E. C. Paine's M. E. Sunday school class at Port Clinton July 14 in giving a concert. Miss Stella Hadden will preside at the piano and Miss Olga Heiter and Miss Matie Robinson will render a number violin solos.

The annual reunion of the survivors of the One Hundred and Twenty-third Ohio regiment will be held at Cedar Point on Friday, July 24. It is expected that all the old veterans will be present to celebrate the day—and a rousing big campfire will be held in the evening.

The July term of the probate court is in session. Sixteen cases are on the docket.

Judge Beis has appointed a county board of elections as follows: Republicans, J. C. Brundage, Berlin Heights, one year; J. D. Parker, Bogart, two years. Democrats, Michael Doyle, Sandusky, one year; Christian Holhauser, Milan, two years.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Miller, of Wayne street, are entertaining their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gazlay, of Cincinnati.

The death of Mrs. Kate Wagner, wife of Mr. Otto W. Wagner, calls a large number of friends into grief, as she was very much beloved by all who knew her.

Prof. H. A. Balcom leaves for Salamanca, N. Y., in August, where he has accepted the superintendancy of schools, and Mrs. Balcom the principalship of the high school.

Rev. Geo. H. Peeke, of Cleveland, was in the city Monday en route to Lakeside, and called on many of his old parishioners.

Mr. J. S. Frederick, of Bowling Green, O., is visiting at the residence of his son, Mr. H. C. Frederick, Market street.

A terrible accident occurred at the Soldiers' home on the Fourth by the premature discharge of a cannon. Wm. Wiggins, one of the gun squad organized for the purpose of firing the cannon, was giving the task of swabbing out the gun and placing the powder in the cannon and driving it down.

The gun had been fired several times, and in the excitement Wiggins failed to use the swab, and the result was a premature discharge, blowing out both of Wiggins' eyes, burning and mutilating his face in a horrible manner.

Dr. Haynes, the attending physician, says that his patient has a very strong constitution, and there are some hopes for his recovery, but they are very slight.

The races on the fair ground on the Fourth for the benefit of Good Samaritan hospital, were not very largely attended, the proceeds amounting to only about $40.

The fire department was called out three times Saturday. Kunzman's carriage works were set on fire by the smouldering remains of a firecracker. An awning in front of the Bazar on Market street caught fire from a fire cracker, and a skyrocket fell upon the barn of W. F. Comeree, on Washington street.

The Great Western band gave a concert at the Soldiers' home recently which was greatly enjoyed by the old soldiers and the many friends that went out from the city.

Messrs. Gilcher, DeWitt & Woods' new restaurant opposite the street car depot is a handsome building.

The will has been admitted to probate of the late Dr. H. J. Donahoe, the wife, Emily A. Donahoe, being appointed guardian of J. F. and Faber Donahoe, children of the doctor, deceased.

Messrs. Callan & McKean, the contractors of the Short Line railroad, report over three miles graded. Twenty-eight teams are now at work, and ties and rails enough to build fifteen miles of road, will be delivered this month.

Last week Mr. L. M. Lea was presented with a handsome charm, on retiring from the office of chancellor commander, as a mark of appreciation of the work done by him while an incumbent of the office. Judge Geo. C. Beis made the presentation speech, Mr. Lea responding with feeling words thanking the Knights for the much appreciated gift.

A number of prominent glass manufacturers are interested in the patent plate glass polishing machine, invented by Mr. Geo. A. Marsh, Jr. Mr. Houze, a manufacturer of Fostoria, was in the city to examine the apparatus.

The Hornig property at the corner of Columbus avenue and Campbell street, has been purchased by Mr. Jacob Schlessman.

A bakers dozen of city prisoners are now developing their appetites and muscle on the stone pile, some of them having been given a diet of bread and water for refusing to work. Not enjoying this they were soon very glad to swing the hammer.

The new patrol wagon which conveys the prisoners to and from their labors has been christened the Ida, in honor of the first female occupant.

Sandusky may well be proud of her city parks, for never before have they looked as lovely, being lately beautified with additional flower beds, comfortable seats placed here and there for weary travelers to rest, and when the adornments of the park pagoda are finished it will be the pride of the public.

J. D. McFall has placed a tank of ice water in front of his store, not only for the benefit of his customers but the public at large.

John Schnab is the first mail carrier to take his summer vacation, 15 days being allowed each one.

Mrs. Edward Haylor's friends will be glad to learn that although she is very ill, her physician pronounced her somewhat easier Wednesday.

Capt. J. B. Keyes is quite ill at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Jennie White, of Washington street. His many friends will regret to hear of his failing health, and hope he will be as well as ever in the course of time.

Miss Kitty Keyes, of Cleveland, is the guest of Miss Mattie Rice, Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Lockwood arrived home from Chicago Tuesday, Mrs. Lockwood leaving Thursday for the eastern resorts.

Mr. Jay C. McFall, of Detroit, came down on the steamer Kirby Monday. A score of friends will regret to hear of his ill health.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Ellsworth and Mr. and Mrs. White, of Columbus, who are on their way to Mackinaw, stopped in Sandusky over Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Reeves, Columbus avenue, is entertaining Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Stevens, of Port Huron, Mich.

Mrs. C. C. Stoddard, son and daughter, of Decatur, Ill., are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Massey, Washington street.

Mr. W. B. Graham, of Cleveland, bookkeeper for the Corning Cold Storage Co., spent the Fourth and Sunday with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. P. F. Graham, Jackson street.

Mrs. Bosworth and daughter, Miss Anna and Miss Jessie Widner have returned from their visit in Cleveland.

Mrs. Julius Wagner's little son has been taken to a hospital in Cleveland to be treated for spinal disease.

Mr. John Irvine left for Cincinnati Sunday evening after spending the Fourth with his [illegible] [illegible]ilton street.

Mr. G[illegible] [illegible] Sunday for Mackinaw to attend the annual meeting of the Freight Agents' association.

Mr. L. A. Hine left for Toledo Saturday for a few days, previous to an extensive visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Post are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. Sylvia Brownell, of Cleveland.

Miss Marie Hubbard, of Central avenue, is entertaining Miss Laura Thorne, of Toledo.

Messrs. L. W. Lea and Alex Hubbard Sundayed at Put-in-Bay.

Mr. W. R. Zollinger and family, of Canton, were in the city this week, the guests of relatives and friends.

Mrs. G. D. Lervin left for Tiffin Saturday and will be the guest of Mrs. Lola Van Tine for about two weeks.

AN ELECTION BOARD.

It is Giving Wauseon No End of Trouble.

WAUSEON, July 9.—(Special.)—There has been no little difficulty experienced here by the Democratic Central committee in selecting two members for the election board. Last Saturday the republican executive committee recommended Isaac Springer and Alfred Shaffer for appointment: while the Democratic Central committee selected four, Ex-Sheriff Daniel Dowling, Ex-Auditor A. W. McConnell, Dr. J. A. Wilkins, and Mr. Rice, with instructions to the probate judge to select any two of the four names handed him.

The judge then appointed Messrs. Springer, Shaffer, Wilkins, and McConnell. On Monday the democratic committee met, and handed in to the judge the names of Mr. McConnell and Dowling, and asked that they be appointed. All went well until yesterday, and everyone supposed that the judge would withdraw his former appointment, and cater to the wishes of the committee—it being questioned whether or not he is not compelled to so do under the law.

Yesterday the doctor was up from Delta, and was closeted with the judge, after which the judge stated that his former appointment would hold. It is claimed that under the law the committe had till Monday to hand in the names, and that the first recommendation was invalid in that it should have specifically recommended two members. The question is somewhat knotty.

LATER—Dr. Wilkins went home last evening, Dowling appeared, and the judge appointed him and McConnell, and the same were forwarded to Columbus.

REBEL FLAGS TO BE VIEWED.

The War Department Takes an Important Step.

The Relics of the Rebellion to Be Placed on Exhibition in the National Museum.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—An order has been prepared at the war department directing that all the relics of the late civil war stored away in boxes, chests and other coverings in the big granite pile known as the war, state and navy department building shall be turned over to the national museum for public exhibition.

Gen. Grant, in discussing the matter today remarked: "Among other articles which will be surrendered to the museum authorities will be the pistol with which John Wilkes Booth assissinated President Lincoln, together with the fatal bullet which entered back of Mr. Lincoln's ear, and the battle flags which caused such a commotion during the administration of President Cleveland.

"These flags, it will be remembered, according to Mr. Cleveland's idea, should have been restored to the respective southern states from whose representatives they were taken.

"It has been determined, however, that the people should have a chance to see these relics instead of their being entombed in some underground closet or passageway, and in a short time they will be displayed at the museum, where they properly belong."

DAYTON'S GAS TO BE SHUT OFF.

The Supply Believed To Be Giving Out.

DAYTON, O., July 9.—The Natural Gas company has given notice that the supply will be entirely shut off from Dayton July 15, and belief is general that it will never be turned on again. Judge Dwyer, of this city, on whose farm in Mercer county the wells are located, says he fears the supply has been exhausted.

MARRIED PEOPLE ALARMED.

A Bogus Minister Has Been Tying the Knots.

A Suit for Divorce That May Cause Consternation in Many Happy Homes.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., July 9.—(Special) A sensation of no mean magnitude has been stirred up here over the plea set forth in a divorce case filed here yesterday. Ella Woodworth wants to be separated from Van Woodworth.

She was married by Rev. Albert Cusian in July, 1889, and declares that her marriage was illegal, as Cusian was not an ordained minister and had no authority to perform a marriage ceremony.

She blames Woodworth, claiming that he was aware of the facts, but whether he was aware or not has little bearing with the public in general, however.

Cusian was pastor of the United Brethren church here for over a year and was supposed to have been a full-fledged preacher. He performed numerous marriage ceremonies.

Should the above case be decided in favor of the plaintiff a score or more marriages will be decided illegal and herein is the cause for the sensation. The case will be watched with vast interest when it comes to trial.

They are for Campbell.

BRYAN, O., July 9.—(Special)—At a meeting of the central committee and a number of democrats of Williams county, a solid Campbell delegation was selected. The delegates are as follows: Emery Lattaimer, C. S. Shipley, John W. Nelson, Wm. M. Denman, O. J. Silliman and J. D. Rumsey. The alternates elected are as follows: Hon. Blair Haggerty, B. R. Willett, M. W. Burgoyne, C. G. Sweet, George Webber and R. F. Lamson.

There was no opposition to the governor's renomination here, and if nominated will run ahead of his ticket in the county. He is very strong with our farmers.

ASSAULTED BY A DRUNKARD

H. S. Hull and Son Have a Narrow Escape.

A Discharged Man Attempts to Get Revenge by Shooting His Employers Full of Holes.

WAUSEON, July 9.—(Special)—Word reached here last evening that H. S. Hull, president of the Mancelonia Dish company, of Mancelonia, Mich., and a resident of this city, had a very narrow escape from death at the hands of a drunken rowdy. His son Cary, aged 21, also had a close call.

It seems that the firm had just discharged a man for drunkenness, and while returning home Mr. Hull and son were met by this man who insisted upon talking, but the man being beastly drunk, Hull refused to have anything to do with him.

Without warning, the thug pulled a revolver and shot at Hull, the ball smashing his watch charm.

The brute then turned on Cary and shot him in the leg, and then shot Mr. Hull again, this time in the arm.

He was caught and lodged in jail.

PROGRESS ON THE FAIR.

Moses P. Handy on the Columbian Exposition.

The Promoter General is Enthusiastic on the Subject.

All Bickerings are at an End, the States are Getting in Line, and Foreign Countries are Greatly Interested.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Moses P. Handy and Benj. Butterworth took in Washington before starting for their tour of Europe in the interest of the world's fair. When asked what had been accomplished so far Mr. Handy replied that is was safe to say no exposition had ever been further advanced at the same period in its history.

"Contrary to the general impression," he continued, "it is a fact that those who know most what is going on are most impressed with the idea that it will be the greatest of world's fairs. The differences which cropped out for a time, but which were exaggerated, no longer exist. The matter of money is of course a prime consideration, and the funds are in a very satisfactory condition. The percentage of non-payment of subscriptions has been almost insignificant, and where there have been such failures they have been, as a rule, small subscriptions, aggregating considerable, perhaps, in number, but trifling in amount. There has been an average of nearly $1,000,000 in the treasury for the month past, which is a larger amount than was in the hands of the management of any exposition until it was well under way.

"Then there is now perfect harmony between the various boards, and the last six months has seen a great deal of hard work. The directors of the Illinois corporation are working without fee on the hope of financial reward, and have given the exposition almost as much attention as men would their private business. The members of the national committee, and particularly the board of control, have always been ready for work, and their advice has been invaluable.

"Director General Davis has been in the saddle for considerably more than six months, and nearly one-half of the 16 great departments into which the administration work is divided are now in full working order. The extent of the national interest in the enterprise is shown in the fact that over $2,000,000 have been appropriated by several states for state exhibits, with quite a number of states to hear from."

In reply to a query regarding the attitude of the press, Mr. Handy observed that the national interest was also manifested in this way.

"They are almost entirely," he continued, "favorable toward the fair. Some of the papers still have their fun at the expense of Chicago, and in New York there remains some skepticism, based partly on perversity, partly on prejudice, but chiefly on ignorance. Those eastern newspapers which have had the enterprise to send men to Chicago to see for themselves and tell the truth about what they saw are now, without exception, confident of the success of the exposition and the ability of Chicago to redeem all her promises.

"As to the foreign outlook, it may be said that no nation that ever took part in an international exposition has declined to be represented at Chicago, and some which have never exhibited before will take part in this. The foreign press is now full of news, and facts and fancies about what is to be done at Chicago, whereas six months ago hardly a friendly or hopeful word was heard from any foreign newspaper."

Speaking of the result of the recent visit of the diplomatists, he said:

"These gentlemen did us the honor to visit Chicago and make a personal inspection of the city, the plans and the grounds of the exposition. Without exception, so far as I am informed, and I have heard from most of them, directly or indirectly, they came away full of faith in the magnificent success of the enterprise, and in a number of cases I know they have so reported to their home governments.

"The working plans of nearly alll buildings were completed long ago, and in a number of cases the contracts for buildings have been let. The grounds have been put in order, and in this a large number of men have been employed for some months. This week actual construction of several buildings begins, and within thirty days there will probably be between 10,000 and 15,000 men at work. The department of construction pushed its work, and is on time to the minute. The buildings will be the finest ever seen at any international exposition.

"The designs were intrusted to ten of the best architects in this or any other country, each one of whom received an honorarium of $10,000. Every one of them had been to Paris and knew exactly what they had to beat. The result is a masterpiece in any case. We are taking with us to Europe perspective views of some of these buildings and a colored picture of the exposition as it will appear in its entirety. The extent of this fair can hardly be realized by one who has not given the subject more attention than the casual reading of newspaper reports. The flooring alone will occupy more space than has been occupied by the entire grounds of any other exposition, and will be three times as large as the flooring at Paris. The building devoted to manufactures and the liberal arts, which fronts directly on Lake Michigan, will be one-third of a mile long and nearly a mile in circumference. Of course this is much the largest building, but you can judge from its dimensions of the proportions of the enterprise generally."

The other members of the commission going abroad are Judge William Lindsay, ex-chief justice of Kentucky; Hon. A. G. Bullock, of Massachusetts, a man of great wealth and accomplishments and distinguished as a patron of the arts; Mr. Ford W. Peck, founder of the auditorium enterprise of Chicago; Gov. Waller, of Connecticut, and Hon. Carl Schurz will join the party later. Of the party there will also be Mr. J. W. Butler, of Pennsylvania, one of the commission of treasury officials appointed by Secretary Foster, who will enlighten exhibitors with reference to the customs duties and the treasury regulations generally. Gen. Grosvenor and Prof. Ellis, of Oberlin university, have already sailed. The expenses of Messrs. Butterworth and Lindsay will be paid by the local directory; the others by the general government.

This commission goes in response to a general request from abroad for some one of the officials of the exposition to put themselves in direct communication with the authorities of several of the leading governments. It is proposed to gain the fullest possible information as to plans, prospects, and progress. Although the press has given general information, this commission will be able to speak more specifically and authoritatively upon those matters relating to the space assigned to foreign exhibitors, the manner of shipment, governmental regulations, transportation from the seaboard to Chicago, the protection of patents, the applicability of contract labor laws, and all such questions that may arise.

No itinerary has been agreed upon, but it will include such large capitals as London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Brussels, St. Petersburg, Stockholm, and Copenhagen. The officers must return by September, but others will go to Constantinople, Athens, Rome, and other large cities.

Jews for Argentine Republic.

VIENNA, July 9.—At a conference to-day between Baron Hirsch's representatives and others interested it was agreed to turn the tide of Jewish emigration toward the Argentine Republic. The Palestine scheme was decided to be impracticable.

The Queen Must See It First.

LONDON, July 9.—Truth says the queen has stipulated that the kaiser's speech at Guild hall next Friday in reply to the address of welcome shall be written out and submitted to the queen for approval.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NONE SUCH CONDENSED Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD received at all Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness, and convenience to housekeepers.

Each Package contains material for two large pies. Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.

[illegible] & SOULE, Syracuse, N. Y.

Can You Believe It?

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail to

Carter's LITTLE LIVER Pills!

We know it is hard to believe, and yet it is true, that every day, persons who ask for CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, have handed out to them something which looks like C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S, and yet is not.

They are put up in a RED wrappers, and they closely imitate "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S" in general appearance. But it is a fraud!!!

The unsuspecting purchaser, who wants CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because he knows their merit, and is sure of their virtues, goes home with a fraud and imitation in his pocket.

HEED THE WARNING.

Don't be deceived and do not be imposed upon with an imitation of what you want. You want CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, because you know their value and their merit. THEY NEVER FAIL.

When you go to buy a bottle of CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, ask for "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S," be sure you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S," and take nothing but the genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A Positive Cure for Sick Headache.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

Sura Cura

ROBINSON'S SURE CURE

—FOR—

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

And remedy for diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. An antidote for MALARIA. Price 50c and $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send for circular.

R. W. ROBINSON & SON,
134 GREENWICH ST., NEW YORK.

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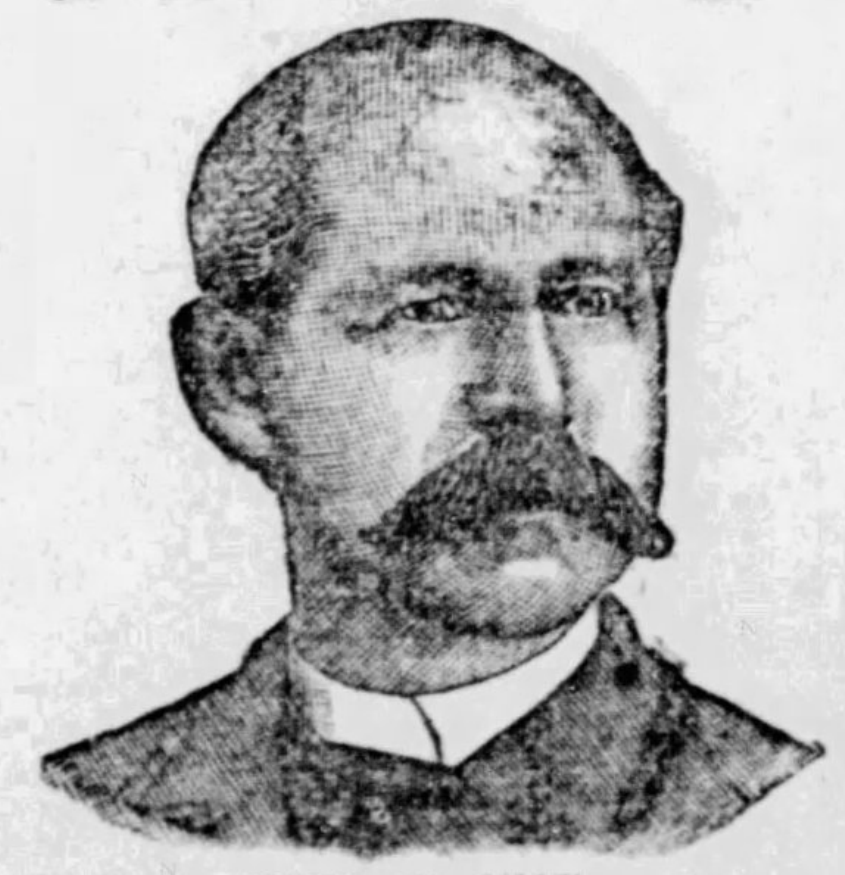
Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, same grade as custom made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish, equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass

Huronia Beach
for prospectus write
Marcus Young
Port Huron Mich.

CAPE MAY:
Hotel Lafayette, Cape May, N. J.
OPEN MAY 30.
John Tracy & Co. Owners and Proprietors.
Directly on the beach; complete in every department; thoroughly renovated and supplied with the latest improved passenger elevator. Address John Tracy, prop'r, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or to Cape May.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
ASBURY PARK, N. J.
WILL OPEN JUNE 13, 1891
THEO. OVES PROP'R.

GRAND VIEW HOTEL
WEISBEACH, ONT., CANADA.

Beautifully situated at the foot of Lake Huron, in full view of all ships passing in and out of the River St Clair. Thoroughly refitted and enlarged since last season.

BOATING, BATHING, FISHING, TENNIS AND CROQUET

SEINE FISHING DAILY IN FRONT OF HOTEL

This beautiful resort is within two miles of Sarnia and Port Huron, and of easy access to all railway and steamer lines. Terms moderate. J. VAN WYCK, Manager.

D. WEIS, Prop., Sarnia, Ont.

HOTEL GRANDE POINT, Grande Point St. Clair Co., Mich.

An elegant new Hotel, just across the river from Algonac. Every room a water front. Excellent water works, affording purest water. Perfect drainage. Every modern convenience. Finest bathing beach on the St. Clair river. Fresh milk and vegetables from the adjoining farm. Rates $2.50 per day. Special rates by week or month. Reached via Toledo and Detroit and "Star Cole" and "Red Star" line steamers daily. Leave Toledo at 5:35 a. m. on M. C., connecting with Detroit boat at 9 a.m. Dinner at Grande Point. Toledo docks foot of Jefferson st., Detroit docks foot of Griswold street. J. S. BRUBAKER, Proprietor.

PLEASANT GROVE HOTEL
ON THE SOUTH SHORE OF DEVIL'S LAKE.
E. H. Imerson, Prop. - - - Geneva, Mich.

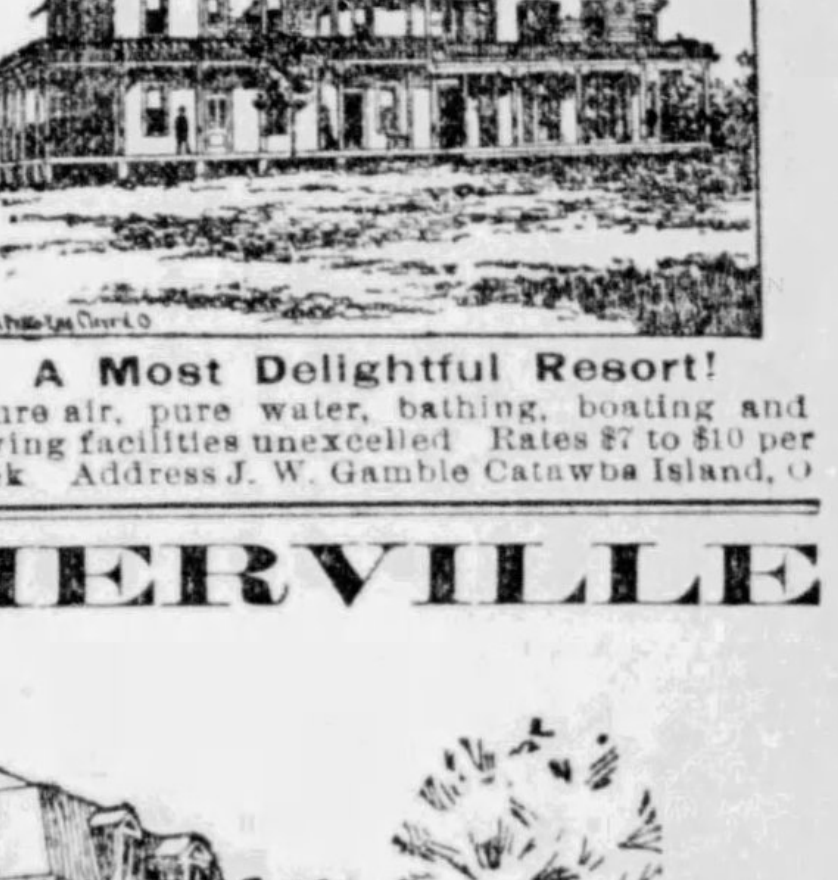
STEAMER FLORA
Connects with all trains on the C J & M. Carries all guests free to the hotel. Rowing, sailing, boating and dancing.

"THE WINDERMERE,"
GRATIOT BEACH.
The most popular resort on the lakes enlarged and remodeled. For rates write J. O. West, Manager,
FORT GRATIOT, MICH.

"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

Put-in-Bay House!
Put-in-Bay Island, O.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
A new house delightfully located with fine view of the bay. Convenient to steamboat landing. Terms: $2 and $2.50 per day; $12 to $14 per week. Cuisine unsurpassed.
MRS. A. BALBRIDGE,
Formerly of "The Carlisle," the leading family hotel of Cincinnati.

THE WARD
Summer Resort Hotel,
FORMERLY THE HUNKER,
Remodeled and Refurnished.
J. B. WARD, PROP'R,
Put-in-Bay Island. Lake Erie, Ohio.
First-Class Livery in Connection.



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Pure air, pure water, bathing, boating and driving facilities unexcelled Rates $7 to $10 per week Address J. W. Gamble Catawba Island, O

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A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESORT,
Situated on the banks of the beautiful Saint Clair River.
RATES, $2.00 PER DAY.
SPECIAL RATES TO FAMILIES.
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Try a Sample Order of our
El Fronda 5c Cigar!

It is hand made, clear long Havana filler, selected Sumatra wrapper, and we think superior to any thirty-five dollar cigar in the market. We guarantee this cigar to please, and with each five hundred order we will send you a large display banner to advertise them to your trade.

Berdan & Co.

SMOKE RATS CIGAR!
LONG HAVANA FILLER
Berger, Burdick & Co
Equal to the Majority of 10 Cent Cigars
Mnfrs., Detroit, Mich.

EAT
Reception Flakes!
MADE BY THE
WORTS, KIRK & BIGELOW BAKERY.

Ely's Cream Balm For
CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

RED HOT TUG WAR

Between the Association and the White Stars.

Towing Rates Gone to Smash for This Season.

The Bar Below Goose Point—Tug Farragut Sold—June Traffic at the Soo Canal—General and Local Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the war department weather map. Observations taken at 8 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Wind. Vel.	State of We'r.
Oswego	30.10	58	N	8	clear
Buffalo	30.16	68	N	6	clear
Cleveland	30.22	64	NE	lt	clear
Toledo	30.18	68	N	lt	clear
Port Huron	30.28	66	N	8	clear
Alpena	30.28	56	NW	6	clear
Green Bay	30.24	54	SW	lt	clear
Milwaukee	30.30	60	NE	lt	clear
Grand Haven	30.28	60	N	6	clear
Chicago	30.28	66	E	lt	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30.28	54	W	lt	clear
Marquette	30.24	62	W	6	clear
Duluth	30.26	58	NE	lt	clear

Lake Region forecasts: For western New York and Ohio—Fair till Saturday morning; stationary temperature; warmer to-morrow; variable winds.

For Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair; warmer; wind becoming south.

The Tug War.

Red-handed war is now fairly on between the tugs of the association and Schenck's White Star Line. The fight is a relentless one and no quarter is given, consequently from now on, anything like rates will be a myth and tons of coal will be burned for the simple pleasure of seeing it go up the smoke stack.

When navigation opened this season a truce was made between all the harbor tugs, except the Schenck, and a close association was formed, with Sullivan & Hubbard as agents, for the purpose of holding rates and saving fuel. This association included the tugs Roy, A. Andrews, jr., Birckhead, J. S. Spinney, W. H. Doan, Mary A. Green and the William Rooney.

Until a week ago the association tugs held on to rates and worked together in good shape, notwithstanding that the big tug Schenck was outside and could run faster and tow for less than any of them.

However, when Mr. Schenck brought two more tugs here from Chicago, the F. S. Butler and the Uncle Sam, it put a different face on affairs. Schenck's tugs formed the White Star line, and beside the tugs already mentioned the little Alice formed an alliance with them and gets a share of the White Star work when the others are busy.

The war then opened in earnest and the tugs of both sides are towing for what they can get. Besides this they are running for outside after tows, and sometimes a tug will be outside for several days, burning tons of coal, only to come in with a half price tow. All this is knocking the profits of the tugs sky high, while the vessel men are wearing a large sized smile at the reduced rates.

The tugs now in the association were at war among themselves last season, and it is estimated that the rate cutting saved to the vessel owners $15,000 during the season. This taken from the earnings of eight or nine tugs shows that such a thing as profit is out of the question.

The war this season is even more desperate than that of last year, and there are stronger forces on both sides, and each seems determined to run the other out.

A Bad Bar.

The bar in the river from Goose Point down to Adams street, near the wharves on the west side of the river, still continues to be a source of annoyance to vessels and is an obstruction to navigation that should be removed by the city. At ordinary stage of the river there is not more than about eleven feet of water on this bar, and loaded vessels of any size cannot make the docks at this place.

The bar and Goose point seriously interfere with the entrance of Swan creek, and almost every day vessels ground here, causing much expense and delay, the total of which in a single season would almost pay for the dredging. The dock owners along here say they are willing to dredge one cut along the bar, if the city will dredge two.

This would be sufficiently wide, and Harbor Master Skeldon, who is a practical dredge man, can superintend the work for the city and thus save the cost of an inspector, besides insuring that the work will be properly done. The attention of the city council is called to this matter, and it is to be hoped that some action will be taken.

Tug Farragut Sold.

The tug Farragut, which has been tied up this summer, was sold this morning by the sheriff to Harbor Master Skeldon for $500. Capt. Skeldon will repair the boat and put her in the dredge business.

Massasoit Released.

The schooner Massasoit, which grounded in the Zoo river yesterday was pulled off by the Steamer Panther, without damage. Captain Charles Hubbard says that it was not necessary to send relief to her. She passed up the canal at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and will be in Ashland to-night.

A Handy Appliance.

A very ingenious device for steering after a steamer in thick foggy weather has been adopted by Captain Ed. Hewitt in the whaleback tow barge 105. He claims that it saves a great deal of ware on the tow line, strain on the forward end of a vessel, and time in making a trip.

The appliance, succinctly described, consists of a quadrant located on the line of the keel and in a convenient range to the wheelsman. In the center of the quadrant small red and white lamps are hung one over the other and shaded so that they do not show forward of three points abaft the beam on either side. A hook is then turned in on the bight of a piece of log line stuff about twenty fathoms long and attached to the tow line; the ends are brought in on each side and made fast to the opposite arms of the quadrant.

When the steamer is directly ahead the range lights are vertical, and when the tow line trends to port or starboard the red or green sight light shows the angle.—Marine Record.

June Traffic Through the Sault Canal.

Lake traffic, as indicated by the record of the passage of vessels and freight tonnage passing through the Sault Ste. Marie ship canal and lock, is increasing very rapidly, and if it continues in the same proportion for the balance of the season it will be equal to, if not greater, than for the season of 1890. The action of the vessel owners in not starting out until May 15 and the depression in the iron ore market made it look as though there was going to be a great shortage in traffic for the season of 1891, as compared with the season of 1890, but during the last half of June the increase has been very rapid, and the traffic for June is as follows:

JUNE, 1891.

No. of lockages	727
No. of passages	1,512
Registered tonnage	1,125,055
Freight tonnage	1,234,211
No. of passengers	4,066

This shows a very good business, but it is not up to the mark for June, 1890, which is as follows:

No. of lockages	783
No. of passages	1,752
Registered tonnage	1,377,793
Freight tonnage	1,413 001
No. of passengers	2,869

It will be seen that comparing June, 1891, with June, 1890, there is a shortage in the number of vessels locked through of 240, in the registered tonnage of 252,738 tons, and of actual freight tonnage 878,790 tons. There is an increase in the number of passengers for June, 1891, over June, 1890, of 1,197.—Detroit Free Press.

Scow Sunk.

SANDUSKY, July 9.—Yesterday while the scow Hero, commanded by Capt. Amos Fetterly, was en route from Kelly's island to Ward's canal, she was struck by a sudden puff a short distance from Green island and went over so far that she filled and sank.

The steamer American Eagle chanced to be near by and rescued the crew. The scow, which was light, went down bow first and the mainmast and stern are above the surface of the water, which at that point is about thirty feet deep.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Prop John C Gault, Buffalo, mdse.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.

CLEARED.

Stmr J Pridgeon, Jr, Buffalo, grain and mdse.
Schr Magnet, Detroit, 400 tons coal.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Schr S H Dunn, Kingston, 26,000 cubic feet oak timber.

Snags.

The schooner C. C. Barnes left this morning.

The barge Magnet, coal laden, left this morning.

No vessels are loading at the Ironville docks to-day.

The steamer Egyptian is expected in to-day to load coal.

The steamer Wilson takes a party to Cedar Point this afternoon.

The schooners Queen of the Lakes and Josephine left this morning.

The steamer Arizona left this morning, being piloted out by the tug Green.

The steamer Gladstone arrived this morning to load coal at the Ohio Central.

The schooner Plymouth was towed outside by the tug Butler yesterday afternoon.

The Magnolia street wharf is being repaired to-day under Harbor Master Skeldon's orders.

The barge O. J. Hale, loaded with coal at Ironville, left this morning in tow of the tug McRae.

The barge 104 has unloaded her cargo of iron ore and is loading coal at the Ohio Central.

The steamer Spenser and consort B. L. Pennington arrived this morning to load coal at the Hocking.

The northeast gale having subsided the dredges returned to work on the straight channel to-day.

The schooner Dunn, loaded with ship timber, left this morning. She was towed to the lake by the tug Spinney.

The tug Schenck returned this morning from Detroit, where she was in dry dock yesterday having her bottom painted.

The rusty barrel of an ancient musket was dug up in the bay the other day by one of Rooney's dredges. It is evidently a relic of Indian times.

The barge Magnet was transferred from Kelsey & Freeman's to the Hocking dock by the tug Uncle Sam, yesterday afternoon, where she is loading coal.

The steamer City of Toledo made better time yesterday than any previous trip. She came up the river very fast and the suction caused by her passage caused the big steambarge J. C. Lockwood to break all the lines holding that vessel fast to the Hocking dock.

The steamer Burt is being rebuilt and converted into a tug at Bay City for Clark, Quick & Co., of Sandusky. She was purchased from H. E. Bristol, of East Tawas. This is the boat the managers of which attempted to make arrangements this spring to run between Toledo and Perrysburg. The deal fell through, however, and the boat was sold.

The Lake Carriers' association does not seem likely to come to an understanding on the report of the committee on uniform rules for navigating narrow passages. Vessel owners are afraid of additional rules to which they are pledged. Cases may arise where they would come in conflict with government regulations and if a captain were to get into trouble by either following or violating the rules it might prejudice his case in court. The effort to reconcile the various views has not, however, been given up.

THE GANG IS IN CONTROL.

Foraker Rules the Day in Republican Ranks.

The Tin Soldier Defeated at Every Turn in the Organization of the Campaign Machine.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—The republican state central committee met here yesterday and spent nearly four hours in wrangling over the selection of an executive committee. At the end the slate prepared by the Foraker contingent, went through without a break.

The first contest was over the choice of a secretary. The McKinley men, ashamed of their truckling to the Foraker faction in allowing Joe Smith to be thrown overboard, attempted to defeat W. S. Mathews for the secretaryship.

They presented the name of Prof. LeRoy M. Avery, of Cleveland, as a compromise candidate. He was championed by W. E. Cubber, of Cleveland and Judge King, chairman of the central committee.

The latter is a stanch friend of McKinley and insisted upon having Mr. Avery for secretary, but it was "no go," and Mr. Matthews was elected on the first ballot.

Then the work of selecting the committee was taken up, George W. Sinks, of Columbus, being made treasurer. The others composing the executive committee are: General Asa S. Bushnell, of Springfield; Dr. J. E. Lowes, Dayton; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; M. R. Patterson and C. D. Firestone, Columbus; George Feild, Toledo; S. Wilson, Ironton; Julius Whiting, jr., Canton; and Harry B. Morehead, Cincinnati. At least seven of the committeemen are recognized Foraker men, and will largely direct the movements of the McKinley campaign.

Sid Purcell, of the Hocking county district, made a fight to have ex-Congressman Thompson, of Gallia county, an anti-Foraker man, placed on the committee, but his man was badly beaten, in consequence of which Mr. Purcell and a few of his followers were in a towering rage.

They insist that the committee was packed against the candidate for governor, who was allowed the selection of one member—Julius Whiting of Canton.

Ex-Congressman Thompson, who was defeated for a place on the ticket, trains with the Sherman-Grosvenor of the party, and to this fact is due his failure to secure the place.

All the districts except the fifth were represented, and several of the minor candidates were here and made an effort to have their friends placed on the ticket. Mr. Richards, the candidate for attorney general, who led the fight against Joe Smith with the assistance of Foraker at the Canton conference, was the only one to be recognized. He was allowed to name S. Wilson, of Ironton. Harrison, the alleged farmer candidate for lieutenant governor, desired a representative on the committee, but he was left out, as was Mr. Groce, the candidate for member of the board of public works.

Seal Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The state department has selected Prof. T. C. Mendenhall and Prof. C. Hart Merriam as American commissioners to examine the condition of seal fisheries in Bering sea. They will sail from Port Townsend, Wash., on the United States steamship Marion as soon as she receives her final instructions to revenue cutters and naval vessels now in the sea.

Dow Tax.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—(Special)—Dow tax settlements made to-day with the auditor of state were: Cuyahoga county, 2,249 saloons; total collections, $238,572; Paulding, 47 saloons, collections $4,416; Fairfield, 40 saloons, collections $4,955; Madison, 48 saloons, collections $4,841; Jefferson, 121 saloons, collections $14,053; Ross, 34 saloons, collections $9,791.

Two Men Drowned.

SANDUSKY, O., July 9.—Henry Kek, a saloon-keeper of this city, and Joseph Braunlich, of Cleveland, went out from here Tuesday in a small boat to fish. They failed to return, and a search instituted for them resulted in finding the bodies of both men on the shore of the bay east of town. Kek leaves a wife. Braunlich was a single man.

The C., M. & R.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—(Special)—The Cincinnati & Michigan Railway company, with headquarters at Van Wert, was incorporated to-day. The capital stock is $10,000 and the road will extend from Franklin, Warren county, to a point in Williams county, where the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw railroad crosses the state line.

Paroles Granted.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—(Special)—The penitentiary managers to-day granted paroles to Josep Deuckenbrod, of Stark county, two years for burglary and larceny, and to Charles Marriott, of Belmont, three and a half years for grand larceny.

PLACED IN QUICK LIME.

The Dead Murderers Have Been Buried.

Their Bodies Will Soon Be Beyond the Reach of Human Investigation.

SING SING, N. Y., July 9.—Warden Brown, of Sing Sing prison, closed the last chapter in the famous electrocution sensation by burying the bodies of Jugigo, Slocum and Wood side by side in the prison cemetery on the hill just outside the prison walls yesterday.

At 12 noon the remnant of Smiler's body was placed in an express wagon and driven to the depot, where the box containing the coffin and remains was transferred to the 1:30 p. m. train for New York. The remains of Smiler will be buried in Woodlawn cemetery.

What was left of the bodies of Slocum, Jugigo and Wood were gathered up and, nude as when born, placed in rude pine coffins. Before the flesh was placed in the wooden boxes a bushel of quick lime was thrown into each of the receptacles.

On top of the quick lime the remains of the dead were placed, and on top of the remains more quicklime was spread. The boxes were then lowered into the grave which had been dug for them by the convicts early this morning.

The earth was then shoveled in upon the boxes and the graves leveled off so that no traces should be left of them.

There were no religious ceremonies performed as the law prohibits any such demonstration. As soon as the bodies were removed from the morgue convicts were at once set to work cleaning up the death chamber and putting it in order for the next electrocution.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who Are Hustled for Time.

A Spontaneous Combustion.

About 8 o'clock last evening fire broke out in the paint shop of L. King, at Auburndale. It was due to spontaneous combustion. The damage amounted to $1,500; insurance $1,000.

The Journal Must Be Read.

Judge Sala this morning ordered that hereafter the journal of the police court should be read upon the opening of each session of the court. For some time this has been neglected, but will now go into effect again.

Farmer Boy Duped.

Carl Barshoff, a young German farmer boy, was robbed of $23 on the night of July 4th by James Zigler, who succeeded in getting him drunk and then took him to a room to sleep where he relieved him of $23. Zigler was arrested and could make no excuse in police court this morning, hence was fined $75 and given 30 days in the work house.

We Were Cut Down 10 Per Cent.

Auditor Vortride received a communication from the state board of equalization to-day, stating that the valuation of 20 per cent. increase had been reduced 10 per cent. by the committee. This report is yet to be considered by the board, but it is very probable that no further change will be made.

Police Court Room Ordered Cleared.

Judge Sala this morning ordered the bailiff to clear the police court of all idlers, and in the future to allow no one to remain in the room who could not find a place to sit down. The crowd of toughs and idlers which gather in the rear of the room has for a long time been a nuisance, and the new order will be hailed with delight.

Horses Dropping As If Shot.

A number of horses fell as if shot this morning on Summit street on stepping on the tracks over which cars have just passed. None of them was seriously injured. It is thought that there is insufficient insulation. The condition of affairs is dangerous for the public, and should be remedied as soon as possible.

Four Rigs Smashed.

This morning quite a runaway occurred on Summit street. Dr. Thorn's horse was standing at the curb hitched, when becoming frightened at an electric car, he broke away and dashed down the street. In front of Eaton's store he ran into three other rigs and the four horses were piled up in a struggling mass. All the carriages were more or less damaged.

The Pavers' Trouble Still Unsettled.

The trouble between the pavers and Contractor Streicher on the St. Clair street contract is evidently not settled. At noon to-day City Engineer Wickenden was called to examine some of the pavement, which was ready to tar, and it is likely he will order that a portion of it be taken up and relaid. It is also stated that the matter of calling off all union men employed will be considered at a meeting to be held to-night.

Will Get A Dividend To-morrow.

Secretary W. T. Walker, of the Masonic Temple association, will to-morrow issue orders for the three per cent dividend to shareholders recently ordered by the directors. The Masonic bodies interested will receive the following amounts: Rubicon lodge, 80 shares, $240; Toledo lodge, 74 shares, $222; Fort Meigs chapter, 61 shares, $183; Toledo Council, 10 shares, $30; Toledo Commandery, 5 shares, $15; Sanford L. Collins lodge, 1 share, $3; A. and A. rite, 1 share, $3.

The Hotel Victory at Put-in-Bay.

About forty carpenters, who were at work on Hotel Victory, were paid their wages and asked to quit work on Tuesday night. The men belong in Fremont, Leamington and this city. Messrs. A. Feick & Brother have completed their first contract on the hotel, and it is said that their second contract has been partially completed, but they are required to run a smaller force for a short time on account of a lack of material or guarantee funds.—Sandusky Register, 9th.

She Was Bitten in the Arm.

A damage suit somewhat out of the usual line was filed in common pleas court to-day. The action was instituted by Anna Stump against Edith Morlock, to recover $5,000 damages for injuries received by being bitten by the defendant.

The plaintiff alleges that on April 22, 1891, Edith Morlock, without cause or provocation, viciously bit her arm, badly lacerating and poisoning the same. She avers she was made sick and confined to her bed for a long time and was compelled to spend over $100 for medical attendance.

Judge Sala Sits on an Ordinance.

Judge Sala this morning decided that a part of a city ordinance was defective. Section 2669 of the revised statutes of the state of Ohio makes certain exceptions in regard to agents of foreign companies selling goods in other cities, either by sample or taking orders without first having to take out a license. In the city ordinance relating to peddling no such exception is made, and Judge Sala declared that part of the ordinance was illegal and discharged Wm. Judkins, of the American Zither company, of Boston, who had been arrested for violating the license ordinance.

Settled With the Y. M. C. B. A.

Yesterday the insurance adjustors of the Wade building and its contents settled with the Young Men's Catholic Benevolent association for the damage to the hall. The association was awarded $545.50, which will cover all the losses. All the furniture of the hall was turned over to the association. Efforts are being made by the board of trustees to secure new quarters, and the Pythian temple, Damon hall, the Blade building and other establishments are being looked over with a view to securing a desirable location. Most of the tenants who rented under the association have procured quarters elsewhere.

Death of Rev. John Poucher.

Word was received in the city this morning of the death yesterday of Rev. John Poucher at West Unity. Mr. Poucher was well known in Toledo, having served as pastor of several of the Methodist churches, going from the West Toledo charge to West Unity to accept the appointment of Postmaster. The deceased entered the Central Ohio conference in 1857, and was among its oldest members. He traveled through this part of the country when it was largely a wilderness. At the breaking out of the war Mr. Poucher enlisted in the Union army, and was a faithful chaplain. The funeral will be held on Saturday.

An Old Railroader Is No More.

John N. Schulz, an old and respected citizen of Toledo, died last evening at his home on Champlain street. Mr. Schulz came to Toledo in 1853 from Germany and has lived in the city since that time. He has been employed in the freight department of the D. & M. for 30 years, and was familiarly known as "Old Cap." He has been ill for nine weeks, and about three weeks ago an operation was performed on his right leg, from the effects of which he did not recover. He leaves a wife, four sons and three daughters to mourn his loss. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon from the family residence on Champlain street.

A Divorce Wanted.

In common pleas court Hannah E. Paselk filed proceedings for a divorce from her husband, Jacob Paselk. The plaintiff charges extreme cruelty and habitual drunkenness. She states that before her marriage with her present husband she was the widow of Thomas T. Allrell, who, prior to his death, had been a United States soldier, and as such widow she received $321 pension. This money was paid to her after she was married to Paselk, and was invested in a home in this city, the title being in the husband's name. She asks that he be restrained from disposing of or interfering in any way with her possession of the same. Judge Harmon granted a temporary injunction.

Visiting Committee Appointed.

The county commissioner to-day appointed the following committee to visit the Children's home: Mrs. Julia R. Seney, three years; Mrs. Anna E. Howe, two years; Mrs. Eliza Van Rensaller, one year.

Bids Received by Natural Gas Trustees.

The committee on city plant of the natural gas trustees met this morning, and received a proposition from the directors of the workhouse, who desire to secure gas. The trustees will consider the application favorably, on condition that the workhouse people advance the money, which will probably be done at a meeting this afternoon.

Bids were also received for pipe from the following concerns: Shicke, Harrison & Howard Iron company, St. Louis; Pennsylvania Tube works, Pittsburg; The Hazen company, Cincinnati; the Chester Pipe and Tube company, Philadelphia; Oil City Tube company, Pittsburg; The Addyston Pipe and Steel company, Cincinnati; the American Iron and Tube company, Pittsburg. The bids will be considered at the gas trustees' session to-night.

AGRICULTURE OF OHIO.

Report of the State Board for July.

The Weather and the Crops Reviewed for the Benefit of the Farmers and Merchants.

COLUMBUS, July 9.—(Special)—The report of the state board of agriculture on the condition of crops and live stock July 1, 1891, is out this afternoon and contains much of interest. The following report showing the percentage, condition or prospect of crops and live stock, July 1, 1891, is estimated from the reports of the regular township crop correspondents. The estimates for the area of corn and potatoes are by percentage comparisons with the area of last year. The estimates for condition or prospect of the various crops and live stock are by comparison with a full average condition:

	Per cent.
Wheat, condition	97
Barley, condition	92
Oats, condition	80
Corn, area	99
Corn, condition	92
Corn, damage by cut worms	1 5-10
Corn, damage by white grub worms	5-10
Clover, average product per acre	1¼ tons
Clover, quality	87
Clover, damage by white grub worm	1
Potatoes, area	102
Potatoes, condition	95
Timothy, condition	87
Pastures, condition	95
Horses, condition	94
Colts, number	93
Cattle, condition	95
Calves, number	90
Wool, clip compared with last five years' average	97

The weather during the month of June has been as remarkable for the heavy and frequent rains as the month of May was for its unbroken drought and frequent heavy frosts. The abnormally heavy growth of wheat as reported May 1, was checked, and the adage "a cool May for wheat" has been illustrated. Though twelve counties report damage to the wheat crop by the frosts of May 16 and 17, as many other counties have reported that the cool dry weather of May was a benefit to the crop. For some reason, either from frost, drought or storm, there is a general complaint that the heads are short and not well filled. This shortage is perhaps made good by the increased number of heads per acre, as a result of a remarkable stooling or tillering of wheat in the earlier growth of the plants. The straw crop is immense. There is a singular absence of rust and smut in view of the frequent rains of June, attended by rapid growth and warm weather. Nine counties only report rust or smut, and in no case is it reported as severe or damaging.

In some districts the opinion prevails that the heavy rains and wind during the time wheat was in bloom is the cause of its not filling out well. The kernel is generally plump, but the heads are not above medium in length and over large areas they are not filled to the tip, and there are too frequently two kernels abreast where under average conditions there would be three. The wheat is generally in shock and some threshing has been done. From all that we can learn at this date we are confirmed in the report of May 1, that we have an average good crop of wheat. The month of June has been as favorable for the growth of oats as the month of May was unfavorable.

With a few more days of favorable weather the oats in the northern part of the state promise a fair average crop, while the southern half will be short.

The corn has good color even where it is weedy. As a rule the stand is good, and drilled corn is weedy, while checked is clean and promising. Prior to harvest the weather was unfavorable for working the corn and that on clay or undrained lands is weedy and grassy.

The outlook for potatoes is encouraging. The growth during the month of June has been so vigorous as to defy the bugs, which thrive best in dry weather. The tubers are large enough to use in many places, and the high price and scarcity of old potatoes will lead to extensive inroads on the growing crop.

The dry, cold weather in May checked the growth of meadows so the crop will not come up to a good average. Clover hay crop will be short for same reason. It is also weedy, which interferes with curing and reduces quality. The drouth of May destroyed a large per cent. of the late sowing of clover, and farmers will in many cases put such fields back to wheat again; to the derangement of their rotation.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARIES.

Where They Will Be Held and Who Will Supervise.

The democratic primaries for the election of delegates to the democratic state convention will be held Saturday from 4 to 8 p. m. The following places have been designated in which to hold the election, as are also the names of the supervisors announced:

First ward—Vacant store, corner of Huron and Magnolia. Supervisors, J. W. Russell, E. D. Scrafford, H. C. Ernsthausen.

Second ward—524 Cherry street, between Huron and Superior. Supervisors, M. P. Murphy, Fred Wagenknecht.

Third ward—Court house. Supervisors, Geo. W. Vrooman, I. E. Haviland.

Fourth ward—Police station. Supervisors, John J. Hacket, John Haberich.

Fifth ward—Eversman's hall. Supervisors, Frank Tillman, O. C. Bourdette.

Sixth ward—Tucker's office, Bridge street. Supervisors, W. J. Gill, G. W. Cray.

Seventh ward—L. A. Young's store, corner Cherry and Bancroft streets. Supervisors, T. P. Goulden, A. A. Scott.

Eighth ward—J. E. Walsh's store, corner Dorr and Heston streets. Supervisors, J. E. Walsh, Fred Felt.

Ninth ward—Lincoln hall. Supervisors, W. C. Alcock, A. C. Bay.

Township Announcement.

Washington, Adams and Sylvania townships—election held at Swinghammer's blacksmith shop, Auburndale. Supervisors, C. R. Swayne and C. R. Bowen.

Richfield, Spencer, Swanton, Springfield and Monclova townships—election held at Wood's store, Holland. Supervisors, L. C. Gibbs and John Walker.

Maumee City, Waynesfield, Waterville and Providence townships—election held at Van Fleet's store, Waterville. Supervisors, O. W. Ballou and Patrick Dowling.

The official call is printed elsewhere giving representation.

The Robert and Minnie.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Attorney General Miller stated to-day that the decision of Judge Ross in the Robert and Minnie case at San Diego, Cal., as he understands it from the newspapers, simply holds that the vessel cannot be confiscated.

He had received no official notice of the decision. The case against the persons on board the Robert and Minnie, would, he said, be proceeded with at once.

The decision would not, he said, affect the government's course in the case of the Itata, and proceedings would be pushed right ahead.

They Both Died.

AKRON, July 9.—Both the victims of the accident at the Evart tile works have died from their injuries.

IT IS A WHITE ELEPHANT.

The Itata Case a Thorn in Harrison's Side.

The Government Liable to Pay Much for Its Glory.

Should the Congressional Party Prove Victorious Your Uncle Samuel Will Have a Big Bill to Foot.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Now that the United States government has got the Chilian vessel Itata into port it appears that it has a white elephant on its hands which some of the administration officials would be willing to swap off for a song.

When the Charleston was sent in pursuit of the Itata it was upon the theory that the latter was a pirate within the purview of international law.

The commander of the Charleston was ordered to capture her wherever found, whether on the high seas or in a Chilian port.

She was caught and returned to San Diego to await trial for a violation of the neutrality laws. The dispatches from San Diego state that the Itata is to be held under three counts, the violation of the custom laws in leaving port without clearance, the kidnaping of the marshal and violation of neutrality laws.

On the first count there is no controversy. The Itata has settled with the treasury department by the payment of the usual fine of $500.

The best authorities here state that the charge of kidnaping cannot lie against the vessel, but can lie against the officer only. It is on the question of international law, however, that the subject takes in its gravest aspects.

It transpires that Secretary Blaine was strenuously opposed to the pursuit of the Itata beyond United States waters, but that Secretary Tracy and Attorney General Miller insisted upon making a display of the naval prowess.

Having indicated their prowess, however, they stand face to face with the possibility of being required to pay dearly for it.

The "insurgent party" in Chili, as it is called, claims to be the constitutional party. They represent the congress which attempted to impeach the president, and according to their claims Balmaceda, in resisting them, usurped power.

It is his government, therefore, and not theirs, which is the revolutionary government, and if they succeed, as appears probable, they can claim that the United States prolonged the struggle and that Chili is therefore entitled to indemnity.

It is this aspect of the case which gives the administration pause. The course to be pursued is watched with much interest here.

THE STREET CAR FIGHT.

What a Citizen Has to Say on the Subject—Outsiders Have No Show.

A BEE met Mr. Wm. H. Maher at his door to-day and as he appeared to be taking some interest in the passing cars he was asked what he thought of the end of the fight.

"It is as it ought to be, of course. The old road is owned by Chicago men, and it is our duty to take all we can get from them."

"Do you really feel that way?"

"Certainly, how else could I continue to stay here? Isn't this the true Toledo policy? Beg capital to come here and then quietly scoop it in for ourselves. Yes, sir, this is the Toledo motto of judge and jury, as I understand it, and I'm only surprised that the Robisons permit any cars but their own to run from Adams to Monroe. They get a special act through the legislature that applies only to Toledo; they manipulate caucuses and elect councils, yet Lang has the hardihood to contest a case with them! Lang is behind the times. He seems to be relying on law. Bless his heart, he should give his attention to caucuses. Law ceased to count long since. Politics and manipulation on the quiet will beat law nine times in ten, when you have your men in the right place. I was drawn as a juror in this last case, but I had my mind fully made up that the Chicago men had no rights we were bound to respect, and I begged off. I would have confiscated all their property at once and handed it over to the Robisons on a tin plate. Yes, I know the Consolidated has been giving good service, but what of that? These Chicago fellows had no business laying rails under Mr. Robison's wires and they should suffer. Yes, sir, quote me as one who thinks the Consolidated ought to be glad that they are allowed to exist at all."

SHOT DOWN IN HER HOME.

A Husband's Bloody Crime in Indiana.

After Doing the Deadly Work He Deliberately Puts a Bullet Through Himself.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 9.—William Edward Matheny and Miss Minnie Engle, of Butlerville, Jennings county, were married three years ago last January.

Their domestic life was stormy, and there were frequent outbursts due to Matheny's jealousy.

Something over one year ago the husband found employment with the street car company of this city. The couple thereupon went to housekeeping on Thirteenth street.

Last Friday after a particularly stormy time she left for her former home in Butlerville, taking their child, an infant less than 12 months old. Mrs. Matheny surmised that her husband might take advantage of her absence to break up housekeeping, and she arranged with a neighbor, Mrs. Jennie Green, to keep her posted by wire.

The husband confided to Mrs. Green that he was preparing to move to Pueblo, Col. This brought the wife back. Her husband saw her as she alighted from the electric line shortly after 6 o'clock last evening and followed her home. They were seen to pass into the house within a few feet of each other and then three shots rang out.

Several of the electric line employes rushed in and found Mrs. Matheny lying partially under the bed unconscious and dying from a bullet through the brain and one through the shoulder. Near at hand crouched the dead body of her husband, a well-directed shot having scattered his brains far and near. Their infant was sprawling upon the floor, as if it had fallen from its mother's arms.

Adjudged Insane.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 9.—Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, the noted philanthropist of Stamford, Conn., was adjudged insane in the probate court yesterday. The proceedings were instigated by Mrs. Thompson's relatives in Connecticut. Depositions were read which indicated that she was not only incapable of attending to business, but was violently crazy.

Mrs. Thompson, who is well known all over the United States, has probably given away to charitable societies more than any other woman in America. She will be remembered as the friend of abolition during the war.

An Evasive Answer.

LONDON, July 9.—An officer of the steamship Fuerst Bismarck, in which the kaiser and kaiserin voyaged to Heligoland states that the latter asking the former whether they would go to America in that vessel, the kaiser replied: "Do you really think we should go?"

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ex-Councilman M. M. Eppstein was in Baltimore yesterday.

Mrs. G. W. Layng and Mrs. Frank S. Layng left this morning for Cincinnati to visit their father, Judge Cowan.

Miss Carrie and Theo. Deardorff, of Toledo, are visiting their parents and friends in Dover, Tuscarawas county.

Miss Margie Mooney, of Cleveland, returned home this morning after a pleasant visit, accompanied by her friend Miss Delia D. Whelan.

Cards are out announcing the coming marriage of Councilman Frank C. Tanner to Miss Martha Mutter, on Tuesday evening, July 16, at 7 o'clock, at the Walnut street M. E. church.

W. H. Bass and wife and children of Lorain street, have returned from the family re-union at his father's home at Ligonier, Ind. His brother, of Dayton, Ohio., came home with them, and is visiting at present.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Whitaker, of Toledo, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Tenzer....Miss Kate Dirr and Miss Ouinda May returned last evening from Toledo, where they have been visiting for a few days....Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Peterson, who have been visiting their son, D. J. Peterson, at Toledo, returned home last evening.—Defiance Crescent.

ARE SOLID FOR CAMPBELL.

Rousing Convention at Upper Sandusky.

Wyandot County Sends a Straight Delegation to the Cleveland Convention.

UPPER SANDUSKY, O., July 9.—(Special.)—A spirited democratic convention was held here this morning for the selection of delegates to the state convention.

Hon. M. A. Smally was chosen chairman.

A heated discussion over a resolution apportioning the selection of the delegation and certain designated townships followed.

The resolution was finally withdrawn and another passed providing for the selection of the delegates by a popular ballot, those being accorded the highest votes to be declared elected.

An amendment, however, was made to this, limiting Upper Sandusky delegation to two.

Prosecuting Attorney Elza Carter then offered a series of resolutions endorsing the legislation of the last assembly, Gov. Campbell's administration and they were adopted amid loud and enthusiastic cheering.

Names of delegates and alternates were then presented, resulting in the following selection:

Delegates—Elias Ellis, J. N. Goodbred, Benj. Williams, W. A. Bristol, Joel W. Gibson and Elza Carter.

Alternate—Geo. W. Biles, Geo. Thiel, Frank Shumaker, Ellsworth Lowery, S. J. Wirich and J. H. Vonstein.

All of the above save the last person named are Campbell supporters.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Some of Toledo's horsemen and horses are at Canton participating in the races.

Street Commissioner Bower's force is being paid off by the city auditor to-day.

August Herre, a farmer of Sylvania township, reported 31 sheep killed by dogs, to the county commissioners to-day.

Building permits: Mrs. F. E. Connell, Felt street, $1,500; H. R. Mensing, Felt street, two cottages, $1,000.

John Farrell, of Canada, was arrested to-day by Detectives Manley and Carew. Farrell is wanted in Detroit for larceny.

Waterworks department is laying pipe on Lagrange street, in the neighborhood of Franklin avenue, with a view to completing the line at or near Dexter street.

The funeral of William Jordan took place this afternoon from Bennett's undertaking establishment. The coroner rendered a verdict in Jordon's case of death from congestion of the brain.

Stabbed with a Carving Knife.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Mr. Schielman, a restaurant keeper at 101 Division street, quarrelled with a woman servant in the kitchen to-day and stabbed her with a carving knife, inflicting a serious wound. He then shot himself. His wound is a dangerous one.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

COMPELLED TO CLOSE.

Owing to the fact that Van Noorden's stock has been advertised to be reduced and a sale inaugurated, the clerks have been kept from their work of marking down prices by people continually coming in, and the firm have concluded to close their store until the commencement of the sale, Saturday, July 11, 9 a. m.

DIED.

SCHULZ—Wednesday, July 8, at 6 p m, John Nicholas Schulz, aged 59 years.

Funeral from residence, 1022 Champlain street, Friday, July 10, at 2 p. m. Friends invited. p

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—By a sober, industrious young married man, steady work of any kind. Address C 5, Bee office. 9jy3

WANTED—Girl for general housework: no washing and ironing; 309 Irving st. 9jy2p

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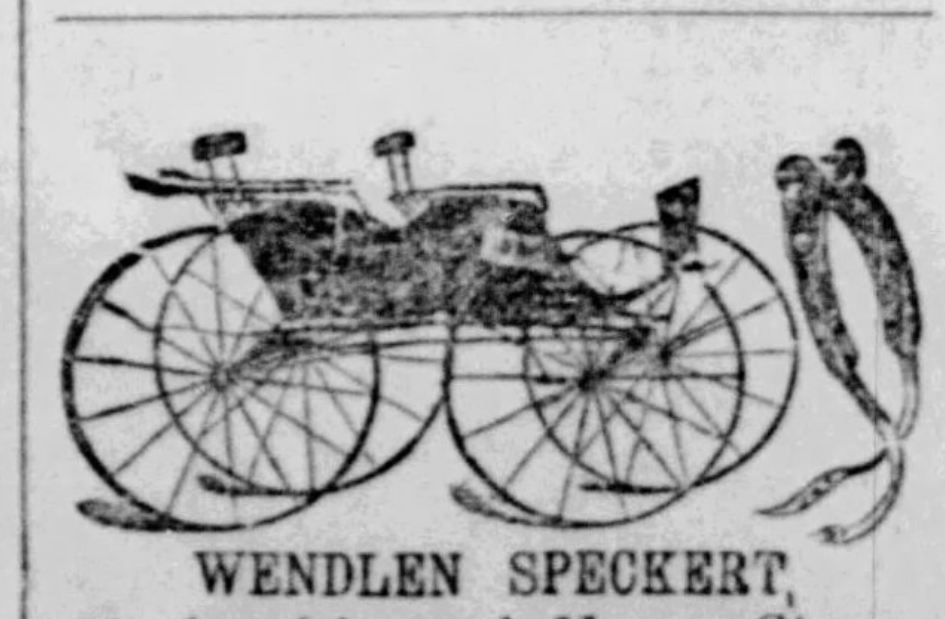

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Wagon Making and Repairing Done Promptly to Order. Harness Making, Carriage Trimming and Carriage Painting. Wagons, Carriages ar[illegible]
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I am in it on this DEAL
20 per cent. OFF on all goods bou't during July.

Briggs & Leibius,
307 Summit St.

$3.00 PER DOZ.
Our Fine Cabinets!
To School Children during Vacation (July and August).
Do not Miss this Offer. It may never be made again.
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LADIES WHO VALUE
A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.

Y. M. C. B. A.
No TOLEDO BRANCH 475
I. C. B. U.

ATTENTION!
Y. M. C. B. A.
Meeting Friday evening, July 10th, will be held at Damon Hall, corner Adams and Summit streets.
E. J. GAVIN, Sec.

OHIO DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

At Cleveland, Ohio, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 14 and 15, 1891.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE
DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
COLUMBUS, O., June 24, 1891.

The democrats of Ohio are hereby notified to meet in delegate convention at Cleveland, O., on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 14 and 15, 1891, to nominate candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, treasurer, auditor, attorney general, judge supreme court, member board of public works, school commissioner and dairy and food commissioner.

On Tuesday evening, July 14, at 8 o'clock the delegates of each congressional district will meet and select a vice president, an assistant secretary and one member each of the several committees.

The convention will meet on Wednesday, July 15, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Attention is directed to the following resolutions adopted by the state central committee at its recent session in Columbus, O.:

Resolved, That the delegates selected to the state convention be apportioned among the counties upon the vote cast for Thaddeus E. Cromley for secretary of state at the last general election.

The basis of representation to be one delegate for every five hundred voters, and one for every fraction of two hundred and fifty votes and over cast for Thaddeus E. Cromley for secretary of state in 1890.

Counties which have already selected delegates on that apportionment need not take any proceedings looking to the selection of delegates.

Resolved, That in the call for the state convention it shall be expressly stated that each county will be required in such manner as the county committee may properly direct, to select within the county and not elsewhere, the number of delegates to which each county may be entitled, and no mass delegation will be recognized.

	Delegates.		Delegates.
Adams	6	Logan	4
Allen	9	Lorain	5
Ashland	6	Lucas	15
Ashtabula	3	Madison	4
Athens	4	Mahoning	[illegible]
Auglaize	7	Marion	[illegible]
Belmont	11	Medina	5
Brown	8	Meigs	4
Butler	13	Mercer	8
Carroll	3	Miami	8
Champaign	5	Monroe	7
Clark	9	Montgomery	25
Clermont	8	Morgan	4
Clinton	4	Morrow	4
Columbiana	8	Muskingum	11
Coshocton	6	Noble	4
Crawford	9	Ottawa	6
Cuyahoga	41	Paulding	4
Darke	10	Perry	7
Defiance	7	Pickaway	7
Delaware	5	Pike	4
Erie	8	Portage	5
Fairfield	9	Preble	5
Fayette	4	Putnam	7
Franklin	25	Richland	8
Fulton	4	Ross	8
Gallia	8	Sandusky	8
Geauga	1	Scioto	6
Greene	5	Seneca	10
Guernsey	4	Shelby	6
Hamilton	59	Stark	20
Hancock	9	Summit	9
Hardin	7	Trumbull	4
Harrison	3	Tuscarawas	10
Henry	7	Union	4
Highland	6	Van Wert	7
Hocking	4	Vinton	4
Holmes	7	Warren	4
Huron	6	Washington	8
Jackson	5	Wayne	10
Jefferson	5	Williams	5
Knox	6	Wood	8
Lake	2	Wyandot	6
Lawrence	4		
Licking	11	Total	700

JAMES A. NORTON, Chairman.
CHARLES Q. DAVIS, Secretary.

The secret of my happiness is, I am using
Wolff's ACME Blacking
And have WATERPROOF BOOTS Beautifully Polished without Labor.

ASK IN ALL STORES FOR PIK-RON
Will Stain Old & New Furniture
Will Stain Glass and Chinaware
Will Stain Tinware
Will Stain your Old Baskets
Will Stain Baby's Coach
and Varnish at the same time.
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JUST OUT
Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, make a new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any style known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.
AGENTS WANTED.

JUST NOW
We are having a good trade on Plush Rockers. Call and see them. Many other specialties upon the premises.
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The Bee.
BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO
ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN
ESTABLISHED 1876.

ONLY 14 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

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THE BEE is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, JULY 9, 1891.

LUCAS COUNTY DEMOCRATS.

At a meeting of the Lucas County Central committee, held Friday afternoon, July 3, it was determined to hold the election for delegates to the state convention under the primary system.

The apportionment of delegates was made as follows:

	Delegates
First Ward	2
Second Ward	1
Third Ward	1
Fourth Ward	1
Fifth Ward	1
Sixth Ward and Oregon township	1
Seventh Ward	2
Eight Ward	2
Ninth Ward	1
Washington, Adams and Sylvania townships	1
Richfield, Spencer, Swanton, Monclova and Springfield	1
Maumee, Waterville, Whitehouse, Waynesfield and Providence	1
Total	15

The primaries will be held on Saturday, July 11, between the hours of 4 and 8 p. m.

WILLIAM BEATTY, Chairman pro tem.
F. T. VAN FLEET, Secretary.
Toledo, July 6, 1891.

The Bee Welcomed.

We welcome the Toledo Daily BEE among our exchanges. It is a straight Democratic journal and a good newspaper.—Eaton Democrat.

IT really seems that electrocution does electrocute. It is a good hearing. The enforcement of the death penalty should not be by a method as savage as burning at the stake.

MR. JOHN P. BAILY of Ottawa will be a candidate for the nomination of attorney general at the Cleveland convention next week. Mr. Baily is a sturdy democrat and will have quite a following.

THE democrats of the Thirty-first senatorial district will stand by their nominee, Hon. W. C. Gear. The lately concocted scheme to divert votes from him will cut no figure in that democratic Gibraltar.

VIRGINIA doesn't seem to be good soil on which to nurture an anti-Cleveland movement. An attempt to do something in this line has brought out the sentiment of people and press, which is a pretty nearly unanimous "Rah for Cleveland!"

GOV. CAMPBELL's name will be presented at the Cleveland convention by Hon. Ferd C. Layton of Wapakoneta, congressman-elect from the Fifth district. Mr. Layton is one of the most brilliant young democrats in Ohio, and the task could not have been entrusted to a safer man.

SECRETARY FOSTER did not materialize at the prohibition assembly on labor day. He was down on the afternoon program to tell "What Should be Done with the American Saloon," and the managers of the assembly have been announcing that he would certainly be present. But "duty" kept the secretary in Washington. How truly sad!

THE Portsmouth woolen mills have suspended operations because of lack of business. A few years ago Ohio's foremost industry was that of the manufacture of woolen goods. Perhaps Major McKinley and his high tax associates, who insist that a high tariff on wool is necessary, can explain what has become of this industry?

EVERY workingman and farmer in Ohio aided in raising the billion dollars which the last congress squandered with a criminal recklessness. McKinley was the recognized leader of that house, and as chairman of its most important committee is to a great degree responsible for the present depleted condition of the national treasury. The rebuke he will receive at the polls in November will be significant.

ON the first of the current month Hon. William L. Wilson, of West Virginia, became connected with the Republic as editor of its tariff reform department, and his first article, a signed editorial, appears in to-day's issue. The first installment of the department, prefaced by an introductory article by Mr. Wilson and followed by one by Congressman Mills, will appear in Friday's issue of the weekly.—St. Louis Republic.

The BEE tenders its congratulations to the Republic. There will be no school-boy business and no primer literature nonsense in its tariff reform department. The Republic has long been one of the most valued exchanges on the BEE's list.

THE extraordinary statement is made that Queen Victoria requires Emperor William to submit for her inspection, previous to its delivery, the reply he will make to an address of welcome which will be tendered him next Friday. The freedom of the city of London which he receives does not, then, include freedom of speech. The German emperor has now an opportunity to know in his own case how the censorship of the press is enjoyed by its victims.

THE morbid side of the American character is sufficiently developed and conspicuous without being unnecessarily fostered. The action of the war department which puts on public exhibition relics of the civil war is disgustingly brutal and barbarous. The bullet extracted from the head of President Lincoln and the pistol of his assassins are among the articles the national museum will, under this order, place on public exhibit. When private enterprise feeds the morbid curiosity of gaping fools it is bad enough. When the nation goes into the same business, the American citizen blushes for his country.

COL. MCCLURE and Messrs. Nicolay and Hay have begun a lively dispute as to whether President Lincoln did or did not want Vice-President Hamlin to serve a second term. The Philadelphia Times editor man claims that President Lincoln confided to him the delicate task of seeing Mr. Hamlin was not renominated in 1864, and Lincoln's biographers have publicly contradicted the statement, telegraphing the contradiction to Mrs. Hamlin. The disputed point is really not of much consequence, unless to settle the question of who is responsible for Andy Johnson. Col. McClure appears to have the best of the dispute, but it is not to his credit that he has opened up the subject at all. Or if he was strongly impelled to violate a confidence he had respected more than a quarter of a century, he might at least have waited a few days longer, until the widow had buried her dead.

SOME statistics relative to the legislation of last winter as it affects building and loan associations is given in the Building and Loan Association Herald, the organ of the national companies. From the figures gathered it seems four states enacted laws adverse to national associations. The same legislation was adopted in New Jersey and Wisconsin as in Ohio, viz.: a law requiring a deposit of $100,000 by any foreign company intending to do business in the state. This law is in force and of older date in a number of the states. Maine adopted the law under which these companies do business in Massachusetts, requiring a cash deposit of $25,000 and 15 per cent. of collections. In several states legislation hostile to foreign companies was defeated. The Herald considers that the requirement of $100,000 deposit is prohibitive, because "no company can afford to make such a deposit in order to do business in a state," and of the action of the Ohio legislature it says:

> "Practically one national company represented the bone and sinew of the whole movement before the Ohio legislature. The members of that august body were not favorably impressed with the importance and general magnitude of the movement and no wonder."

The "august body" did, as regards these associations, what they should have done if every national company in the country had been represented before them. They protected the people of the state, by the enactment of the Corcoran law, against fleecing wildcat companies, and they have given an honest foreign company the same chance to do business foreign insurance companies work under and make money under in Ohio.

SENATOR SHERMAN and ex-Gov. Foraker are still looking suspiciously at each other. The latter, however, is industriously sawing wood and, if it is possible, will see that the next legislature is Forakerian. The harmony between these two statesmen is certainly spelled with a capital H.

Ranks Will Be Closed.

One week from to-day the democrats will nominate the next governor of Ohio. The spirited contest now going on will have the effect of infusing life and spirit into the party, and all differences should be and will be forgotten, no matter who is the successful man. Men differ in opinions as to the relative strength of candidates for the nomination, but when the nomination has been made the ranks will close up and the party will present a solid front to the enemy. No matter whether the nominee be Campbell, Neal, Kline, McMahon or any one of the other excellent gentlemen mentioned in connection with the high office the unsuccessful candidates will be found striving to the best of their ability for the success of the party by the election of the entire ticket. Democrats know that there is but one enemy to meet, and that one the republican party.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Farmer's Fine.

The farmer pays his fine whenever he buys any article on which a "duty" is laid, no matter whether the article is made in a foreign country or in this country. He is the poorer by the sum of all the fines he pays. And so is everyone else who is fined for exercising, or wishing to exercise, his right to sell his product or his labor to the man who offers most for it.—Chicago Herald.

We Have It.

The republican platform demands "an honest ballot." Haven't the republican leaders of Ohio yet learned that a democratic legislature last winter gave them "an honest ballot" in the shape of the Australian law?—Jackson Democrat.

Will Go Democratic.

Under the Australian ballot law, and with high-protective-tariff-tax McKinley as the republican candidate for governor, Preble county ought to and we believe will go democratic. The farmers will be in it.—Eaton Democrat.

Can You Answer It?

If 568 persons get $11,000,000 in direct bounties under the McKinley bill, what will the Protected Ten Thousand get in indirect bounties, which are from two to three times as costly as the direct?—St. Louis Republic.

Worthy of the Honor.

Like his distinguished chief, Abraham Lincoln, Vice President Hamlin had a premonition of his death. Both these noble men were enough endeared to the world beyond to be worthy of the honor.—Boston Glove.

Gaining in Popularity.

Enthusiastic cheers greeted Gov. Campbell as he reviewed the great parade of united labor at Steubenville the other day. Ohio's democratic leader seems to be gaining in popularity all the time.—Boston Globe.

A Terrible Repudiation.

With a united front, a fearless leader and the standard of tariff reform and economy ahead, McKinley will receive a terrible repudiation at the hands of the voters of Ohio.—Tuscarawas Democrat.

Do Not Deny It.

Oh, no, there is no "fear" of Mr. Blaine. May he live long and prosper. As for his candidacy in '92, why, we have already had some experience in that matter and do not contemplate the future with dread.—N. Y. Herald.

Regard It Disloyal.

The real high-keyed republican organs regard it as "disloyal" for the democratic papers to describe accurately the state to which the billion-dollar congress reduced the national treasury.—N. Y. World.

A Played Out Play.

McKinley has played the farmers for suckers for the past 15 years. All the signs of the times now indicate that this is one of the plays that is played out.—Canton Democrat.

Not Strange.

Mr. McKinley says he expects to be elected governor of Ohio. That's not strange. Unless he were the bluest pessimist living he couldn't help expecting it.—Brooklyn Times.

The Cyclone Season.

The dreadful cyclone season has set in. Our republican friends will remember that there was a great many devastating cyclones last year preceding that of Nov. 4.—Dayton Times.

A Settled Fact.

The nomination of James E. Campbell for governor is a settled fact. Now let the democracy gird on their armor and knock the stuffin' out of McKinley.—Holmes County Farmer.

Never Be Heard Of.

If the Democracy of Ohio "keep in the middle of the road," McKinleyism will never be heard of after the November election.—Putnam County Sentinel.

Certainly He Will.

Of course, the very first speech McKinley makes he will explain to the farmers why 40 cent wool is selling at 28 cents.—Coshocton Democrat.

Will Howl for Campbell.

One week from to-day and every democrat in Ohio will be howling for Governor Campbell and tariff reform.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

Delphos Democracy.

The democracy of Delphos never go back on a faithful public servant. They are a unit for Campbell.—Delphos Herald.

Change Its Name.

If this tin foolishness isn't stopped they will be changing the name of Canton to Canteen.—Columbus Post.

GOSSIP FROM THE VATICAN

The St. Peter's Pence Crisis is Approaching.

The Holy See Has Dismissed Mgr. Folchi.

He Did Not Speculate Properly With the Church Funds Over Which He Was Guardian.

ROME, July 9.—Some additional and important communications from an unusual and reliable source in regard to the crisis in St. Peter's pence have just come to hand.

It has already been announced that the pope has dismissed Mgr. Folchi and the old administration, and that he has appointed in their places a commission consisting of Mgrs. Apolloni, di Rugirio and Aloise Masella, to whom he has given full powers. No one, however, has yet been able to find out the exact motive, the real secret of the affair, which has brought about the important change. It was known Mgr. Folchi's dismissal was decided upon on account of the losses sustained by St. Peter's pence and because of the imprudent investments and loans which had been made under his administration; but that was all.

It has now become known that Mgr. Folchi last winter, supported by Prince Buoncompagni and Baron Lazzaroni, resolved in order to save the Banco di Roma, in which the vatican held 10,000 out of 12,000 shares, besides other securities, to establish first in Paris and London and afterwards in Rome, Berlin and New York, a syndicate of Catholic banks with the object of absorbing the financial societies of Rome, which were known to be in a disastrous condition, and to restore them to vitality, while, at the same time, raising the value of the depreciated securities.

Above all, they wanted to save the Banco di Roma, intending (as they eventually did) to entirely reconstruct it.

The Banco di Roma was created with a nominal capital of 6,000,000 lire ($1,200,000), divided, as already stated, into 12,000 shares. But the real working capital consisted of 3,000,000 lire ($600,000).

Mgr. Folchi, having taken account of the vatican 10,000 shares, the administration of St. Peter's pence found itself involved nominally to the extent of 5,000,000 lire, although really only to the extent of 2,500,000. Mgr. Folchi had, moreover, deposited in this bank the sum of 3,000,000 lire.

At that time financial circles in Rome were interested in supporting the creation of these Catholic banks, and they were desirous of helping this financial movement in order to put the depreciated securities on a firmer footing. Consequently Mgr. Folchi proposed to the commission of cardinals (then a purely consultative body) that the vatican should enter into the combination to the extent of 3,000,000 lire. He warmly supported the project, urging that the Roman securities of the vatican and the millions of lire invested in the Banco di Roma could not be saved in any other way.

Cardinal di Rugirio, however, strongly opposed the proposition and protested against it, with such success that the commission finally rallied to his support. However, as the commission was merely consultative and had no authority to veto the plan, Mgr. Folchi ignored them and carried out, in conjunction with Lazzaroni and Baron Buoncompagni, the financian project which had been submitted to and rejected by the commission.

Mgr. Folchi commenced by sending part of his money to Paris, where the first of the proposed banks, named Le Credit, was founded. But, as the pope had not been informed of this arbitrary speculation, and as the commission was only informed of it when it had taken place, Mgr. Folchi was called to order, was afterwards dismissed, and the commission, hitherto purely consultative, became a deliberative body. Three years have elapsed since an effort was first made to found a Catholic bank in New York, and then the Archbishop of New York was compelled to intervene and disengage the responsibilities of the holy see. Last winter, however, another endeavor was made in this direction. The combination again did not succeed. But this last time, as Baron Lazzaroni, a rich banker, and Mgr. Folchi (with the supposed support of the vatican) were the promoters of the old idea, it was believed that success was assured. Now, however, the fall of Mgr. Folchi has put everything in peril. The pope, it should be added, has never entered into and never will enter into a combination of this sort. The money Mgr. Folchi sent to Paris was withdrawn when his speculations became known.

As Mgr. Folchi had placed the Peter's pence money, or a part of it, in Roman speculations, which had at first brought in good returns, and which only later decreased in value, the actual losses had not been great. In fact, at first a profit of about 1,500,000 lire was made.

Summed up briefly, the situation is about as follows: When Mgr. Folchi took over the administration of the vatican finances he had under his control 25,000,000 lire. He left, after eight years' administration, about 31,000,000 lire, of which, however, 6,000,000 are still in danger, as it consists of loans made to Roman princes, and a large number of depreciated securities.

At the same time Mgr. Folchi has paid over each year to the pope the sum of $120,000 to cover the extraordinary expenses of the vatican. Consequently Mgr. Folchi's adversaries can only reproach him with making imprudent investments and with the affairs of the Catholic banks.

A reaction, consequently, is already beginning to be noticed in his favor, and many Roman groups are beginning to think that Mgr. Folchi's rivals acted too violently. In any case, the pope has been kept in ignorance of these speculations, and it is known that he disapproves and always has disapproved of all kinds of Catholic banks.

MEAT PRICES TO DROP.

Wells & Co. Will Compete With Armour For Trade.

Armour is to have competition of the meat supply business in Toledo. The well known firm of P. E. Wells & Co., of Chicago, have established a branch here with Mr. W. A. Stout as general manager. Mr. Stout has negotiated with Kelsey & Clayton, of this city, to handle their meat, and this firm has already arranged for the distribution of two car loads of meat each week.

This movement has already a tendency to reduce the price of meat of all kinds, and Mr. Armour will not have it all his own way hereafter. The Wells Co. is one of the strongest and most prominent of the packing firms of the country, and it is understood they are after Mr. Armour's scalp, and cheaper prices in meats will be the result in this city, and wherever branch houses have been or will be established.

Reed's Help.

Some republican papers, with a chuckle, are saying that Hon. Thomas B. Reed is to assist Major McKinley in his campaign in Ohio this fall. They appear to think that Reed will do great things for the major. Well, he helped Major McKinley in his congressional campaign last fall, and not much came out of his help.—Wayne County Democrat.

Struck a Rock.

LONDON, July 9.—The German steamship Cleopatra which recently struck a sunken rock in the straits of Magellan, has been stranded to prevent her from sinking. The passengers and crew of the Cleopatra were saved. The steamer is fast going to pieces.

A young English lady while out sketching in Colorado was surrounded by about fifty wild cattle, which moved threateningly towards her. Not knowing what else to do she began to sing the Soldiers' chorus in "Faust," and one after another the animals began to quietly graze and she walked [illegible] them without being molested.

LOCAL LABOR NEWS.

At the regular meeting of the Furniture Workers' union, No. 21, held last evening, the following officers were elected: President, A. Rupp; vice-president, Wm. Moore; financial secretary, W. Zimmerman; recording secretary, C. W. Otis; treasurer, Fred Wilhelm.

Resolutions indorsing the printers' strike and the early closing movement were passed. An appeal from the striking furniture workers at Evansville, Ind., was responded to by a donation.

At the meeting of the Carpenters' union, No. 25, last evening, Henry Bresser and Peter Norris were appointed a relief committee, and G. E. Husted, A. Smith and S. Schofield were appointed a committee to draft resolutions on the printers' strike and the early closing movement. The report from the Associated German union showed the organization to be flourishing. Both unions are working in harmony, and their aims to secure shorter hours and better wages are identical.

The joint committee from the Central Labor Union and Typographical union waited upon the Stone Masons' union, No. 14, during the regular meeting last evening and presented its grievance regarding the strike. Both the early closing movement and the strike were promptly endorsed, and resolutions were passed pledging the members to stand by both organizations.

At Turley hall last evening the Machinists' union held their weekly meeting and initiated quite a number of new members. Resolutions were passed endorsing the printers' strike and promising support. The visiting committee from the Central Labor Union also spoke in favor of the clerks' early closing movement and it was agreed to support them in every way possible.

At the regular meeting of the Joan of Arc K. of L. assembly last evening the officers elected at the previous meeting were installed and took their positions. Arrangements will be made for the annual basket picnic, which it is expected will be held at Presque Isle some time next month. The girls are workers when it comes to a picnic, and the fact that they propose giving one is an assurance of a success.

The hotel men of the city have responded promptly to the applications of the committee appointed on hotels, to secure accommodations for the delegates to the general assembly of the K. of L., which will be here in November. It is probable that their headquarters will be at the Jefferson, although this has not been settled definitely.

Toledo Lodge, No. 125, of the International Association of the Machinists, will give an excursion to Put-in-Bay on the steamer City of Toledo July 28. The machinists deserve the hearty support of the labor organizations of the city, and will undoubtedly receive it.

Next Wednesday will be the regular quarterly meeting of D. A. 72 of the K. of L. at Walbridge Hall. At the meeting the arrangements for entertaining the delegates for the general assembly which will be held here in November will be completed, and the matter of hotel and rates will be discussed. The Jefferson House has been selected as headquarters during the convention.

At the meeting of the Tinners' union last evening, it was decided to postpone the election of officers till the next meeting. The following resolution relative to the strike among the printers was adopted:

WHEREAS, The union printers of this city are now engaged in a struggle with a company that has always disregarded the rights of any members of labor organizations in its employ; be it

Resolved, That we the members of the Tin, Sheet-Iron and Cornice Workers union No. 6, do heartily endorse the action taken by the Central Labor union and Building Trades council and resolve to stand by them during the trouble and assist them in every possible way to secure the rights of the striking printers.

STATE EQUALIZATION.

The Board Has Completed Its Hardest Work.

The Appraisement as Fixed by the Counties and as Changed by the Equalizers.

COLUMBUS, July 9—(Special)—The board, as committee of the whole, has finished the work of equalizing, and to-day the board received the report of the committee of the whole. There remains nothing to do except ratify, or change, the work done in committee, and it is likely that the board will adjourn sine die not later than next week.

The following figures show the appraisements by counties fixed by the board in committee of the whole. They will not, likely, be changed. In the first column are given the appraisements, as returned by the counties; in the second the appraisements fixed by the board:

Counties.	Valuation as returned to State Board.	Valuation as equalized by State Board.
Adams	$ 4,334,929	$ 3,811,428 00
Allen	13,339,401	13,080,595 62
Ashland	9,854,881	9,092,515 60
Ashtabula	11,454,997	12,398,941 85
Athens	5,960,116	6,069,399 00
Auglaize	6,690,770	6,954,521 00
Belmont	15,224,457	14,353,313 22
Brown	6,855,615	6,276,876 70
Butler	22,648,413	20,863,859 20
Carroll	6,842,738	6,539,527 45
Champaign	12,924,670	12,241,177 00
Clarke	22,774,707	21,993,654 60
Clermont	9,415,535	9,372,495 20
Clinton	9,798,118	9,550,840 87
Columbiana	16,016,142	15,487,395 99
Coshocton	8,073,977	7,855,325 05
Crawford	11,154,680	11,382,506 00
Cuyahoga	91,695,006	117,214,308 13
Darke	15,811,200	14,396,593 50
Defiance	6,095,672	6,095,672 00
Deleware	6,780,320	9,923,889 00
Erie	13,109,994	9,684,564 60
Fairfield	12,721,142	12,502,127 35
Fayette	10,933,087	10,376,954 35
Franklin	*18,013,491	64,961,829 05
Fulton	4,871,308	5,408,108 80
Gallia	4,655,485	4,379,718 55
Geauga	5,506,441	5,321,080 95
Greene	13,155,630	12,658,338 50
Guernsey	8,076,045	8,430,202 04
Hamilton	183,184,979	199,227,057 80
Hancock	15,611,547	16,605,534 90
Hardin	7,885,016	8,719,068 50
Harrison	7,337,340	6,813,769 60
Henry	5,099,652	5,099,052 00
Highland	8,978,994	8,355,991 00
Hocking	3,909,469	3,588,317 40
Holmes	5,967,140	5,415,434 00
Huron	12,008,631	11,366,831 80
Jackson	4,591,615	4,053,396 10
Jefferson	13,610,000	12,399,761 00
Knox	11,059,242	10,983,287 55
Lake	8,024,580	7,655,441 50
Lawrence	5,722,055	5,235,873 30
Licking	17,059,910	17,050,910 00
Logan	10,512,452	10,003,795 94
Lorain	11,975,876	11,927,886 00
Lucas	39,744,837	40,381,227 30
Madison	10,723,604	10,083,883 80
Mahoning	17,401,741	17,010,956 60
Marion	9,824,051	9,824,050 50
Medina	7,885,176	7,545,338 23
Meigs	[illegible]	5,152,344 60
Mercer	5,693,207	6,187,176 20
Miami	11,308,759	11,854,066 80
Monroe	4,361,930	3,952,563 10
Montgomery	47,662,831	44,607,060 99
Morgan	5,047,199	4,688,655 98
Morrow	7,218,830	7,054,523 48
Muskingum	16,612,221	17,044,338 75
Noble	4,242,273	4,030,071 15
Ottawa	4,485,247	4,810,095 50
Paulding	3,945,167	3,946,167 00
Perry	6,064,215	6,025,404 00
Pickaway	13,535,830	12,876,844 00
Pike	3,488,732	3,055,062 09
Portage	12,574,902	11,064,441 90
Preble	11,659,761	10,910,115 20
Putnam	8,085,859	8,080,859 00
Richland	14,897,291	14,427,700 00
Ross	15,282,869	13,494,500 10
Sandusky	[illegible]	10,418,658 15
Scioto	6,775,548	6,911,540 35
Seneca	15,997,273	15,797,503 05
Shelby	8,215,243	8,756,286 02
Stark	28,295,062	27,379,367 70
Summit	27,580,801	26,208,815 00
Trumbull	11,217,402	11,477,493 10
Tuscarawas	11,084,478	12,282,085 50
Union	7,850,183	7,822,183 00
Van Wert	5,137,175	5,071,314 60
Vinton	2,379,315	2,199,758 75
Warren	11,175,331	10,118,103 95
Washington	9,218,554	8,865,877 70
Wayne	14,067,654	14,611,774 90
Williams	6,841,141	6,898,194 00
Wood	11,863,941	13,050,335 10
Wyandot	[illegible]	8,504,606 00

Repairing the Boom.

While the president is at Cape May the white house is undergoing repairs. As the presidential stenographer accompanied her august employer it is safe to say that the Harrison boom is to undergo a few much needed repairs also.—Chicago Times.

REPRESENTATIVE CATHOLICS

Meet at St. Michael's Hall Last Evening

To Arrange for the Laying of the Corner Stone of St. Helwig's Church Sunday Afternoon.

At St. Michael's hall last evening a meeting of representatives from the various Catholic societies in the city was held to arrange suitable exercises for the occasion of the laying of the corner stone of St. Helwig's church, Sunday afternoon next.

The congregations of St. Francis de Sales, St. Peter's, St. Joseph's, St. Mary's and the Church of the Sacred Heart were represented at the meeting.

The Great Western band will meet the Fifth ward societies at St. Peter's church on St. Clair street. At 1:15 o'clock the march will be taken up from St. Clair, to Monroe, to Summit, to Cherry, to Superior. Here the societies of St. Francis de Sales will fall in. The march will continue to Locust to Erie, where they will be joined by the societies of St. Joseph. The line will move to Locust, to Ontario, to Cherry, where the societies of St. Mary's church will be met. The East Toledo societies will be at the corner of Summit and Cherry at 1:30 o'clock.

The procession will form from the church as follows: Grand marshal, corner of Superior and Cherry streets; Polish uniform rank, Cherry, resting on Superior; Toledo council, C. K. of A., east side of Superior, right resting on Cherry; St. Francis de Sales' congregation west side of Superior; St. Mary's congregation, north Huron; St. Patrick's congregation, south Huron; St. Peter's congregation, south Huron; Immaculate Conception congregation, north Erie; St. Joseph's north Erie; Good Shepherd, south Erie; St. Louis, south Erie; St. Anthony, north Ontario; Sacred Heart, north Ontario; St. Helwig's, south Ontario; carriages will form on Market Space.

The line of each will be Cherry to Franklin avenue, to Locust, to Delta, to church.

The grand marshal of the day will be Peter Shelanckuweiz, while John Henry will be assistant grand marshal.

SUCCESS AT LAST.

Passenger and Freight Depot to be Located on Dorr Street.

At last the people living in the vicinity of Lake Shore railroad crossing at Dorr street may rejoice. They are to have a regular depot at this junction.

An agreement has been drafted and will be signed by the proper officials to-day, whereby a passenger and freight depot will be located at the intersection of Dorr street and the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad. Tickets will be sold and all trains stopped to take on and let off passengers. Freight will also be received and discharged.

Property owners in that locality have been endeavoring to consummate this project for the last 10 years.

First and Last.

In his carefully prepared speech at the tariff league banquet in New York, Major McKinley said:

> I have always been proud of that first great act. Why, it was the second law passed by the American congress and signed by Washington on that day memorable in American history. The men who made it had the courage, which we never have had since, of putting in the body of the bill exactly what they meant. [Applause.] They declared that they were making that tariff bill for two purposes. First, to reise revenue to conduct the infant government, and, secondly, to encourage manufactures. [applause.]
>
> No congress since has been brave enough to do that [applause], and the farmers knew just what they wanted. They had enough farmers; They wanted consumers. [applause.] They were all farmers. They couldn't sell wheat to each other, for each raised more than he wanted for his own use, and they had no foreign markets in their day, for they were inaccessible and expensive, and they deliberately made that tariff to build up manufactures that they might have consumers rather than have more competitors. [applause.]

If Major McKinley will put "that first great act" side by side with his own "great act," his pride in one of them must quickly vanish. No two laws could show a sharper contrast in spirit and in detail. It is true "the farmers had no foreign markets in those days, for they were inaccessible and expensive;" and he might have added that Hamilton gave as one of his reasons for trying to build up home manufactures that the tariff laws of foreign nations "abridged the vent" of our increasing agricultural surplus, and shut it out of their markets.

Compare what the "farmers," who then had no foreign markets, did, when, as he says, they "deliberately made that tariff to build up manufactors," with what he does now that they have a foreign market, to support manufacturers already built up, but still demanding to be billeted on the farmer. The average duty under their bill was 8½ per cent. Under the McKinley bill it is 60 per cent. On manufactured articles generally they put 5 per cent.; he puts from 50 to over 100 per cent. On calicoes they put 5 per cent.; he puts 50 per cent. On manufactures of cotton they put 5 per cent.; he puts over 40 per cent. They made wool free, manufacturers of wool 5 per cent.; he puts an average tax of over 80 per cent. on wool and manufactures of wool. On carpets they put 5 per cent.; his rates run to 85 per cent. On all ready-made clothing they put 7½ per cent.; his rates, in some cases, run over 100 per cent. On earthen and stone ware they put 5 per cent.; he puts sometimes as high as 60 per cent. On manufactures of iron and steel they put 5 per cent.; he puts from 50 to 100 per cent. They made pig-tin free, tin-plate 5 per cent.; he puts 4 cents a pound on pig-tin and 80 per cent on tin-plate. They put 10 per cent. on window glass; his rates run from 75 to 150 per cent.

The "farmers" were too sincere to put a deceptive tax on farm products, and left them under the general clause at 5 per cent.; his bill angles for the farmer vote with a sharp hook bated with a worthless tax of 45 per cent. on agricultural products. When one thus compares the rates in the bill "deliberately made" by those early "farmers" to start or to encourage infant manufactures with the rates of the McKinley bill for well-established, 100-year old manufactures, he is at a loss to understand how the patron of the act of 1890 can be proud of the act of 1789, or vice versa. If the latter was in truth a "great act," then the former is in truth "a great (an indescribable) outrage." We cannot advance from a tariff of 8½ per cent., which Major McKinley admits was a protective measure, to a tariff of 60 per cent., which he has given us, without passing from the borders of protection very far into the domain of monopoly.—Hon. W. L. Wilson in St. Louis Republic.

BLAINE OF MAINE.

Is Blaine really sick or is he only fixing to make Ben sick?—New Orleans Delta.

If James G. Blaine should resign where would Mr. Harrison find a man who would come anywhere near filling his place?—Kansas City Star.

What ails Blaine? The doctors are ready enough to tell us what doesn't ail him, but are unaccountably mysterious as to what does.—Wheeling Register.

The reports as to the condition of Mr. Blaine are constantly conflicting, but we believe that, while he has been in a critical condition, he is improving, though perhaps slowly, and that he is to-day able to fill any post in the United States government.—Mail and Express.

As to rejoicing that Mr. Blaine is ill, it cannot be true. We think we may safely say that the whole democratic party hopes he will reach a ripe old age and maintain his magnetic qualities unimpaired to the end. There is no reason to desire his "breaking down."—N. Y. Herald.

The New York Mail and Express is working very hard to persuade the public that the insane asylum or the grave is yawning for James G. Blaine. Isn't that paying too high a price for the privilege of publishing the official version of President Harrison's speeches.—Brooklyn Times.

Just at this moment Secretary Blaine is the best advertised man in the country. In one set of journals he is described as a very sick man; in another as merely enjoying a well deserved rest; while a third record him as playing possum and waiting for the presidential plum to drop into his palm. Which is right?—New York Daily News.

Mr. Blaine is all right, physically and intellectually. He has not indicated, as yet, his intention or feeling as to the presidential question. When the proper time arrives he will do so. If he consents to become the standard bearer his nomination will be made by acclamation in the next national republican convention.—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

THE HOMESTEAD COLONY.

Work of Improvement Began This Morning.

This morning work was commenced on the grading of the Homestead colony on the East Side. The contract has been awarded to Mr. Sam Montgomery, who proposes to make a perfect job of it.

The Homesteaders propose putting up a splendid building on the two acres reserved for the public hall. When the grading is finished it is intended to erect as soon as possible a number of cottages. The street car facilities, which have reached to within a short distance of the homestead, has made the property a great deal more valuable.

President Klotz is hustling around with a view of securing the indorsement of all the members of the recently formed Homestead Lyceum association. This is an auxiliary branch of the Homestead club, and is doing a good deal of good in the colony.

TWO MILLION LOSS.

Mitchell Brothers' Mills at Jennings, Mich., in Ashes.

LAKE CITY, Mich., July 9.—Mitchell Brothers' planing mill, yard and eight dwellings, together with 18,000,000 feet of lumber, was burned last night. The loss is placed at $2,000,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

JOHN SHERMAN ON SILVER.

The Question Discussed by the Mansfield Statesman.

He Says It Would Be Wild Lunacy to Disturb the Present Happy Tariff Affairs.

WASHINGTON, C. H., July 9.—Senator John Sherman, in a letter dated Mansfield, O., July 7, says, regarding the free coinage of silver:

I can appreciate the earnest demand of the producers of silver bullion that the United States should pay $1.29 an ounce for silver bullion which in the markets of the world has been for a series of years worth only about $1 an ounce, sometimes a little more, sometimes a little less; but I cannot appreciate why any farmer or any other producer should desire that the government should pay for any article more than its market value.

It would be better that the government should pay a dollar a bushel for wheat when it is worth less, but no sensible farmer would desire the government to embark in such an enterprise. The government should purchase the articles it needs like all other purchasers, at the market price.

The distinctions sought to be made in favor of silver is without just foundation. The government now buys in the open market more than the entire domestic production of silver bullion, because it needs it for coinage as the basis of treasury notes. I gladly contributed my full share to this measure, and would do anything in my power to advance the market value of silver to its legal ratio to gold, but this can only be done in concert with other commercial nations.

The attempt to do it by the United States alone would only demonstrate our weakness. To the extent that the enormous demand made by the existing law advances the price of silver the producer receives the benefit, and to-day the production of silver is probably the most profitable industry in the United States.

To ask more seems unreasonable, and if yielded would bring all our money to the single silver standard alone, demonetize gold, and detach the United States from the standards of the great commercial nations of the world.

The unreasonable demand for the free coinage of silver has nothing to do with the reasonable demand for the increase of the volume of money required by the increase of business and population of the United States. We have provided by existing law for the increase of money to an amount greater than the increase of business and population, but even if more money is required there are many ways of providing it without cheapening the purchasing power of our money and making a wide difference between the kinds of money in circulation based on silver and gold.

More than 92 per cent. of all payments is now made in checks, drafts and other commercial devices. All kinds of circulating notes are now equal to each other, and are kept at the gold standard by redemption and exchange. Our money and our credit are now equal or better than those of the most civilized nations of the world.

Our productions of every kind are increasing, and it seems to me almost wild lunacy for us to disturb the happy condition by changing the standard of all contracts, inducing special contracts payable in gold, and again paying gold to the capitalist and silver (at an exaggerated price) to the farmer, laborer, and pensioner.

I would not be true to my convictions of what is best for the good of my constituents if I did not frankly and firmly stand by my opinions, whatever may be the effect upon me personally.

My greatest obligations have been to the farmers of Ohio, and I would be unworthy of their trust and confidence if I did not beseech them to stand by the financial policy which will secure them the best results for their labor and productions, and the comfort and prosperity of all classes alike. Very truly yours,

JOHN SHERMAN.

ELLIOTT ON THE STAND.

Interest in the Murder Case at Fever Heat.

The Prisoner Goes Over the History of His Whole Life Before Reaching the Crime.

COLUMBUS, O., July 9.—As was expected W. J. Elliott, the defendant, took the stand this morning and testified in the Elliott murder trial. Interest in the trial reached a crisis and the court room was packed long before court opened in anticipation. Up to noon he had not reached the tragedy, occupying the time in giving the history of his life.

The scenes characterizing the Elliott murder trial yesterday were highly dramatic. P. J. Elliott, the brother of the defendant, and the one whose bullet ended the life of Osborn, was put on the stand to testify on behalf of his brother. In reciting the threats of the deceased against his brother and family the witness was overcome by emotion.

He stated that Osborn fired the first shot at his brother and was prepared for the defendants as they came up on the streets. He said that after he was struck by two bullets from Osborn's pistol he retreated to the street, but then turned and ran into the hat store to lay down, as he thought he was mortally wounded.

In there he was intercepted in his effort to get out by Osborn. In the scuffle the deceased's hands squeezed the witness's fingers pressed on his revolver and the shot following was the one which killed Osborn. At this time he claimed blood was spurting from his head through his hat caused by a wound made by Osborn, and he believed himself fatally injured.

Cross-examined by Attorney Booth, for the state, the witness went through a terrible ordeal. The hat worn by him was produced, and his attention called to the fact that there was not a drop of blood on the inside of it. During the examination the witness was asked: "Did you not shoot and kill Osborn when he was down, and did you not choke him after he was dead?"

In replying the witness turned pale, and starting to arise in a forcible effort, he sank back in his chair, and his reply of "No, sir," was given in a tremor of voice.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

W. & L. E. MINERS ANXIOUS

To Go Back to Work---Toledo Superintendents Meet.

Earnings of Local Railroads—Various Little Liners Here and There Along the Rail.

It looks to-day as if an early settlement would be effected between the operators and the Wheeling & Lake Erie miners who are out for shorter hours. About three-fourths of the men are anxious to accept the terms offered by the company and will go back to work. There are a few troublesome characters who will try to create a disturbance. The officials say that they will stand no nonsense and the unruly element will have to keep away from the mouth of the mines. Everything will be running smoothly by the first of next week.

Toledo Superintendents.

A meeting of the Toledo Superintendent's association was held yesterday afternoon. Nothing but routine business was transacted. The hour at which the meetings have been held heretofore, 10 a. m., has been very inconvenient for the out-of-town members, and commencing with the next meeting, August 10, they will be called at 1 p. m. This will give the members time to get in town and eat their dinners before settling down to business. The next meeting will be an important one.

Earnings of Local Roads.

The earnings of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad for the first week in July, 1891, were $26,490, an increase of $5,195, compared with the corresponding week of last year.

The earnings of the Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati railroad for the first week in July were $6,659.20, an increase of $481.41 over the same week of 1890.

The earnings of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad for the month of June as stated in the BEE yesterday had the cart before the horse. The increase of $12,306 should have been for June, 1891. The earnings for the month were $113,061, a very good showing.

A Few Cinders.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie boys are organizing a ball club.

Wm. O'Meara, of the T., A. A. & N. M., is confined to his home by illness.

Purchasing Agent F. S. Chandler, of the T. A. A. & N. M., is up in Michigan.

The Lake Shore is going to locate a depot at the junction with Dorr street.

The Wheeling & Lake Erie will be running its trains into Wheeling by August.

A meeting of the agents of the Erie dispatch has been called at Montreal July 22.

John T. Gamble, traveling passenger agent of the T. & O. C., is out on a Michigan trip.

J. W. Slosson, general agent of the Denver and Rio Grande at Chicago, is in Toledo to-day.

General manager J. M. Ferris, of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad, is in Cleveland to-day.

Ohio is credited with 102 miles of new track laid between January 1 and July 1, 1891.

J. L. Campbell, general agent of the Cotton Belt, was in town yesterday afternoon.

A rate of one fare for the round trip has been authorized to the democratic state convention at Cleveland July 13 and 14.

The Michigan Passenger association has authorized a rate of one fare for the round trip to the Detroit exposition August 24 to September 4.

A meeting of the railway postal clerks will be held at Cincinnati, July 15, for the purpose of perfecting a national organization. Representatives of each of the eleven divisions will be in attendance.

HEAVY REAL ESTATE DICKER.

Father Hannin Makes a $25,000 Sale—To be Put on the Market.

Rev. Edward Hannin has sold for $25,000 a plat of land owned by the St. Patrick's church on Western avenue to certain parties here in Toledo, which after platting will be placed on the market in a month or so. The death of Bishop Gilmour delayed the perfecting of the title, but arrangements have all been completed whereby negotiations will be closed.

The money secured from the sale of the land, which included 45 very desirable lots, will go to the building of the proposed new church, the plans and specifications for which it is understood are being prepared. This will give quite an impetus to the project.

THE PARNELL DEFEAT.

The Press Comments Cabled from London.

DUBLIN, July 9.—The Parnellite press is very much dejected by the result of the election in Carlow. The Freeman's Journal declared that there is no more chance for Ireland obtaining home rule than there is of her getting the moon. The paper adds. "The electors have abandoned their independence for the British party yoke."

The Dublin Express, conservative, says that "English will learn from Carlow that the Irish tenant farmer, when not actuated by insane land-hunger, is a puppet in the hands of the Roman Catholic priests and unfit to be an elector."

The National Press (McCarthyite) says: "The Carlow men dealt the death blow to the faction of Parnell from which there is no longer any peril. It is merely a temporary nuisance. The insolence of the self-constituted dictator has been rebuked."

IGNORANCE OR INNOCENCE

Gets a Pretty Girl Into Trouble.—She has a Hearing Before U. S. Commissioner Hall.

The misfortune a pretty face may often be to a girl was unhappily and aptly illustrated in a case that came before U. S. Commissioner Hall for hearing this morning. Lena Rush, a clerk in the post office, at Seline, was recently arrested by U. S. Marshal Wade on a charge of purloining money from letters passing through her hands in the post office. To Inspector Hamilton of the post office department, she admitted having taken certain moneys not amounting to over three dollars. She claims the money was taken for the purpose of helping her mother pay the rent. The girl, who is of prepossessing appearance, and is either very innocent or very ignorant, which amounts in some cases to one and the same thing, excited the sympathy of everyone who heard the story in Judge Ricks's court room in the United States court this morning. She sobbed bitterly, and when Commissioner Hall asked her if she was prepared to furnish bond for her appearance at the next term of court, she did not seem to understand him, and for the first time appeared to realize the position she was in. She was understood to say that her only friend was her mother, and no one else knew of her predicament.

Postmaster Wm. McKee stated the circumstances under which it came to his knowledge that the girl had taken money.

Speaking to a BEE reporter Mr. McKee said that the girl had hitherto borne an excellent character. She was a good girl and he was exceedingly sorry for her. When the matter of bonds which was placed at $200 came up, United States Marshal Wade kindly volunteered to go her bond till such time as she could make other arrangements.

Miss Rush dresses very neatly, and the impression seems to prevail that it was love of dress instead of a desire to help her mother, that caused her to make the misstep. The case, however, is a very trivial one, and will not probably go further. It will be a lesson to her, and must do her good.

A recent traveler in Mexico says the natives are unwilling to adopt modern ways, and it is nearly impossible to make them change. An Englishman engaged in mining put up a hoisting plant, but found at once that it was money thrown away, as the workmen would not consent to its use. They had long been accustomed to carry the ore in sacks supported by a broad canvass band passing over their foreheads, and to receive so much for each sack delivered at the mouth of the shaft. To get it there an ascent of over 200 feet had to be made by means of ladders, and accordingly progress was very slow. But nothing would induce them to use the hoisting machinery, and it had to be abandoned, every man working in the old fashion.

Hydrophobia!

Dogs transmit it through their teeth. Teeth should be kept free from virus. Use SOZODONT, keep the human teeth clean, and no damage can be done by the man who says to his girl, "I feel like eating you up, dearest."

DRINK LION COFFEE
A True Combination of MOCHA, JAVA and RIO.
Picture Card Given With every pound package. For Sale everywhere. Woolson Spice Co., Toledo, O.

There Is
a deal of difference between a Dinner Set and
A Dinner Set!
It isn't always the number of pieces that count. We can sell you a 130-piece Set cheaper than one of 121 pieces.
It's the COMPOSITION.
And there is another point--
QUALITY!
There's the rub; and there's the point where we can stop talking Dinner Sets for a while and say,
Come and See Us.
L. HASSENZAHL,
232 and 234 Summit St.

We have the well earned reputation of having the Largest and Best arranged Stock of Modern and Classic Sheet Music, also Bound Volumes of such, in Toledo. Headquarters for Guitars, Banjos and Mandolins, of the leading makers.
AT PRICES JUST RIGHT.
IGNAZ FISCHER,
THE MUSIC DEALER,
229 Summit St. Ground Floor.

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE the Board of Lucas County Armory Trustees will receive sealed proposals until 12 o'clock, noon,

MONDAY, JULY 27th,

at the office of the clerk of said board, at office of Isaac D. Smeads, 129 Huron street, Toledo, Ohio, for furnishing the necessary material and labor required in the erection and completion of the Lucas County Armory Building, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of L. G. Welker, architect, Marine building, corner of Jefferson and Water streets, Toledo, Ohio.

Separate proposals will be received for the construction of trusses over drill hall.

All proposals must be written with ink and upon blanks furnished by the board. No other proposals will be considered. Both proposals must contain the full name of every person interested in the same.

All parties filing proposals for the performance of the work specified in this notice shall deposit with the clerk of the Board of Armory Trustees, with each proposal, a bond of five thousand ($5,000) dollars, satisfactory to the board, that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into.

Blanks can be obtained from the architect.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of L. G. Welker, architect.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

By order of the Board of Armory Trustees.
ISAAC D. SMEAD, Chairman.
R. F. HUGHES, Clerk.
9jy 15t

ASK YOUR GROCER
—FOR—
BRENZINGER'S
"CHOICE"
AND GENUINE
VIENNA :-: BREAD

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY,
BEECHAM'S PILLS
For Bilious and Nervous Disorders.
"Worth a Guinea a Box" but sold for 25 Cents,
BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

"SORRY, BUT SHALL HAVE TO LET YOU GO."
Thousands of delicate young ladies are employed in fashionable Dry Goods, Millinery, and other stores, where through the long day they are constantly on their feet. Among this class, some of the worst cases of female diseases occur. There is no rest, and, when their ill-health becomes apparent, they are at once discharged. To such, the aid and sympathy of Mrs. Pinkham are always available.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound
removes at once those pains, aches, and weaknesses, brightens the spirits, and invigorates the system.
Sold by all Druggists as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.
Send stamp for "Guide to Health and Etiquette," a beautiful illustrated book.
Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.
Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

SCROFULA

eczema,
tetter, boils,
ulcers, sores,
rheumatism, and
catarrh, cured
by taking

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

It
purifies,
vitalizes, invigorates,
and enriches
the blood.

Has Cured Others
will cure you.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

GERMAN Sweet Chocolate.

The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.

Served as a drink or eaten as Confectionery, it is a delicious Chocolate.

The genuine is stamped upon the wrapper, S. German, Dorchester, Mass.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

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"DRESSY MEN"

Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the

Newest Designs in Woolens!

Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

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Guns
Fishing
Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

H. C. RUSHMORE
311 MONROE STREET.
NEAR SUMMIT.

Don't Get It Into Your Head
when you go by
MERRELL BROS.
At the corner of Monroe and Huron,
that they handle nothing but old traps.

If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.

These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

PICTURE FRAMES
AND ENLARGING.

A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

F. A. MOHR,
314 OAK ST., NEAR SUMMIT.

STORAGE
AND GENERAL TRUCKING.
Covered Vans for Furniture!
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.
The Moreton Truck and Storage Co.

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CHEMIST!
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CROCKER-WHEELER
PERFECTED
ELECTRIC MOTORS
From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.
Most Efficient Motor on the Market.
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Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

An Old Story
By a Politician in Days of Southern Chivalry.

If you call a man a liar in the North "he falls to a takin' on ye on tent." Call a man a liar in the South and he "fa'ls to 'a huntin' on ye." When you tell people that WEBER sells Shoes cheaper than any store in Toledo they all speak at once and say, "right you are; that's where we trade."

DR. OTTO SASSE
Formerly assistant physician in Prof. Krause Klinik at Berlin.
433 Huron Street.
OFFICE HOURS—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m. Sunday, 12 to 1. Formerly Dr. Evans dental office. Residence, 1825 Collingwood avenue. Phone 136.

KARL :-: MATHEIS
Fine Funeral Furnishings!
Removed to 428 Summit St.
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms 5 and 6 Kaufman Building.
157 Superior St. TOLEDO, O

DR. J. T. LAWLESS
has removed his office and residence to
205 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

ALONE.

I miss you, my darling, my darling,
The embers burn low on the hearth;
And still is the stir of the household,
And hushed is the voice of its mirth;
The rain plashes fast on the terrace,
The winds past the lattices moan,
The midnight chimes out from the minster,
And I am alone.

I want you, my darling, my darling;
I'm tired with care and with fret;
I would nestle in silence beside you,
And all but your presence forget,
In the hush of the happiness given
To those who through trusting have grown
To the fullness of love in contentment;
But I am alone.

I call you, my darling, my darling!
My voice echoes back on the heart;
I stretch my arms to you in longing,
And, lo! they fall empty apart;
I whisper the sweet words you taught me,
The words that we only have known,
Till the blank of the dumb air is bitter,
For I am alone.

I need you, my darling, my darling!
With its yearnings my very heart aches;
The load that divides us weighs harder;
I shrink from the jar that it makes,
Old sorrows rise up to beset me;
Old doubts make my spirit their own.
Oh, come through the darkness and save me,
For I am alone.

—[Robert J. Burdette.

BEESWAX.

There are 23 acres of land to every inhabitant of the globe.

"E" is the most frequently used letter in the alphabet; then comes "T."

The earnings of the average practicing barrister do not exceed $1,500 a year.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic cable to the other.

St. Louis, Mo., was named in honor of Louis XV, of France. The name originally applied to a depot established at this point February 15, 1764, by Pierre Laclede Siquest.

Kansas has a human barometer. It is a boy whose hair kinks all over, it is said, three days before a storm, and remains that way until pleasant weather again arrives.

During the course of a trial against the Texas & Pacific railway, at Honey Grove, Texas, for damages, the fact was brought to light that there are two mules in Fannin county over thirty-five years of age. The animals belong to Marshal Galbraith, one of the wealthiest and best farmers in the county, and have been in his possession since before the late war. They were used the present season to work a crop, and show little evidence of their remarkable longevity.

Dragon's blood, a vegetable substance obtained from the fruits of several small palms in the East Indies, was in great demand many years ago among young women who wished to win back their recreant lovers, they burning a small lump of it, with a certain form of incantation.

One of the largest nuggets of virgin gold ever found in America is in the possession of Mr. Alfred Berke, of St. Louis. It came from an Arizona mine and weighs a trifle more than 37 ounces. There is very little alloy in the nugget, and it is valued at $600.

A Norwegian living in the sixteenth century was accounted a master hand at minute contrivances. In proof of this it is recorded that he made 16,000 dishes of turned ivory, in every respect without a flaw, and so tiny that all of them could be safely cradled in a pepper-corn cup of usual size.

There is a six-year-old Chinese girl in San Francisco that has blue eyes and flaxen hair. That she is a full-blooded Chinese was established in the course of unsuccessful proceedings recently taken by the authorities to have her taken away from her parents on the ground that she was a white child.

Insanity among Hebrews is increasing. In the lunatic asylums of Prussia the number of Hebrews is said to have nearly quadrupled in 16 years. According to the statistics of the German empire there are 389 insane Hebrews in every 100,000 of their number, against 241 insane Protestants and 237 insane Roman Catholics in the 100,000.

One of the most beneficent inventions recently reported is a typewriting machine which can be easily and effectively operated by the blind. It is confidently stated that those who are deprived of sight can work the machine with as much certainty as those who can check with their eyes the work of their fingers.

Washington is the only city of a quarter of a million inhabitants in the Union that has no factory girls. The lack of manufacturing and commercial enterprises reduces the working women to a minimum. A few are employed in retail stores, photographic galleries and private offices, but the majority who earn their living are in government offices.

A curious wedding took place recently in Ashley, Northamptonshire, England. The contracting parties were a man aged 76 and a woman aged 77. The bands had been published in church 56 years ago, but they separated and married different people. The wife of the one and the husband of the other dying, they found themselves at liberty to renew their engagement, and have now married presumably for the last time.

An enormous flight of eagles was seen lately from the village of Bjelgorod, in southern Russia. They numbered into the hundreds, it is told, "and during their passage obscured the rays of the sun. They alighted in a forest, and, after departing, it was found that they had devoured ten horses, several sheep and a vast number of smaller animals."

Saginaw Bay was at one time the greatest fishing grounds of the great lakes, but it is so no more. The cause of the falling off is traceable to sawmills and salt blocks. Every winter the salt blocks throw some of their refuse matter upon the ice and into the river, and this in time finds its way to the bay and is washed upon the spawning and feeding ground of the fish.

Flinders Petrie has made another "find" in Egypt, at Maydum, where he has unearthed the oldest Egyptian temple of which there is any knowledge, and the only pyramid temple yet discovered. It was buried under 40 feet of rubbish, and belongs to the old empire. Hieratic inscriptions in black paint within the chambers fix the name of the builder as Senefern, a king connecting the third and fourth dynasties.

The largest vessel on record in the old times was one built by Ptolemy Philopater, king of Egypt. She is said to have been 420 feet long, 56 feet broad, 72 feet high from the keel to the top of the prow, and 80 feet to the top of the poop. She had four helms of 60 feet and her largest oars were 56 feet long. She had 4000 rowers, 400 cabin boys or servants, 2,820 marines to do duty on deck, besides being provided with immense stores of arms and ammunition.

"Silver thaw" is a name applied to winter phenomenon of frequent occurrence at Ben Nevis observatory. It consists of rain falling when the air is below freezing point and congealing whenever it reaches the ground. Of course this points to an inversion of the temperature, which is lower on the mountain top than at greater heights, and, being largely associated with a cyclonic distribution of pressure, it is of considerable "forecasting" value.

A man living south of Atchison recently came into possession of a number of cattle hides, but had no way of getting them into the city to market except to carry them on his back. He put them into two gunny sacks, three in each sack. He could only carry one sack at a time, but he carried one sack half a mile and deposited it by the roadside, going back after the other. This he continued until he reached the town. He was afterwards given employment by the man to whom the hides were sold.

Progressive hammocks is the latest craze. The one getting up the affair swings a lot of hammocks in shady places, and then gets a lot of pretty girls to swing in the hammocks and rigs up a bell. The young fellows pay so much to get in and then pick a hammock. Every time the bell rings they are obliged to move to another hammock. After that they vote for the best conversationist and have to pay for each vote. Any young man found with powder or a long hair on his coat is soaked with a heavy fine.

Mademba, king of Segon, Africa, who was elevated to his present position by Colonel Archinard, was formerly in the French telegraph service in Africa. Mademba is a native of the country over which he at present rules, but was formerly controller of telegraphs at Senegal. Before accepting his regal state he made it a condition that his name should continue to be inscribed on the list of telegraph servitors, and that his situation of king should be considered as subservient to that of his original employment.

The most important improvements in practical medicine in the United States of late years have been in surgery in its various branches. This country has led the way in the litigation of some of the larger arteries, in the removal of abdominal tumors, in the treatment of diseases and injuries peculiar to women and of spinal affections, as well of deformities of various kinds. Above all we were the first to show the use of anæsthetics—the most important advance made during the century.

OF INTEREST AS HISTORY

Col. McClure Hauls Nicolay Over the Coals.

A Campaign in 1864 Brought Back to Mind.

Abraham Lincoln Said to Have Preferred the Nomination of a Southern Vice President.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Col. A. K. McClure pays his respects to Mr. Nicolay in the Times this morning as follows:

The ignorance exhibited by John G. Nicolay in his public telegram to the widow of ex-Vice President Hamlin is equaled only by his arrogance in assuming to speak for Abraham Lincoln in matters about which Nicolay was never consulted and of which he had no more knowledge than any other routine clerk about the white house.

I do not regret that Mr. Nicolay has rushed into a dispute that must lead to the clear establishment of the exact truth as to the defeat of Hamlin in 1864. It will surely greatly impair, if not destroy, Nicolay's hitherto generally accepted claim to accuracy as the biographer of Lincoln, but he can complain of none but himself.

I saw Abraham Lincoln at all hours of the day and night during his presidential service, and he has himself abundantly testified to the trust that existed between us.

Having had the direction of his battle in the pivotal state of the union, he doubtless accorded me more credit than I merited, as the only success in politics and war is success; and the fact that I never sought or desired honors or profits from his administration, and never embarrassed him with exactions of any kind, made our relations the most grateful memories of my life. In all of the many grave political emergencies arising from the new and often appalling duties imposed by internecine war, I was one of those called to the inner councils of Abraham Lincoln.

He distrusted his judgment in politics and was ever careful to gather the best counsels from all the varied shades of opinion and interest to guide him in his conclusions, and there were not only scores of confidential conferences in the white house of which John G. Nicolay never heard, but no man ever met or heard of John G. Nicolay in such councils. He was a good mechanical routine clerk, he was utterly inefficient as the secretary of the president; his removal was earnestly pressed upon Lincoln on more than one occasion because of his utter want of tact and fitness for his trust, and only the proverbial kindness of Lincoln saved him from dismissal.

He saw and knew President Lincoln; the man Abraham Lincoln he never saw and never knew; and his assumption that he was the trusted repository of Lincoln's confidential convictions and efforts would have been regarded as grotesque a quarter of a century ago, when Lincoln and his close surroundings were well understood.

His biography of Lincoln is invaluable as an accurate history of the public acts of the Lincoln administration, but there is not a chapter or page on the inner personal attributes of the man that is not burdened with unpardonable errors. Nicolay was a plodding, precise, mechanical clerk, well fitted to preserve historical data and present it intelligently and correctly, but there his fitness as a biographer ended.

I now repeat that in obedience to a telegraphic request from President Lincoln, I visited him at the white house the day before the Baltimore convention of 1864.

At that interview Mr. Lincoln earnestly explained why the nomination of a well-known southern man like Andrew Johnson, who had been congressman, governor and senator by the favor of his state, would not only nationalize the republican party and the government, but will greatly lessen the grave peril of the recognition of the confederacy by England and France.

He believed that the election to the vice presidency of a representative statesman from an insurgent state that had been restored to the union would disarm the enemies of the republic abroad and remove the load of sectionalism from the government that seemed to greatly hinder peace.

No intimation, no trace of prejudice against Mr. Hamlin was exhibited, and I well knew that no such consideration could have influenced Mr. Lincoln in such an emergency.

Had he believed Mr. Hamlin to be the man who could best promote the great work whose direction fell solely upon himself he would have favored Hamlin's renomination regardless of his personal wishes, but he believed that a great public achievement would be attained by the election of Johnson, and I returned to Baltimore to work and vote for Johnson, although against all my personal predilection in the matter.

Mr Nicolay's telegram to Mrs. Hamlin saying that the foregoing statement "is entirely erroneous" is as insolent as it is false; and the correctness of my statement is not even inferentially contradicted by Nicolay's quotation from Lincoln. On the contrary, Nicolay's statement given in his history (vol. 9, pages 72-3, and copied in another column) proves simply that Nicolay was dress parading at Baltimore and knew nothing of the president's purposes.

True, he seems to assume that he had reasonable charge of the executive duties, as he says that "Mr. Nicolay wrote a letter to Mr. Hay, who had been left in charge of the executive office," asking whether Leonard Swett, one of the president's most intimate friends, was "all right," in urging the nomination of Judge Advocate General Holt for vice president.

Had Nicolay ever learned anything in the white house he would have known, of all living men Leonard Swett was the one most trusted by Abraham Lincoln, and he should have known when Swett was opposing Hamlin, Lincoln was not yearning for Hamlin's renomination. Then comes Lincoln's answer to Nicolay's bombastic query, saying: "Swett is unquestionably all right," and because Lincoln did not proclaim himself a fool by giving Nicolay all opportunity to herald Lincoln's sacredly private convictions as to the vice presidency, he assumes that he has "Lincoln's written words" to justify his contradiction of a circumstantial statement and executed purpose of which he could have had no knowledge.

When Leonard Swett was against Hamlin none could escape the conclusion that opposition to Hamlin was no offense to Lincoln. I saw and conferred with Swett almost every hour of the convention, and Swett made Holt, who was an impossible candidate, a mere foil to divide and conquer the supporters of Hamlin.

Had Lincoln desired Hamlin's nomination Swett would have desired and labored for it, and Hamlin would have been nominated on the first ballot. The convention was a Lincoln body, pure and simple, and no man could have been put on the ticket with Lincoln who was not known to be his choice. It was not proclaimed, but it was in the air, and pretty much everybody but John G. Nicolay scented and bowed to it.

Of the few men who enjoyed Lincoln's complete confidence, Charles A. Dana was conspicuous, and his statement given in another column, is as credible testimony as could now be given on the subject. He was trusted by Lincoln in most delicate matters, political and military, and he logically tells of Johnson's "selection by Lincoln" for the vice presidency in 1864. With Dana's correct corroboration of my statement, added to the strongly corroborative facts herein given, I may safely dismiss John G. Nicholay, and the dispute his mingled ignorance and arrogance has thrust upon me.

A. K. M.

Postponed Excursion.

The excursion to Put-in-Bay of the Ladies' Aid association for the benefit of Hotel Industry that was postponed on account of the accident to the City of Toledo, will be given Saturday, July 11. Tickets sold for the previous date will be honored. Tickets for sale at Van Stone's, I. N. Reed's, Brown, Eager & Hull's, The Criterion, Leland's art store and Spohn's drug store on Monroe street.

NASBY COUNCIL'S RIDE

To the Lake Last Evening—Dancing and Singing the Order.

A large and merry party of ladies and gentlemen, members of Nasby Council, national union, with ladies and friends, enjoyed a ride out into the bay last evening on the City of Toledo. Everything was done to make the trip a pleasant one.

Dancing and vocal and instrumental music was enjoyed. Will Stackhouse and the following young gentlemen gathered around him: Chas. O'Brien, Gus Leibius, Harry Buckwell, Al Eldridge, Geo. W. Stevens, Ed Pixley, Wm. Effler, Geo. Brayley and Eugene Mettler. They sang the O. Y. C. chorus, "Don't You Hear Dem Bells," "Keep Your Feet in the Sand," "Honey In De Comb," and many other songs that were very enjoyable. Singing can be thoroughly enjoyed on the City of Toledo, as there is very little motion of the boat and no appreciable noise of machinery, as is the case with most boats. In the cabin it is as quiet as a parlor.

The reception committee was composed of W. S. Stackhouse, R. F. Wilson, C. W. Peake, W. F. Sapp, Bert Dawson, J. A. Mulaney and F. W. Thomas.

The wants of the dancers were attended to by J. J. Whalen, L. S. White, C. F. Miller and D. J. Redding, who had charge of the floor.

J. J. Whalen, W. S. Stackhouse, L. S. White, C. W. Nichols, P. H. Sugrue, W. F. Sapp and Joe Galloway served on the entertainment committee. It was a most enjoyable occasion.

FARMERS TO JOIN A COMBINE

They are in a Scheme to Get Higher Prices.

The Most Suspicious Thing About It is That It First Saw the Light of Day in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 9.—A morning paper devotes three columns to the publication of what purports to be a circular to be issued to the farmers of the nation unfolding the developement of a plan to force up the price of the present crop of wheat.

The paper says: "It is proposed to withhold this year's wheat crop from market until the farmers can get their own price, or at least a price considerably above the average. It suggests a great combination of the six million members of farmers' organizations, including the 2,000,000 members of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union, the 1,000,000 members of the Colored National Farmers' Alliance of the north, the 800,000 members of the Farmers' Mutual Benevolent association, the 600,000 members of the Patrons of Husbandry, the 150,000 members of the Patrons of Industry, and the 150,000 members of the Farmers' league. Impressed by the failure of the Butterworth option bill and other measures to prevent trading in futures on farm products, the farmers are now, through their official advisers at east, proposing to go on a strike for higher prices. Legislation is declared to be too slow and ineffectual, and as the conditions of the crop and the market appear auspicious the producers, when organized, may hope to form a combination that will result in profit to all agriculturists.

"The circular makes an argument of the evils of option dealing and the tricks in which speculators resort to in order to prevent the farmer from realizing good prices; gives the goverment estimates on the present crop: estimates that the country will have 144,000,000 bushels of export; sets forth the shortage in the crops of Europe; declares that there is no chance of failure in the attempt to realize higher prices; urges all members of the farmers' organization to hold their grain until the price shall advance to $1.35 per bushel at New York, and points out that by so doing a profit of $100,000,000 is sure to accrue to them within a few weeks. It urges them to take this stand even at the expense of being pinched for money for a time.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.—Referring to the circular purporting to come from Alliance sources as to the storing of wheat and other farm products to "shorten" the market, President J. B. Dines of the National Business Agents' Association of the Alliance, said to-day that the national officers had given some attention to the matter. Mr. Dines said he did not believe that the movement would be general. As the matter stands now, tests are to be made in two states—Kansas and Georgia. In a section of the former grains will be stored, while the farmers of Georgia will hold back cotton. This movement will have the cordial support of the United Alliance and the result will be watched with interest by the farmers everywhere throughout the country.

SPORTING.

Yesterday's Games

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Cleveland	Vian—	1	5	3	1	3
Boston	Clarkson—	4	8	1	2	2
Cincinnati	Rhines—	9	10	3	1	3
Brooklyn	Terry—	5	14	2	2	3
Chicago	Hutchinson—	8	8	2	1	9
Philadelphia	Gleason—	7	9	5	0	4
Pittsburg	Baldwin—	5	10	3	3	4
New York	Welsh—	11	17	2	0	3

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Boston	O'Brien—	8	12	4	0	3
St. Louis	Griffith—	7	5	6	1	4

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee 7, Minneapolis 3.
Lincoln 4, Denver 6.
Omaha 25, Kansas City 1.
Duluth 3, Sioux City 9.

The Ivys challenge the Speranzas for Sunday, July 19, on Auburndale grounds for $5 a side, at 9:30 a m.—Captain Ivy's base ball club.

The Ivys accept the challenge of the Lillies for Sunday, July 12th, on St Clair street grounds at 2:30 p m, for $25 or more.—Captain Ivy's base ball club.

All members of the Maroon base ball club are requested to meet at their usual meeting place this evening. Important business.—Mgr Maroon base ball club.

The Maroons accept the challenge of the Atlantic's for a game of ball Sunday, July 12, on their grounds. Game to be called at 2:30 p m. —Mgr Maroon base ball club.

Narrow Escape.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 9.—A passenger train on the Holyoke & Westfield railroad which left Westfield at 7:30 o'clock this morning had a very narrow escape from being wrecked near the South street crossing at Holyoke. A switch had been left open on a side track and the train was turned to it, the engine dashing into the rear of a line of freight cars standing on the siding. The engine was badly damaged while the rear of the freight train was overturned and demolished. The fireman and baggagemaster were injured, the latter seriously. The passengers beyond a severe shaking up, escaped injury.

Must Go to Prison.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—A special to the Picayune from Opalousas, says: In the supreme court, last night, opinions were read in the cases of the state v Thomas McChrystol and the state v Bernard Glaude, affirming the decision of the criminal court of the parish of Orleans, and consigning the accused to the penitentiary. Judge Fenner holds that the statute embraced tales jurors as well as regular jurors, and he further holds that the two indictments were properly worded.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, hysteria, headache, neuralgia and nervous prostration cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at druggists; by mail 10c. Miles Med. Co., Elkhardt, Ind.

Cannot Head the Waters Off.

ATCHISON, Kan.—The Missouri river has carried out several hundred feet of the expensive dykes built by the government for the protection of East Atchison two years ago. The current also threatens the other dykes.

Closed by the Sheriff.

MEMPHIS, Ten., July 9.—Bejach & Co., dealers in drygoods, were closed by the sheriff yesterday on attachment aggregating $40,000. The principal creditors are St. Louis, Cincinnati and Memphis houses.

If you are tired taking the large, old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

A WHITE BLACKBIRD.

And the Cause for the Peculiar Freak.

Commotion in a Colony of Birds—A Bantam Which Was Saved None Too Soon.

Among the colonies of French people who inhabit the borders of Ten Mile Creek and the bay shore are to be found myths and superstitions that existed in one form or another three or four hundred years ago. Not long since a party of fishermen were discussing stories piscatorial at Cramer's Inn on the creek, and among them was a well known Frenchman, who related the following story. Of course the relation of it will lack the vim and vigor that were given it by the French action and gestures which accompanied the tale.

"There is," he began, "an old woman living on the shore with her son, a fisherman, and she has been long looked upon as something of a seer.

She has in her possession a tame blackbird which speaks French and English fluently."

"A blackbird talk," exclaimed one of the listeners, "now give us something easy."

"It is true," said the Frenchman almost fiercely. It is the simplest thing in the world to teach a blackbird to talk. They are the easiest of birds to tame, and if taken when young, they can be made to talk by simply taking a piece of silver, sharpening it and splitting the bird's tongue. You have heard of talking magpies and jackdaws, and none of them can equal a blackbird when well trained. During the long winter nights the old lady, who, by the way, is quite a romancer, enjoys lengthy talks with the bird. The story which I am about to tell you was told to her by the blackbird, and is known in every hut and cottage along the bay shore and believed as firmly as any text in scripture.

"It appears that a year or two ago a white blackbird was discovered among the flock that haunted the vicinity of Lang's fruit and grain farm, and it is of this white blackbird that the story is told. If Gunckel was telling the story I would expect to see it appear in the BEE under a heading something like this:

"'THE WHITE BLACKBIRD,

"'OR THE STRANGE ADVENTURES OF BILLY WARNER'S PET BANTAM.'

"When the bird was first hatched there was a great commotion, as you may surmise, in the colony. It was several days before the fact was noised about, for the mother was evidently ill at ease and had decided if possible to keep the matter secret. Of course such matters cannot be kept from the public, and in the colony of blackbirds it was simply impossible. As is the case of a similar misdemeanor in the human family, the fledgling was a matter of more or less interest to the entire colony, and when it became known that a white blackbird had become attached to the flock the surprise and consternation was great.

The gossips hinted and insinuated, and at last the matter was called to the attention of the general council. This council, it appears, held somewhat the position of a tribunal where criminals who departed from the paths of rectitude were called to trial. The leader or presiding judge, as he might be called, was an old-timer, and had lived around Lang's and Billy Warner's for more years than he had feathers in his tail. The old boy was quite an exemplary fellow, and more or less of a disciplinarian. The mother of the nest was called to account and asked to explain the strange phenomenon. She remained discreetly silent, and this silence was of course construed as the evidence of guilt. She had during her several years of existence on the creek established one of the best reputations of any bird in the colony, and it was a matter of surprise and regret to every member to learn of her mishap. One of the strongest witnesses against her was an old bird, known as the wag and vagrant of the colony. Under usual circumstances his evidence would have been impeached. It was evident that the reputation of the inhabitants was at stake, and something had got to be done. Some one had to suffer, and from the first the mother was the subject of suspicion.

"The substance of the evidence of this witness was that she (the mother) had been a regular visitor to Billy Warner's, and quite a crony of a white bantam, the property of Uncle Billy. This was corroborated by several witnesses, and among them was her mate, a very sober, conservative bird, not given to gossip or of a suspicious nature. The tribunal promptly returned a verdict of guilty, and the death penalty was passed, not on the offending female, as in human society, but on the vagrant and wanton bantam.

"The morning after the verdict was rendered, there was a commotion at Uncle Billy's. His prize bantam had disappeared. He accused a number of coons whose reputation as chicken lifters was of the best. He even consulted with Major Leflet as to the advisability of arresting the offenders. Three days later, however, upon going to the hencoop, he found the white bantam had once more returned, as plump and fresh and vigorous as ever. It was a strange thing, and the first time in his experience that a stolen chicken had been returned. He was inclined to believe it was a sign that the world was coming to an end, and Uncle Billy, while not generally of a religious turn, prayed hard and fast for fully a week.

"In the colony, too, there was a great deal of excitement, and the story as told by the old lady's bird is almost beyond credence. It appears that the hen, in order to save the bantam, whom she knew to be innocent, made a full confession. The confession, briefly told, was this: She was taking a sun bath under a log one warm summer day when two men in a boat suddenly appeared. To her consternation the men anchored close to the log. One of them began the recital of a story regarding his shooting and fishing powers, that so frightened the poor bird that she trembled with apprehension. In fact so badly was she scared that several tail feathers suddenly turned white, and it was not till after they had gone that she recovered from the swoon into which she had fallen. The morning following the egg, from which the white bird was hatched, appeared in the nest."

"Who were the two men?" inquired the judge sternly.

"They were Gunckel and Valois," she answered.

"Was it Gunckel told the story?" he inquired.

"It was."

"Well, that accounts for it very satisfactorily," said the judge, "and you stand acquitted."

"The hen was promptly set free, and the white blackbird is still a mark for huntsmen at Lang's bend."

Voting day in Japan presents some curious sights. The voters have to don their best garments and proceed to the voting counter, there to ballot without any parleying, as soon after 8 o'clock as possible. After casting their ballot they make a bow to the assemblage present, in which their head nearly strikes the floor, and retire as silently as they came.

Our immense stock of piece goods for suitings and trouserings has dwindled down to remnants. We must rid ourselves of these odds and ends before July 1, '91. Experience has taught us only one sure and rapid way, and that is a sweeping reduction on our already low prices on Suiting and Trousering.

It will pay you to call on us.

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344 SUMMIT ST., TOLEDO, O.

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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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COL. A. L. BRESLER, Supt.

Intelligent Readers will notice that

Tutt's Pills

are not "warranted to cure" all classes of diseases, but only such as result from a disordered liver, viz:

Vertigo, Headache, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Costiveness, Bilious Colic, Flatulence, etc.

For these they are not warranted infallible, but are as nearly so as it is possible to make a remedy. Price, 25cts.

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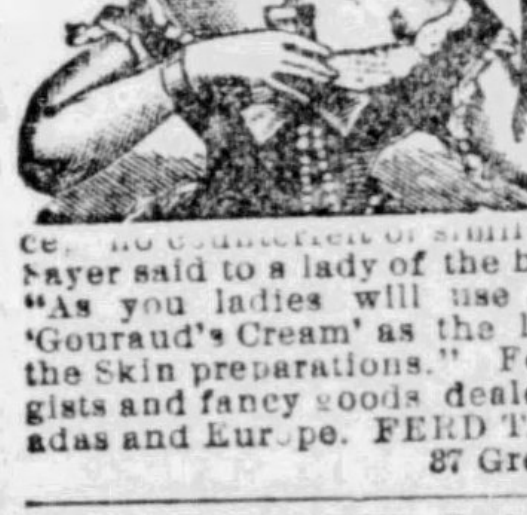

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Pro., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

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Best Service! Scales on Wagons!
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Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of LADIES. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, take no substitute, or inclose $1 in letter, and we will send, sealed by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit Mich.

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ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT

OUR IMPROVED
WIRE SCREENS!
Are far in advance of all others in make durability. They are finished in hard or soft wood, any colored desired, with the best quality of shade cloth or hardware. Our screens slide like a sash, and may be used at top window as well as lower part. Do not disfigure your homes by cheaply made screens, but secure the best at
TOLEDO WIRE & IRON WORKS
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Salesman Wanted
On salary or commission to handle the new Chemical Liquid Court Plaster.
The greatest selling novelty ever produced; it relieves and quickly cures all ordinary cuts, burns, bruises and embrasures of the skin; 100 to 200 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $100 in 6 days; another $10 in two hours; we want one energetic general agent in each state and territory. For terms and particulars address, with stamp, EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO. LaCrosse, Wis.

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Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.
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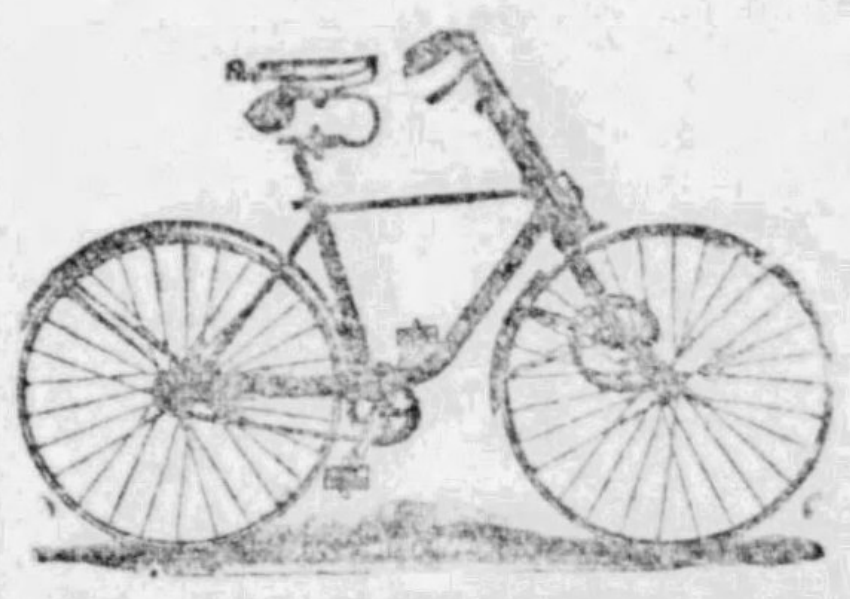

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AT COST--FOR CASH
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LOWEST PRICES IN TOLEDO!
THE DAUDT GLASS AND CROCKERY CO.
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SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE
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John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
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All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage Mnfrs.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL
We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from, and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.
We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.
We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.
We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains. Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.
Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.
OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

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NEARLY OPPOSITE P. O., COR. MADISON AND SUMMIT STREETS, TOLEDO, O.
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If you failed to pass, prepare for examination. Rates: 5 weeks, $4. Bring your books who
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FEATHERSTONE'S PNEUMATIC!
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If you want a Watch, or anything in the Jewelry line, and want a little time on them, call at No. 13 Adams Block (up stairs), cor. Adams and St. Clair Sts., and see
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STELLAR -:- KEY -:- FLOUR
AT FALLIS & CO.'S, 603 MONROE ST. Phone 1033.

TOLEDO REAL ESTATE

Two Additions Platted and Put on the Market.

Abstracters Report an Active Business.

Transfers for the Week—The Building and Loan Associations—Brief Notes of Interest.

Real estate is somewhat livelier than last week. Dealers report the market steady with a good demand for a certain kind of property. No large deals were made during the week, though several are reported on the tapis. About the only property moving are lots for improvements. Workingmen are cutting quite a figure in Toledo real estate by purchasing lots for homes. Inquiry generally relates to outside property, there being but very little stir in inside property.

The outlook for rousing crops were never better. The yield of wheat the country over is greater than ever before. Everything points to a bright and prosperous future in real estate.

Abstractors Busy.

"Real estate is lively considering every thing," said E. A. Wilson to a BEE. "There never was a time, that I remember of, when abstracting was any better. We have all we can attend to, and I guess the others are equally as busy. This is a splendid indication of a good real estate movement, as the abstract of title is the first step in the consummation of a deal. Prospects are very bright for big business this fall."

New Additions.

Two more additions were placed on the market this week.

Walton Brothers' addition is a part of the territory opened up by the extension of Putnam street. The tract is bounded by Cherry street, Islington street, Fulton street, Delaware avenue and Franklin avenue. It is intersected by Rosalind and Melrose streets. The addition comprises all of lot 1 and 205.53 feet of lot 2 of the Collins' addition, excepting 2,846 acres bounded by Cherry street, Melrose street and Rosalind street, owned by D. A. Collins, which has not been platted as yet. There is also a strip on Islington street from Cherry to Fulton, which has not been platted.

The addition consists of 107 lots, varying from 40 to 60 feet in width and 120 to 150 feet in length. The property is in a desirable locality, and will no doubt meet with ready demand.

Rooney's sub-division is that part of lot 839 of Port Lawrence division, bounded by Collingwood avenue, Wisconsin street and Missouri street. The addition embraces six lots, fronting on Collingwood avenue, 115 feet long. The corner lots are 87 feet wide, and the others 33.

The Opening of Putman Street.

Of the dedication of and extension of streets, the continuation of Putman street is the most important event that has been consummated in that line for two years.

Through the agency of this movement about 80 acres of farm land was made available for the market in platted form.

The property thus effected lies between Franklin avenue and Fulton street, and extends from Bancroft street to the center line of section 26, Port Lawrence township. The property is intersected by Machen, Weathrop, Batavia and Columbia streets. The land was originally owned by Wm. Batten, 189 acres; Harriet F. Harris, 4.985; George Roberts, 1.89; Lucy Brown, 4.985; H. Z. Phillips, 24.31; Leander Burdick, 4.986; August S. Frothingham, 5.302; Joel M. Gloyd, 5.302; Claflin and others, 17.952. The lines are already being established, and in a short time the carpenters will be busy at work transforming the farm into regular town property.

Semi-Annual Settlement.

The Mutual Aid Building and Loan association, July 1, closed six months' business of 1891, and on last Tuesday the usual semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. was declared to the stockholders. The association is in splendid condition and is becoming more popular every year. The following report for the six months, compared with the corresponding time in 1890, shows a wonderful increase

	1890	1891
Receipts	$ 46,510	$ 85,881
Stock issued	155,000	172,000
Loans made	39,000	61,200
Membership	393	743
Dividend	1,949	5,941

Business Brisk.

I. H. Detwiler & Co. report business fairly brisk at this time of the year. Among the late sales reported is 40 feet on Broadway for $1,800; 40 feet on corner of Ash and Erie for $900, besides numerous lots in their various additions amounting to $7,800 during the week. They reported 12 houses in process of erection in Fair ground addition and Dorr street, Park addition, 8 in Ransom's addition, 5 in Taylor's subdivision of Stickney's addition, 2 in Bancroft street addition, 3 in Stebbin's addition and 5 in Junction avenue addition.

"In the aggregate the amount of property bought for use will be fully up to that of last year," said A. K. Detwiler, "while the amount of property bought for speculation and investment is considerably less. The prospects of a brisk fall business are unusually flattering."

In Building and Loan Circles.

The following is a summary of the business done by the associations named for the past week:

TLEODO LOAN CO.

Receipts	$12,560
Stock issued	14,000
Loans made	3,400
New members	12

INDUSTRY B. & L. CO.

Receipts	$2,800
Stock issued	6,500
Loans made	1,500
New members	5

MUTUAL AID.

Receipts	$4,089
Stock issued	6,500
Loans made	5,000
New members	8

PEOPLE'S S., L. AND B. CO.

Receipts	$10,440
Stock issued	21,100
Loans made	4,588
New members	29

Transfers of the Week.

The following is a record of the transfers filed with the county recorder for the past week:

W H Moore to Edward D Moore, property in Hicks farm addition $600
J W Hiett to Reinhold Boelter, property in Swan creek addition $500
Hannah Downing to Ezra Pierce, property in Yondota division $1,800
William Villinger to Caroline Lannert, property in Mertz's addition $2,500
Stillman Brown to Christopher R Bensman, property in Brown's addition $200
Charles E Sumner to James C Gribbin, property in Osborne place $124
Phillip Strauss to Maggie Whitmore, lot 133 Elm street addition 950
John R B Ransom to Ellen Whitney, lot 51 Bancroft street addition $475
Eber Bradley to John L Fray, lot 25 Whitehouse $40
Ezra Pierce to Hannah Downing, lots 152 and 155 River street $1,800
Charles A King to Frank T Remington, lots 18, 19 and 20, block 113, North Toledo $300
George E Meyers to John F Benfer, lot 27 river tract 7 .... $1,150
Thomas Biddle to John Schneider, part of lots 582, 583 and 584, Vistula division $4,000
Sarah E Ball to Emma C Werden, part of lot 28 section 16, township 10 s, range 8 east $1,500
Frank B Losoe to Courtney R Heath, lot 15, Starr avenue addition $100
Robert McCaskey to Herman Falke, lot 50 Broadway addition $350
George K Detwiler to Martha Statts, lot 21, Navarre avenue addition .... $12.
George Foster to Joseph W Hackaday, lots 74 and 75, Raffensberger & Miller addition $100
Julianne Leland to Mary Leland, property in Kuper street $275
Anna C Schuck to Lena Noel, lot 199, Morris & Phillipps' addition $225
Wm J Parks to Charles J Peet, part of lot 111, Yondota division 15,000
Maria Calkins to Thomas P Huber, part of lot 6, Lincoln avenue $1,075
Wm Geiger to John Foley, lot 4, Germania addition $1,000
Sarah A Parker to John J Orr, part of lots 17, 18 and 19, Parker & Rundell's addition $600
Irving [illegible] to Geo Fels, lot 10, Stickney's addition $1,900
Jas Connolly to Ferdinand Raideik, serve $400
Jas C Woodruff to Theo J Smith, lot 6, Woodruff & Anderson's addition $1,000
Martin Kalagher to Patrick Kalagher, property in section 10, town 2, U S reserve $1
Martin Kalagher to Martin Kalagher, Jr, property in section 10, town 2, U S reserve $1
Patrick Kalagher to Martin Kalagher, property in section 10, town 2, U S reserve $1
Edward Bishop to Wendel Hauck, lot 28, Home addition .... $.50
Rudolph Wilhelm to Wm LaDue, lot 39 and part of 4, Stickney's addition $2,900
Jane H Kirkley to John H Pixley, lot 81, Daniel's addition $1,215
Willard W Whitney to Mary H Dultmeyer, property in section 7, town 3, U S reserve $1,700
Kittie Bourdo to Thos Bowles, lot 11, block 67, North Toledo $300
Geo A Spross to Samuel Brown, part of lot 49, Phillipp's addition $750
Betsey Clurkey to Frank W Chamberlain, lot 3, Oregon township $450
Charles Strehlan to Henry Bender, east half of lot 127, Germania addition $600
William B Taylor to Charles Strehlan, east half of lot 127, Germania addition $300
Anna M Daniels to Timothy Ellsworth, lots 349 and 350, Daniel's addition $2,000
Thomas Emerson to John H Mernert, lot 62, Fisher's addition $1,700
Epaphras L Barber to Elizabeth Bergert, lot 61, McCaskey's addition $450
Horace S Walbridge to Fred Freeman, part of lots 18 and 19, block 9, Stickney avenue addition $585
Charles E Sumner to Philomena K Schoer, lot 37, Osburn place addition $600
W F Pool to Clara F Wachter, lot 15, Oakland addition $250

Building Points.

A. Kline's brick block on Adams street is rapidly nearing completion.

J. W. Armstrong is building a frame cottage on Missouri street.

Mr. Eaton is building a modern residence on Virginia street, to cost $2,200.

William Mutchler is building a frame residence on Detroit avenue to cost $500.

The new Coghlin block on St. Clair between Jefferson and Monroe streets is finished.

The new BEE building is under roof, and the carpenters are at work on the inside finishing.

W. J. Parks has contracted for a handsome residence on Sixth street. It will cost $2,000.

W. T. Kemp is building a fine dwelling on Oak street. When completed it will cost $2,200.

Mr. Philips is erecting a splendid dwelling on Walnut street that will cost $1,800 when finished.

A. J. J. Machen is building two frame cottages on Brodotha street, East Toledo, to cost $500 each.

The Mutual Aid declared a 4 per cent dividend this week. This organization is solid from the foundation up.

S. Farce is building a beautiful suburban residence on Maplewood avenue that will cost $2,800 when completed.

John Moderwell has contracted for a handsome dwelling on Nineteenth street. When finished it will cost $3,500.

Henry T. Niles has let the contract for three frame dwellings on the Niles addition, East Toledo. They will cost $500 each.

S. B. Wilisden's new block adjoining his meat market on Adams street is under roof and will soon be ready for occupancy.

Warm weather often causes extreme tired feeling and debility, and in the weakened condition of the system, diseases arising from impure blood are liable to appear. To gain strength, to overcome disease, and to purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

DIFFERENT WAYS OF SLEEPING

Europeans Like Soft Pillows, but Eastern Races Like Hard Blocks.

Though it is true, as the author of a school composition once asserted, that "Sleeping is a universal practice among all nations," it is also true that there a great diversity in the methods of sleeping among people of different nations and different ways of life. The things which one person needs to make him sleep are precisely the things which would keep another awake all night. Even the sedative medicines which put one person immediately into a heavy slumber excite another into a condition of nervous restlessness.

The European or American, in order to sleep well, ordinarily requires a downy pillow under his head; but the Japanese, stretching himself upon a rush-mat on the floor, puts a hard, square block of wood under his head, and does not sleep well if he does not have it.

The Chinese makes great account of his bed, which is very low indeed—scarcely rising from the floor—but is often carved exquisitely of wood; but it never occurs to him to make it any softer than rush mats will render it.

While the people of northern countries cannot sleep unless they have plenty of room to stretch out their legs, the inhabitants of the tropics often curl themselves up like monkeys at the lower angle of a suspended hammock, and sleep soundly in that position.

The robust American often covers himself with a pair of blankets and throws his window wide open to the air, even in the winter time, and he does not complain if he finds a little drift of snow across the top of his bed in the morning.

The Russian, on the contrary, likes no sleeping place so well as the top of the big soapstone stove in his domicile. Crawling out of this blistering bed in the morning, he likes to take a plunge in a cold stream, even if he has to break through the ice into it.

The Laplander crawls, head and all, into a bag made of reindeer skin, and sleeps warm and comfortable within it. The East Indian, at the other end of the world, also has a sleeping bag, but it is more porous than the Laplander's. Its purpose is to keep out mosquitoes more than to keep the sleeper warm.

While the American still clings to his feather pillow, he is steadily discarding his old-fashioned feather bed in favor of the hair or straw mattress. The feather bed is relegated to the country, and many people who slept upon it all through their childhood find themselves uncomfortable upon it in their maturity.

The Germans not only sleep upon a feather bed, but underneath one. The feather covering used in Germany, however, is not as large or thick as the one which is used as a mattress, and the foreigner who undertakes to sleep beneath it often finds his feet suffering from cold, while his shoulders are suffering from heat.—Youth's Companion.

Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Small price. Small pill.

A GIRL SOLD INTO WEDLOCK.

Married at Eighteen to Sixty for $5,500, and Then Swindled.

A case now before the court of errors and appeals has some novel features, says a Newark (N. J.), correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer. It shows the sale of a young girl for monetary consideration to an aged lover. Emma Mellick is the plaintiff. Her maiden name was Emma Keitler, and her father was a canalboat captain, living at Phillipsburg. Emma was the prettiest girl in town.

Henry M. Mellick was 65 years old and well to do. He saw Emma and fell in love with her. The 18-year-old girl accepted his attentions and presents and laughed at her suiter. Her parents, it appears, looked at the matter more seriously, and according to Emma's story they approved of an offer that Emma should become Mellick's wife when she was 19 in consideration of a mortgage for $5,000 on some property, a house and lot at New Village, and $500 in cash. The wedding day was April 5, 1886, and the ceremony was performed in a lawyer's office in Easton, Pa. The bride held in her hand, in lieu of a bouquet, the deed and assignment of the mortgage and a minister married them. The couple went to live at New Village.

In August the mortgagee wanted to pay interest on the mortgage. Emma was asked to produce the bond to have the interest indorsed on it and she declined. Finally she accompanied her husband to the mortgagee's house and the receipt was written on the bond. Then, she charges, her husband turned his back on her, slipped the bond in his pocket, and handed her an old canceled bond. She demanded her bond and Mellick walked out of the house. The wife then made inquiry and found that two weeks before the marriage he had turned over to his son Howard the property he had apparently conveyed to her as part of the price of her affections. In 1890 she began a foreclosure suit, Mellick having died, and asked the court to declare the assignment to Herman Mellick fraudulent. Vice Chancellor Pitney held that the assignment was invalidated by fraud, and the case is now heard on an appeal from his decision.

An Old Nurse for Children.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty five cents a bottle.

OUR BOYS.

KEEP TRYING.

If boys should get discouraged
At lessons or at work,
And say, "There's no use trying,"
And all hard tasks should shirk,
And keep on shirking, shirking,
'Till the boy became a man,
I wonder what the world would do
To carry out its plan?

The coward in the conflict
Gives up at first defeat;
If once repulsed his courage
Lies shattered at his feet.
The brave heart wins the battle
Because, through thick and thin,
He'll not give up as conquered—
He fights, and fights to win.

So, boys, don't get disheartened
Because at first you fail;
If you but keep on trying,
At last you will prevail;
Be stubborn against failure;
Try, try and try again;
The boys who kept on trying
Have made the world's best men.

—The Advance.

AN AFRICAN BOY'S FIRST EXPERIENCE AT A MISSION SCHOOL.

When my father and I reached the missionary's house, Mr. Roberts came down the piazza steps to meet us, with a smile on his lips and his hands outstretched. I am sure that the beatings of my heart must have been heard, they were so loud; and the blood was pumped through my veins so rapidly that I almost fainted under the shock. I did not know what to do, whether to test the remainder of my strength by running away or to stand my ground. Frightened as I was, I think that I should have adopted the latter course if Mrs. Roberts had not come to the door and stepped out upon the piazza. This was too much, more than my valor was proof against. Without a word I turned and ran back into the woods as rapidly as my enfeebled condition would allow. Father had no difficulty in capturing me and bringing me back. He was kind to me and did not upbraid me, and I clenched his hand tightly and huddled close to his side, the most frightened little boy you ever saw in all your life. Father talked to me as he led me back, but he could not reason the inordinate fear of these good people out of my heart.

When they attempted to lead me into the house, I threw myself face downward on the ground, and beat up the dust in clouds about me. At the top of my lungs I called upon the gods to have mercy upon me and to pity me. My father lost all patience, and I think that he would have killed me then, had not the kind missionary and his wife interfered to prevent. I would not go into the house peacefully, and so I was gagged, bound hand and foot, carried in and up a flight of stairs, by father. I was thrown into a room, and the door was securely locked upon me; then I was left to my own reflections, which were not of the most enviable kind. I moaned and sobbed, and almost died of agony; but at last overtaxed nature asserted itself, and I fell asleep.

It was dark when I awakened by somebody's entrance into the room. Some one approached me and removed the gag from my poor strained lips. I quaked with fear again, and whispered to the moon and sacred crocodiles to protect me from these "strange people." The moon and crocodiles were the principal gods of my people, to whom most of our petitions ascended, and Carnabah, or the Great Spirit, who rules over Cayanpimbi (hell) and Igenie (heaven), was the greatest of all gods. To these, then, I addressed my prayers.

"Are you awake, Besolow?" asked a voice, and it was my father's voice.

Faintly I answered, "Yes." I was very much relieved to find that it was he and nobody worse.

"Have you made up your mind that from this time forward you will behave yourself?"

I made no response.

"Answer me," he said.

"O father!" I replied, with a burst of tears, "I will never cause you trouble again in any way as I live if you will only take me home with you. Don't leave me here, father! don't leave me at this place! I will try to be such a brave warrior and hunter, and will obey your slightest command, if you will but take me to my home and people."

"You are to stay here," he made answer. "These people will treat you kindly; Curtis says they will. Learn what they have to teach as soon as you can, and then you may return home—not before."

"No, no," I moaned; "it must not be so. I can not stay here. I want to go back. I shall die if I stay here."

He undid the cords that bound me, and assisted me to rise. I could scarcely stand, I was so weak. I staggered unsteadily from side to side as he took me by the hand and bade me good by. Of a sudden, I resolved to be brave. Let the worst come, I would plead no further. And so I faintly said good-by to my father. He went out, and I was left alone once more; and in my solitude all the unspeakable misery and terror that I tried to stifle rose to new life in my heart, dominated all other emotions, and once more took possession of my mind and heart.

Somebody came and placed some yams and milk inside the door, but I partook of nothing till the next day. In the morning, when I heard a step on the landing outside the door, I shrank into the farthest corner and buried my face from sight. What was going to happen now? A soft, caressing hand fell upon my bowed head. A feeling of confidence found its way into my breast, and with a new trust I glanced up. It was Mrs. Roberts, the wife of the missionary. She was a lady below the medium height, kind and intelligent looking.

"Besolow," she said, in very bad African, "will you not come down stairs and have a little breakfast with me?"

No, I would not. I shook my head, and, without further words, she quietly left the room and relocked the door. Left to myself once more, I began to wonder over many things. I thought of the king, Jesus Christ, of whom Curtis had told me. The king was white, of course; was he a very mighty king? Ah, many and long were the days that passed before I realized what a wonderful and mighty king he was!

Mrs. Roberts came to me again the next morning. I was very much less frightened, and was much more gentle and quiet than I had been the day before. I went down stairs with her. You cannot imagine my astonishment at my first sight of the furnishings of a civilized home. I wondered whether the chairs, tables and thousand and one little adornments were made by human or divine hands, and I decided that they had been made by the latter. Mrs. Roberts motioned me to a chair. I hardly dared to sit on it as I saw her doing on another, but afraid of the consequences that might follow disobedience, I did sit gingerly on the chair's very edge.

Then the breakfast was served. Some half-dozen African boys came in and took their seats at the table. I was astonished again when they took up their knives and forks and began to ply them. They gave me a knife and fork and directed me to use them as I saw the others do. My attempts to handle these inventions of men must have been funny enough, for, try hard as I could, I was not able to manage them properly. How in the world, thought I, could a man ever get enough to eat at such a meal as this one was? Why did they have the food scattered about on so many different dishes? Why did they not put it all together and eat out of a common bowl? How was it that a women was allowed to sit with us while we were eating? Among my people women are not allowed to eat with the guests unless they are queens or of some high caste. My fear of the white people was being rapidly alleviated, but I did think them very childish and silly.

Breakfast finished, Mrs. Roberts took me with her to a bare, white-walled room, which I learned afterwards to call schoolroom, and where I had many trials in endeavoring to master your A, B, C's.—The Golden Rule.

THE NEGRO'S DESTINY.

The Relative Decrease of Colored Population Shown by the Eleventh Census.

Hasty generalizations concerning the future numerical strength of the negro in this country, based on his proportionate high birth rate, and the misleading reports of the census of 1870, have done more than anything else to render the negro problem a question for political manipulation. Only two years ago the presiding officer of a political convention stated that at no distant future the colored population would reach 50,000,000. Statements such as this are regarded with different degrees of satisfaction, and if true the negro would himself soon overrun this continent.

The crudity of statements such as this, which can be used so disastrously for political purposes, is shown by General Francis A. Walker in the July Forum, in an article sketching the future of the negro, based on the statistics of the race back to 1808, when the slave trade was abolished. At that time, or from the census of 1810, the negro numbered 700,000, or 19 per cent. of the entire population. In the recent census he is but 11.9 of the entire population, or, while the white population has increased sixteen-fold, the negro has increased but ten-fold. Taking the statistics by ten and twenty year periods since 1810, General Walker shows that the increase by per cent. has declined steadily, and asserts that in all probability the steady reduction in the negro's relative importance in the population will never be reversed.

In confirmation he examines in detail the respective birth and death rates in 23 southern counties of equal population, black and white, based on the tenth census, and finds that per 1,000 births of those born and dying, the rate for whites was 100.1 against 140.8 blacks. The proportion of death rates between blacks and whites in the large cities is greater against the blacks. In New Orleans the death rate for whites was 25.57, blacks 36. In St. Louis, whites 18.19, blacks 39.78. These results show that the negro race is maintaining its slight rate of increase only by means of a very high birth rate over a very high death rate.

Another fact worth noting is the future geographical distribution of the negro, now that he can move freely from place to place. As a slave the tropically bred negro was forced to follow the interests of his northern bred master, often into regions where he lived only at a sacrifice of vitality. Comparing between 1880-90 the rates of increase in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee and North Carolina, with the cotton growing states, it is found to be 19 per cent. in the latter, against 5 per cent. in the former. The inference is that in those parts of the country where the negro is not an economic necessity, the black population will become more and more reduced by the entrance of a vigorous white element. Industrial considerations at the same time will draw him to his more natural habit at the Gulf states, where the white man cannot take his place. Whatever growth may be expected from the colored race will take place there, and it is not probable that a race so limited in its range will ever reach to one-third even of 50,000,000.

To recapitulate, the negro in 1790 was one-fifth the population; in 1840, but one-sixth; in 1860, one-seventh; in 1890, less than one-eighth. Industrial reasons and natural tendencies are draining him off towards the lowlands of the Gulf of Mexico, and there his greatest rate of increase will be felt, which in the nature of things will be constantly decreasing in its relation to the total population.

Facts such as these indicate that the negro problem will become less and less rather than more and more a political problem, and that the solution may reasonably be left to the operation of physiological and economic laws.—St. Louis Republic.

Greek and Latin.

Greek, then, and Latin are two members of that great family of languages of which our own and most of the other languages of Europe are also members. They are the two which were the earliest to stand forth in the record of European history. They are the two which for many years stood side by side without fellow as the two civilized tongues of Europe. They are the two which have had, each in its own way, the greatest influence over the kindred tongues which came on the field in later times. No tongue of Europe, no people speaking any tongue of Europe, could have been what it is if the Greek and the Latin tongue had not been there before them.

One has sometimes heard the claims of these tongues pressed on the ground that they are "dead languages." Their real claim rests on the ground that they are not dead languages, but the most living of all. The tongues of the Hittites and the Babylonians are dead languages; they are most proper subjects of special study for specialists whose tastes lead them that way; but, because they are dead languages, they are therefore unfit to be insisted on as essential—in the schoolmaster's phrase "compulsory"—subjects for a whole university. But the tongues of Hellas and Latium, the tongues which have affected every stage of European history from its first beginning till now, the tongues which till abide, in one shape or another, on the lips of a great part of Europe, are tongues emphatically living. Each has had its influence, but the influence of each has been of a different kind. The influence of Greek has been for us westerns mainly indirect; it has been an influence of example and analogy, an influence working largely by the help of Latin. The influence of Latin has been direct and universal; it has touched and modified everything.—Freeman, in Macmillan's Magazine.

Notice to Contractors.

Natural Gas Lines.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Toledo Natural Gas Trustees at their office, 408 Superior street, Toledo, Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, of

SATURDAY, JULY 18th, 1891,

for furnishing and laying the following quantities of cast iron, wrought iron or steel pipe, either lead or screw joint, as follows:

About 3,000 feet of 10 inch pipe;
About 21,000 feet of 8 inch pipe;
About 50,000 feet of 6 inch pipe;
About 73,000 feet of 4 inch pipe;
About 82,000 feet of 3 inch pipe;
About 16,000 feet of 2 inch pipe;

together with the necessary fittings; all as shown by the plans and specifications to be on file in the office of the Natural Gas Trustees on and after the 8th day of July 1891.

The said pipes and fittings will be laid in the districts and sub-divisions established by the board and designated District No. 3, District No. 4, District No. 5, Sub-division A, District No. 7, Sub-division A, and District No. 9, Sub-division A.

The work bid for must begin within ten days after contract is awarded; bidders specify time for completion, which must be within 60 days from commencement of the work.

Bids will be received for part or all of the work advertised for, but no bid will be received for less than an entire line to be laid in any one street or alley.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to accept bids for all or any part of said work.

Blank forms of bids and contracts can be seen at the office of the Natural Gas Trustees on and after July 8th, 1891.

By order of the board

H A TOBEY, Manager.

Toledo, O., July 2, 1891. 3jly14

MERCHANTS' HOTEL

St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to parties and Theatrical People.

ALBERT E. HALL, - - Proprietor

GOLD IN IT TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished.

Address,

THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

Hot Weather Necessities.

Notice the large square package in the front rank. That's where it belongs—ask any woman who has used it. See what it does. It saves work, saves strength, saves health, time, and temper. It saves wear and tear, too—and that's money. Delicate summer clothes don't have to be rubbed and wrenched when they're washed with *Pearline*. Everything is washed easily—and safely. *Pearline* doesn't *do* any more in warm weather than in cold, but you seem to *need* it more then. It's a necessity. But it's a luxury, as well. Try it in the bath, and you'll think so.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—*send it back*. 193 JAMES PYLE, New York.

TAKE A LOOK

At Dr. Bigelow's price list, just once, then call and get the goods:

Extracting Teeth, regular 50c: Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, 25c: without pain, regular, 50c extra; cheap days, 25c.

Teeth on Rubber or Celluloid, $8, $10, $12, $15 per set; partial plates from $1 to $2 per tooth; teeth on alluminum plates with rubber or celluloid attachments, $20: aluminum cast plates, $30; teeth on gold plates, $50.

Gold Bridge Work, $10 per crown; $5 per tooth. Silver Bridge Work, $5 per crown, and $2.50 per tooth; resetting old teeth on new plate, $4 and $5.

Correcting irregularities, $1 per sitting; treating teeth, 50c per treatment.

Extracting and Replanting Teeth in same sockets, $2 per tooth.

Silver and Bone Fillings, 50c up; Gold Fillings from $1 up; Gold and Porcelain Inlays from $1.50 up.

Cleaning Teeth from 50c to $1.

All operating painless.

115 SUMMIT STREET, TOLEDO, O.
Phone 1234.
MISS HATTIE CRISSEY, Secy.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,

Cures when all others fail. His remedies positively cure, and contain neither calomel or poisons.

Dr. Clark cures quickly Syphilis and Gonnorhea, and all private diseases effectually. Scarce a day passes but he gets cases which have been the rounds and nearly ruined with colomel and poisons.

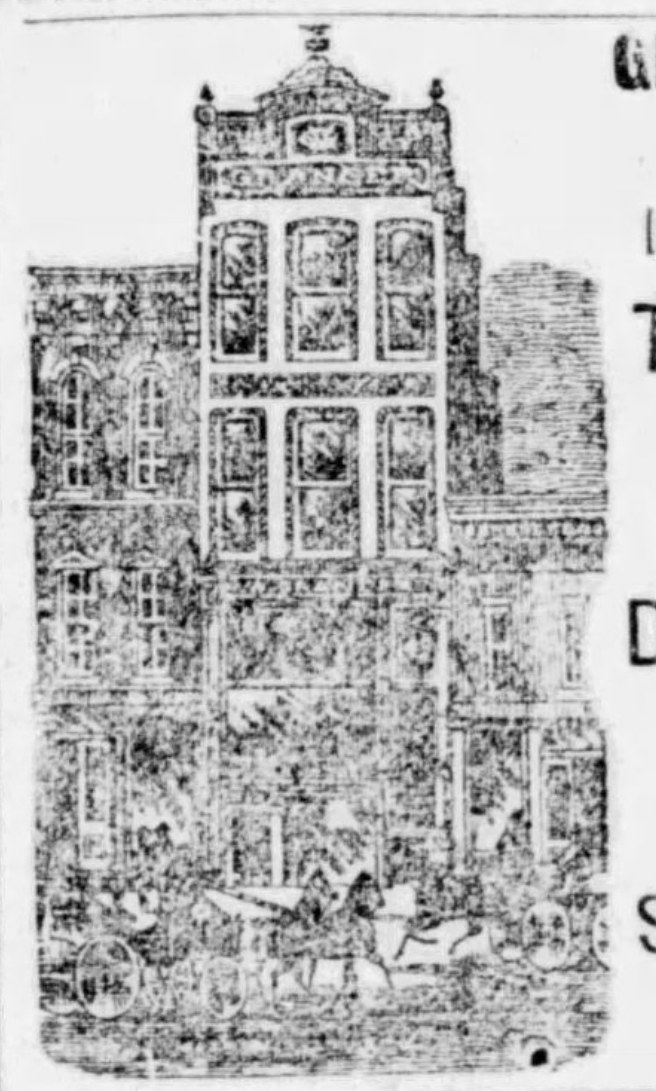
Dr. Clark cured us of syphilas and gonnorrhea.—P. and T.

Dr. Clark cured me of paralysis.—Mrs. J. H. Kuhn.

Dr. Clark cured me of cancer.—Mrs. P. Strayer.

Dr. Clark cured me of rheumatism.—Z. Shoemaker. Confidentially, Dr. Clark can cure you.

Dr. Clark cures all forms of chronic diseases of the blood, skin, stomach, liver, kidneys, womb, nerves and bladder. If you mean business and wish to be cured call on Dr. Clark, Toledo's greatest specialist, and he will investigate your case and cure you. Remember the place, 419 Madison street, Toledo, O., next to Hotel Hamilton.



GRANGER
THE
IMPORTING
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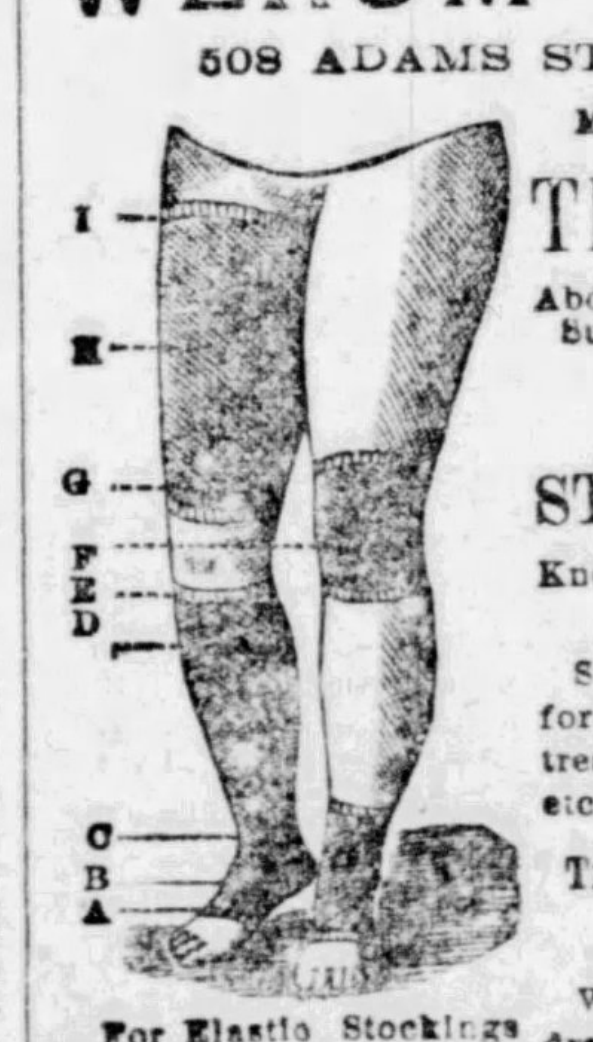

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Manufacturers of
TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,
ELASTIC
STOCKINGS!
Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.

Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries etc., etc.

Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.

We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Sexual Strength, mailed free to married men. address F. B. Crouch, 202 Grand St., New York.

REAL ESTATE
Taylor & Co.
REAL ESTATE
239 SUPERIOR ST.
TOLEDO, O.
Choice City and Farm Property.
See our E. Toledo Addition just in the Market.

EXCITEMENT!

Is running high over the wonderful bargains offered in Cushing's Lawrence Ave. Sub-Division of 24 choice city lots, situated on Lawrence Ave., between Bancroft and Virginia Sts., one block from Monroe. These lots are in the most rapidly developing and by all odds the handsomest residence portion of the city, and

AT THE

low figure at which we are holding them at present, and with the improvements about to be made, they are the best investments in the Toledo market. To those desiring a home in a growing locality, where building restrictions insure a fine neighborhood, no such inducements are offered anywhere as in this sub-division The

OUTING CLUB

and the Monroe Street School are but a stone's throw from these lots, whilst the Electric Belt Line and Monroe Street Cars are within hailing distance. Call at our office and let us drive you out to see these beautiful lots before they are all gone. It will cost you nothing and we would be happy to do so.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 MADISON STREET.

MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL,
108 Summit Street, near Monroe

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling No 1027 West Woodruff ave, nine rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, furnace, grates, natural gas; ready April 1st; $300 per annum.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No. 1507 Monroe st, Hicks block, ten rooms, all modern conveniences; $500 per annum; ready May 1st.
FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $600 per annum.
FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft, eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.
FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $20.00 per month.
FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my old customers and as many new ones as wish to get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR LALE—
Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 30x140, $600.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $3,000.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.
DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS.
Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 620½ Adams Street.

LOTS FOR $175.00
Small Down Payment---$5 Per Month!
FAIR GROUNDS ADDITION

At No Time in the History of Toledo

Have there been such rare opportunities for the prudent investor to place his money in land as at present. Toledo property is away down at rock bottom figures. Don't fail to take advantage of these prices as they are sure to go up.

Fortunes Have Been Made

By judiciously investing a few dollars in real estate, and the secret of success in often buying in a growing locality at a low figure, and holding the property.

Why Don't You Buy a Home?

You may try to get around it by saying that you cannot afford it. This is nonsense as every one of us spends more money needlessly every month than the small payment required to secure a lot.

Houses Built on Monthly Payments

With a small down payment. If you are worth $5 a month you are good for a lot in Fair Ground Addition. With the New Depot Electric Street Ry. Water and City Gas this part of the city is bound to go ahead and prices will be from 50 to 100 per cent. higher a year later.

For further particulars apply to

I. H. DETWILER & CO.,
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts. Real Estate and Insurance Agents.
Branch Office on the Grounds, corner Detroit Ave. and Dorr St.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Toledo has

Ninety thousand population.
Eleven banks.
Nine hundred and fifty manufactories.
Twenty-five miles of dockage.
Twelve grain elevators, with a capacity of 8,000,000 bushels
The best stone and glass sand quarries in the country.
Seventy-five miles of street railway—mostly electric.
Seventy-five churches.
Thirty magnificent public school buildings.
Twelve hundred telephone connections.
The largest and best equipped Manual Training school of the world.
The first and most elaborate Memorial Hall in the United States.
One hundred miles of paved streets.
Seventy-five miles of main sewers.
One hundred and fifty miles of sidewalk—mostly stone.
Seventy-five miles of city water pipes.
The finest public library of the state—over 30,000 volumes.
Ten daily passenger steamers; the best harbor of the lakes.
Two independent natural gas companies, with 200 miles of distributing pipe.
Four large oil refineries, tankage and pipe lines.
Third greatest railroad center of the world—140 passenger trains arriving and departing daily.

Toledo is

The healthiest city of its size in the world. Death rate 12 in 1000.
The city of homes. A greater proportion of its inhabitants (both business and laboring men) own their homes than any other city in the world. It is therefore the most permanent, the most prosperous, and afford the greatest variety of social, moral and intellectual privileges of any city of its size.
The best city for investment in Ohio.

KENSINGTON

Is the grand resident center of this magnificent city, and the most desirable, in all respects, in which to build your future home.

For Prices and Terms of Kensington Lots, call on or address

The Kansas City Investment Co.,
GEO. H. VAN EVERA, Manager,
Superior and Madison Sts.

A NEW CATECHISM.

Where is Englewood?

One and one-half miles from the business portion of the city with frontages on such streets as Monroe, Grand avenue, Prospect avenue, Woodruff avenue, etc.

What is Englewood?

The home center. The acknowledged residence portion of the city.

Why is Englewood?

Because Toledo needs such a place where one can live in the midst of the highest social surroundings in the city.

What is peculiar about Englewood?

Its peculiarities consist in its comforts, broad streets and avenues, finely paved, and shaded by native trees; well drained lots with beautiful homes, etc.

What will keep Englewood growing?

Its location. No other part of the residence portion of the city has so brilliant a future.

How large will it grow?

Not much larger, because it is already well filled up. You must come soon if you wish to be in it.

"Straws Show How the Wind Blows."

How can one make a paying investment?

By buying NOW in Englewood, the Home Center.

PLATS AND PRICES AT
H. S. WALBRIDGE & CO.,
320 SUMMIT ST.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, }
TOLEDO, O., July 9. }

London wheat and corn market firmer. French country markets slow. Liverpool wheat quiet. Corn steady.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 239,006 bu compared with 171,049 bu on the same day last year

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven princial western points are 67,957 bu in excess of the corresponding Thursday in 1890.

English markets as reported herein are steady for wheat, but private cables make wheat 6d to 1s per quarter lower. Corn unchanged.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were very large in wheat and flour. The wheat alone equals 500,000 bu.

We have 25 cars of new wheat here to-day, twenty-four of which were No. 2 soft.

The harvest in Ohio is progressing finely again in the good weather of the past two days. We do not get reports of yields from our northern part of the state as threshers have not commenced, generally.

The wheat markets of the day are lower east and west. The moderate increase in receipts seems to stimulate short selling regardless of the fact that the July receipts at Chicago, St. Louis and Toledo are sold to exporters who want the wheat for shipment abroad, and it is asserted daily that the wheat will not be resold.

Corn has sympathized with wheat, and is lower. At Chicago the price of July and September begins to approximate. The export clearances of corn yesterday were 133,000 bu.

New York reports 39 loads of wheat sold for export to-day, and that late cables bring buying orders. In view of the fact that our July receipts of wheat are sold for export, and that it is going out of the country very rapidly, we do not wonder that the British dealers love the American short seller. They are daily selling values down and costing the American producer millions of money. They are conspiritors against the public weal.

Latest.—Export of wheat and flour yesterday equaled 600,000 bus. at close.

English-American wheat markets were being bulled by bad crop reports from Russia, printed in the London "Pal Mall Gazette" to-day.

In New York July wheat closed at $101⅜ steady; September at 97¼c, a gain of 48c. July corn at 65¼c, a loss of 1c; September at 59⅝c, a loss of ⅝c.

In Chicago July wheat closed at 91⅛c, a loss of 1c; September at 87⅛c, a loss of ⅜c. July corn at 56c, a loss of ½c; September advanced and closed at 53⅝c, a gain of 1⅛c.

In Toledo—The business in wheat futures has been a little more active, with fluctuations within narrow limits. At the opening market was weak and prices declined slightly, but became firm again based on the news above noted, oats close, prices more precisely as at close yesterday. On the call the first half of July sold at 95¾c, August at 90½c and December at 92⅞c to 93c. After the call, July sold at 92⅝c and closed at 92⅝c. August sold at 90⅜c and closed at 90½c. December sold at 92½c and closed at 92⅞c.

Cash wheat was firm; offerings were light; sales limited. No. 2 soft sold and closed at 96c; No. 3 soft old, 95c, new 91 to 92c. Rejected No. 1 D. & M. at 81½c; No. 2 white, 99c.

Corn—Very little done. No. 2, 61½c; No. 3, 60c; No. 4 at 57c. Rye—July, 66c bid; August, 65c bid. Clover seed for December sold at $4 42½c.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS.			SHIPMENTS.		
	Wh't	Corn	Oats	Wh't	Corn	Oats
N. Y....	209600	40300	60800	436203	76441	40
Balto....	13782	1714	2000	53786	......	......
Phila....	16447	7308	760	2812	7273	12978
Boston..	1860	2650	5870	......	49635	......
Toledo..	8459	5928	8200	1325	.....	600
Chicago.	28230	309491	119953	9924	183641	184952
Milw'ke	8250	1160	3000	......	500	500
St. L....	96000	28000	11000	3000	46000	25000
Detroit..	2502	1529	......	1992	......	......
Duluth..	15655	......	......	......	......	......
Minne...	79910	......	......	11970	......	......

Freights.

Lake freight to Buffalo..Wheat,1 c Corn,1 c
Erie Canal, incl'ing ch'ges.. " 3⅜c. " 3⅛c
Toledo to New York ...... " 4⅝c " 4⅛c

Call Board, 10 a. m. To-day.

No 2 red soft—S July—Sales 5,000 bu first half 95¾c.
S August—10,000 bu 90½c
S December—5,000 bu 92⅞c; 5,000 bu 93c.

Markets by Telegraph.

LONDON, July 9—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening, firmer; maize, nothing offering. Wheat and maize cargoes on passage and for shipment, firmer. French country markets slow. Severe thunder storms.

LIVERPOOL, July 9—1:00 p. m.—Wheat market quiet, demand poor, holders offer moderately. American mixed corn steady, demand fair, 5s 7¼d. Wheat off coast, demand poor; corn demand fair.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Money 2 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, 485½@487½; actual rates, 484¾@485 for 60 days and 486½@486¾ for demand.

Governments quiet; currency 6s, 110 bid; 4s coup 116 bid, 4½s do, 100¼ bid.

The stock market was a little more active to-day, but prices were weak and declined during the greater part. The opening figures were generally lower with the greatest decline in Jersey Central and Union Pacific. During the morning there was considerable selling of Burlington, St Paul, L & N and Chicago Gas at times. Prices went steadily lower under the selling of those stocks and at noon values were ⅜@1¼ per cent below those of last night. At this writing the market is dull. The sales amounted to 58,700 shares.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Flour fairly active with prices steady; city mill extra, $5 00@5 15 for West Indies; superfine, $3 65@4 30; fine, $3 25@3 90; Minnesota extra, $3 80@5 50. Wheat opened steady at ⅛c advance and fell ⅛c before noon, when the market was steady; No. 2 red winter, cash, $1 05½; July $1 00⅜; August, 97⅜c; September, 97c. Corn opened steady, but soon weakened and declined ⅜c by midday; No 2 mixed cash 71½c; July 65⅜c; August, 62½c; September, 60c. Oats dull; No 2 mixed cash 43½c; August, 43½c. Rye and barley neglected. Pork dull; mess, $11 50@12 25 for new. Lard quiet; August, $6 44; September, $6 56. Molasses steady; 11⅛c for 50 test. Turpentine easier at 37¼@38c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 37½@1 40. Petroleum dull. Freights quiet; grain to London, steam, 2½d. Butter dull; western extras, 18c. Cheese dull; Ohio flat, 5½@7. Eggs firm; western fresh, 17½@18c. Rice nominal. Sugar, refined dull; cutloaf and crushed 5⅛; powdered, 4⅝c; granulated 4⅜@4½c; mould A 4⅜@4½c. Tallow dull; prime city, 4¾c. Coffee steady; fair rio, 19½c.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Cotton steady; middling uplands, 8⅛c. Futures firm; July, $7 98; August, $8 05; September, $8 14; October, $8 24.

DETROIT, July 9—Close: Wheat—No. 2 red cash 101; July 92¾c; August 90¼c; No 1 white cash $1 06 bid. Corn—No 2 cash 61c. Oats—No 2 cash 45c.

U. S. YARDS, July 9.—Cattle—Receipts 10,000, strong, 10@15c higher. Hogs—Receipts 25,000; strong, 5c higher; heavy $4 60@5 05; mixed and medium, $4 50@5 05; light, $4 25@5 00. Sheep—Receipts 8,000; steady.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Close: Wheat—July, 91c; Sept, 87⅛c. Corn—July, 55⅞@56c; Sept, 51¾@⅞c. Oats—July, 37¼c; September, 28⅛c. Pork—September, $10 27½. Lard—September, $6 32½. Ribs—September, $6 25.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, July 8.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 12,000; shipments, 3,500. The market was active and steady to higher. Sales of prime extra native steers at $5 90@6 20 per cwt; good to choice, $5 50@5 80; others at $4 50@5 25; Texans at $2 75@3 75; stockers at $2 80@4 00; cows at $2 85@3 85.

Hogs—Receipts 26,000; shipments, 12,000. The market was brisk and steady to strong. Sales of rough and common at $4 25@4 50 per cwt; mixed and packers at $4 50@4 80; prime heavy and butchers' weights at $4 90@4 95; light at $4 60@4 95.

Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; shipments, 4,000; The market was fairly active and steady to weaker. Sales of native ewes at $3 25@4 25 per cwt; mixed and wethers at $4 50@5 12½; Texans at $3 60@4 50; westerns at $4 60@4 90; lambs at $4 00@4 65.

KANSAS CITY, July 8.—The Live Stock Indicator reports: Cattle—Receipts, 3,500 head, shipments, 2,300 head. The market for best natives was higher; Texans 15@25c higher. Sales of native steers at $4 00@5 85 per cwt, cows at $2 00@3 50; stockers and feeding steers at $2 40@4 00.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,600 head, shipments 1,200 head. The market was 5c lower. Sales of all grades at $4 00@4 70 per cwt, the bulk at $4 55@4 65.

Sheep—Receipts, 500 head; shipments 750 head. The market was steady.

EAST LIBERTY, July 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 800 head; shipments, 280 head. The market was steady. Prime steers at $5 75@6 00 per cwt; fair to good at $4 50@5 50; common at $3 00@4 00; bulls, cows and stags at $2 00@3 50. Six cars of cattle shipped to New York to-day.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,350 head; shipments, 1,000 head. The market was firm; sales of Philadelphias at $5 00@5 15 per cwt; best Yorkers and mixed at $4 90@5 00; common Yorkers at $4 60@4 80; pigs at $4 00@5 00. Two cars of hogs shipped to New York to-day.

Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; shipments, 800 head; the market was firm. Prime sheep at $5 00@5 15 per cwt; fair to good at $4 60@4 80; common at $3 50@4 00; culls at $2 00@3 00; spring lambs at $5 00@6 50; veal calves at $5 50@5 75 by the deck; in bunches at $6 00@6 25.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Opening—Wheat—Blank. Corn—September, 52⅝. Oats—July, 37c½; September, 28⅝c. Pork—September, $10 30. Lard—September, $6 32½. Ribs—Blank.

PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 10½c; 15 lbs. average 11c; 12 lbs and under, 11½c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 11c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 8⅛c; 50 lb tin kettle lard, 8⅛c; refined, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 6c.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern creamery, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@8c per pound. The market is dull for all grades and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 4c per lb; country, 4c. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 5c; No 2 do, 3c; No 1 wet salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per bbl; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 23@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 12@15c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@30c; combing and delaine, 30@31; fine merine, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 25@29c. Market firm, with fair demand for new clip.

Blackberries—$4 00@5 00 per bu.

Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Gooseberries—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Cherries—$2 56 per bu.

Raspberries.—$3 00@4 00 per bu.

Vegetables—Potatoes, from store, $1 30@1 40 per bu; new, $2 75@3 00 per bbl; new rose, $3 25; peerless, $3 50. Cabbage, home grown, $1 75 per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00@2 25 per crate; southern, $1 75@2 25 per sack. Cucumbers, 40c per dozen. New beets, 35c per dozen. Asparagus, home grown, 4@6c per pound. Peas, 75c@1 00 for home grown Tomatoes, $2 00@2 25 per crate. String beans, green, $1 75; wax, $2 00.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 15@16c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $12 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $10.

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85c@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 15@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track; shipstuff, $20 00; middlings $22 00 and $1 00 more in bags.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 75; spring family 5 50; winter patent, $6 00@6 50; fancy, $5 50@$5 75 winter family, $5 00@5 75; extra, $3 55@4 85; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 00@5 25 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c.; sugar, 11@12½c. per lb.: Common, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11½@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $28 00@30 00; No. 1 shore, $26 00@27 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No. 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $5 00@5 25;. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. box herring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6¾c; water white 150 headlight, 8¾c; lard oil, 52@53c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 39@40c per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 60c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3½c per lb; do screened, 3½@3¾c; recleaned and hand-picked, 3¾@4¼c.

Groceries.—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20½c; fair, 20½@21c; prime, 21½c; choice, 21½@22½c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Javas, 24½@29c; Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong, higher; cutloaf, 5½c; powdered 5⅜c; granulated, 4½@4 5-16c; confectioner's A, 4⅛c; mould A, 4⅜c; off A, 4⅛c; extra C, 4c; yellows, 3¾@3⅞c. Great demand for high grades with shipments heavy. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@35c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5@6½c per pound; Japan, 6¼@6⅝c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher.

Dry Goods.

Prints—Allen's fancies, 5c; Allen's pinks, prints, 6c; Allen's robes, 6c; Allen's staples, 5c; American shirtings, 4c; American indigoes, 5½c; Arnold B indigoes, 10c; Arnold C indigo, 5½c; Arnold Gold Seal, 10c; Berlin solids, 5½c; Charter Oak fancies, 5c; Cocheco fancies, 5½c; Hartel fancies, 5c; Lodi fancies, 4c; Merrimack fancies, 5½c; Merrimack pinks, 6½c; Merrimack tartan reds, 6½c; Merrimack cretonnes, 11½c; Pacific fancies, 5½c; Pacific mournings, 5½c; Simpson mournings, 5½c; Simpson silver greys, 5½c; Simpson zephyrs, 5½c; Washington X oil reds, 8c; Martha Washington oil reds, 7c; Melrose oil reds, 6c; oil green, blue and orange, 6½c; Windsor fancies, 5½c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag checks, 7c; Amoskeag teazel cloth, 10½c; Amoskeag A F C, 10½c; Criterion cloth, 10½c; Everett classics, 8½c; Lancaster, 7c; Normandie 8c; Renfrew dress, 8½c; Renfrew novelties, 10½c.

Cambrics—Kid cambrics, 4c; XXXX selisias, 12½c; XXX silisias, 10c; XX silisias, 8c; Conestoga sateens, 6½c; Victoria sateens, 7½c.

Brown Sheetings—Great Falls E, 7c; Piedmont, 6½c; De Witt W W, 6c; North Star L L, 5¾c; Norwood XX, 5¾c; Lawrence L L, 5¼c; Indian Queen, 5½c; Diamond B, 5½c; Household L L, 5¼c; Windsor H, 4¾c; Henderson A, 5½c; Henderson C, 4½c; Elberon L L 5½c; Constitution 4-4, 6¾c; Constitution 9-8, 7½c; Lawrence 9-8, 6½c; Dwight Star, 7c; Atlas O N B, 7c; Cambria, 6c; Good Value, 6c; New-Market B, 5c; Scotia O M, 5c; Great Falls N, 4¾c; Household G G, 5½c; Niobe R, 5½c; Grafton A, 4c; Burlington A, 4c; National, 8¼c; Wassuc, 8¾c; Tennis, 4c; Boston 9-4, 20c; Boston 10-4, 22½c.

Bleached Sheetings—Sunlight, 4c; Middlesex B B, 5c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest E, 6½c; Golden Rod, 7c; Senator, 7½c; Pennant, 7½c; Fearless, 7c; Fearless, half bleached, 7c; Lawrnece, 7c; Rosalind, 7¾c; Fauntleroy, 8½c; Lonsdale, 8½c; Fruit 4-4, 8¾c; Silver Queen, 8¼c; Ellerslie Cambric, 8¾c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 22½; Boston 10-4, 25c; Newmarket, 42 inch, 10; Newmarket, 45 inch, 11c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 12c; York, blue and brown, 12c; Everett, blue and brown, 12½c; Everett, 8 ounce, 15c; Arazona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12c; York fancies, 12½c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8½c; Coronet checks, 7½c; Sibley, 7¾c; Alabama, 6¾c; Eagle, 6¼c; Southern, 4¾@5¼c.

Tickings—Amoskeag A C A, 12½c; Falls 32, 12½c; White Horse B, 14c; White Horse 10, 6c; White Horse 30, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse, 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 15c; Lewiston 30, plaid, 11½c; Lewiston 20, stripe, 11½c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6¾

Crash—Cotton twill, 3¾c; Windsor twill, 4c; B T 14 in linen, 5c; B T 17 in linen, 6c; A 17 in linen, 7c; P 18 in linen, 8c; N 19 in linen, 9c; S R T 21 in linen, 12c; bleached huck, 4½c; Windsor bleached, 5c; Pemberton bleached stripe, 5c; check linens, 8c; plaid linens, 10c; twilled linens, 12½c.

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c net; A Henrietta satteens, 16c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 20c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 22½c reg; D Henrietta satteens, 25c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 30c reg.

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 21c; wadding black, 20c; wadding white, 15c; Stark bags, 21½c; Eureka bags, 17c.

THE CITY OF MOROCCO.

Where the Houses Are Unnumbered and the Streets Unnamed.

The streets are norrow, without names, and crooked, and the houses without numbers, like all those of Morocco towns. The population is estimated at 60,000. The city is divided into two parts, each with its wall and gates. One quarter is exclusively for Jews and the other for the Mohammedans. The Jews are kept strictly within their own division at night, and none of them can walk by their gates into the Mohammedan quarters without taking off their slippers, and some of the more fanatical of the people place hot coals in their path, so as to burn their feet as they walk along. There is no regular police to keep order, yet we have never seen brawls in the streets, nor have we heard that the people do much serious damage to one another.

The climate of Morocco is considered particularly salubrious. The summer heat is tempered by the snow-capped Atlas, which raises its high summits just behind, while the abundant supply of excellent water which passes through the city contributes much to the health of the people. As it rained nearly every day during our sojourn in this country, we found Morocco at this time of the year particularly dirty, the rains having made the streets so muddy that they all seemed like running sewers.

However, during our stay we visited the principal bazars and shops, which we found well stocked with Manchester and native products. Some of the people were gathering up the mud and storing it in their shops to mend their houses with. We passed through several markets full of people and we examined every kind of work which they were pleased to show us. Here there are markets for all sorts of industry. There is the slave market, which is held every Friday, also the skin, oil, grain and other markets. Here we have a street where old shoes are mended and new ones made and exposed for sale, there a street for old clothes, and others for saddlery, iron-mongery, grinding-mills, gunsmiths, daggers and swords. The pottery is truly Moorish in character. Fruit, charcoal, cooscosoo, have markets of their own. Bread and meat have their peculiar quarters. Carriers go about with skins supplying the thirsty with drink.—Blackwood's Magazine.

IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

Lima races are on this week.

The Beallsville Argus has suspended.

The army worm is injuring Clarke county crops.

Columbus police are after the crap games.

Gann, Knox county, will soon be incorporated.

The Lancaster campmeeting will open August 5.

Horse thieves are working about New Cumberland.

The new Schiller monument at Columbus cost $20,000.

The New York Opera company stranded at Dayton.

Al. Outcalt stabbed Louis Johns near Zanesville.

The Steubenville Artificial Ice Plant has begun operations.

Detective John T. Norris is working up the big Wooster robbery.

Mrs. Robert Prince cut her throat in a fit of despondency at Iberia.

Jay Meachum fell on his head at Port Clinton and was fatally hurt.

Dan Swartz, of Piqua, is under arrest at Troy, charged with burglary.

The Canton Democrat has been sued for $40,000 damages by Levi Wise.

A giant fire cracker blew out the eye of William Harvy at East Liverpool.

C. McColdrich, of Cincinnati, hat been arrested on the charge of embezzlement.

Miss Maggie McKelvy, of Youngstowh, had her hand blown off by a firecracker.

Three riders in Robinson's circus were injured at Akron during a performance.

An Upper Sandusky couple who were divorced last February, have remarried.

J. W. Barry, a young attorney of Cardington fell under a train and lost a leg.

The Springfield cadet band captured the laurels at the Washington C. H. tournament.

William Wentz, a Canton traveling man, was arrested at Youngstown charged with embezzlement.

Maria Dargan, of Upder Sandusky, aged 14, was shot by James Young while stealing cherries.

The mayor of Waverly has been compelled to appoint a board of health by the state board of health.

Deuber Watch company is recovering from effects of assignment. Paid two notes of $50,000 each Tuesday.

The corner stone of a $60,000 Catholic church was laid at Ironton, Bishop Watterson having charge of the ceremony.

William Berg and James Quinn badly injured at Akron in a clay crusher, which was set in motion while they were repairing it,

Gang of tough boys from Canton murderously assaulted John Kooph, aged farmer, who tried to prevent them from stoning his cows.

The Springfield Board of Trade is after everything in sight. The organization is now trying to corral the permanent O. N. G. encampment grounds.

Fostoria colored people are trying to arrange for an emancipation celebration. Ex-Senator Bruce and Fred Douglass will probably be the speakers.

Hooker Irons quarreled with Peter Hanahan at Wellsville and beat him with a piece of lead pipe. It is thought that Hanahan will die. Irons escaped.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company wants Van Wert to deed a part of its court house lot for a depot. County commissioners are willing to lease for 99 years.

New postoffices in Ohio have been established as follows: At Hickory, Mahoning county, Charles D. Bowman, postmaster; at Coaldale, Muskingum county, Samuel A. Crouse, postmaster.

E. L. Harper, the ex-banker of Cincinnati, now confined in the penitentiary, has for a solace 60 pet canaries. They not only furnish amusement for him, but also profit, as he sells a great many.

INDIANA.

Bishop Dwenger of Fort Wayne is dying.

Wheat is worth but 80 cents at Richmond.

The L. & N. depot was burned at Guthrie.

The Terre Haute Evening News has ceased to exist.

A Women's Relief Corps has been established at Hinton.

The country about Jeffersonville is suffering from drought.

Indiana furnishes 57,513 pensioners, who were paid $10,624,648 last year.

Fish in Wild Cat creek are being poisoned by waste from a straw board factory.

The grand and supreme temple of the Patriarchal circle is in session at Richmond.

Rector White, of St. John's Episcopal church, Lafayette, will hereafter preach 15 minute sermons.

Cash Herron, a well known stock dealer of Hartford City, Ind., stabbed John Taney with fatal effect. Taney's wife and son were present, but could not prevent the cutting. An old feud.

MICHIGAN.

Boyne Falls has no physician.

Petoskey will soon indulge in a kirmess.

R. H. Hough, an ex-preacher, of West Bay City, is missing.

The Salvation Army of the state is in camp at Winona beach.

Mt. Pleasant camp Sons of Veterans start out with a roster of sixty.

The Muskegon fire department responded to fourteen alarms on July 4.

Patrons of the Saginaw telephone system will boycott unless better service is furnished.

West Bay City will soon vote on a proposition to bond the place for $10,000 for a new city hall.

Edwin H. Helmer, chief of the Jackson fire department, began service with the department July 4, 1860. Jackson thinks he is the oldest fireman, in point of service, in the state.

The Huron mine, at Portage lake, has not suspended operations and 400 men have not been thrown out of employment in consequence, as reported. Many claims have been filed against the company, however.

Peas are delivered at the canning factory at Three Rivers vines and all, like hay, and then the peas are picked from the vines and pods by women and children, who have the advantage of the shade while the tedious work is being done.

OHIO PENSIONS.

Buckeye Veterans and Their Dependents Who Have Been Granted Pensions.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Pensions have been granted to the following residents of Ohio:

Original—William Polk, John Jackson, Levi Lawrence, Jacob Sheets, Elwin Smith, William W Haney, George Swihart, Samuel McDonald, William H Jennings, Samuel Ridinger, Thomas Moon, Joseph Summers, Franklin O Stock, William H Moore, David B Moore, Samuel J McCleary, Thomas Smith, Heinrich Nagle, Leodard Rees, Marvin D Richardson, Davis Macy, John W Suively, Isaac W Ollom, Emmons M Stone, Terrence McGarigal, Winthrop F Pelton, S Koblus, James O Maxwell, Charles Kenney, Edward Roth, Kilby H Moyer, Wm Scuulte, Willard Pember, Archibald Prichard, Edward Johnson, Abram Richardson, Henry Miller, Leonidas McQuown, Resin Malone, Richard Kiger, Thomas F Jones, Chauncey Searles, John Miller, Geo G Robinson, David L Simpson, Geo Jenkins, James A Stephenson, Wm E Orrin (deceased), John Rodgers, Robt Patterson, Philip Kling, Henderson Jones, Thomas Robinson, Barney McClain, Lanson H McBride, John Dickerson, James P Irwin, David Bricker, Wm Duncan, John Deitz, Edward J Collins, Chas P Bressler, Adam Whitman, Geo Denbow, Wm Tipton, Geo W Byers, Thos H Ford, Eli Beam, Frederick Chase, Henry Emrick, Wm B Telbot, Leonard Bucam, James Dailey, Isaiah Dixey, William C Cobeau, James C Ainsworth, George W Davis, David Ayers, Thomas Fleming, John Farley, Solomon M H Funderburgh, Abram Ackerson, Geo W Zellnar, Thomas M Cleveland, Richard Warner, George Goff, Jacob Brownscheiger, John T Berry, Michael Acord, Robert Young, Charles Derrickson, Benjamin Battzell, Bradford Dawson, Jonathan Copeland, Julius Thurin, Noah Ford, Dan'l Baker, John M Danford, Alfred J Callen, John L Burns, George Washington, William Barker, Andrew Wiseman, Ezra S Bullis, William Cotton, George L Carter, James Brown, William E Dawson, Stephen R Bird, Peter Wettstein, Lysander Beach.

Additional—Frederick Brown, Charles Schnell, John K Tompkins.

Increase—Joseph Harter, Samuel W Cain (deceased), Alban Michel, Nicholas Moser, Allen Floyd.

Original widows, etc.—Caroline Heintz, Anna M Holzworth, Margaret Fielders, Julia Miller, Martha Mapes, Bettie E McClintock, Mary E Valter, Mary Cain, Maggie B Russell, Catharine Hine, Cornelia A McKee, Rosanna Harpster (mother), Wilhelmina Paltz, Virginia Detrick (mother), Mary J Hines, Harriet R Welsh, Mary A Price, Caroline White, Kate Wernert, Mary Scott, Elizabeth Gilpin, Edith Mines, David Born (father), Lucinda Winning, Laura W Buchanan, Mary A White, Rachel M Wintermute, Emma S Short, Lucinda Wallace, Delphi Walker.

HOW A HUNTER WAS WOUNDED

An Old Rocky Mountain Character's Fierce Fight With a Big Bear.

A little side cannon near the "Buffalo Sloughs" led me one afternoon to the rude, lonely cabin of a gray-haired hunter, writes Charles F. Lummis, describing a walk over the Rocky Mountains. He hobbled out as I came up and shared my tobacco on a sunny rock. "Old Monny" was the wreck of very much of a man. His once stalwart figure was hideously bent and twisted. The right shoulder was all misshapen; and the right leg only an awful rope of bone in many knots, and with hardly more flesh than my wrist has. Five years ago that day, roughly tender hands had carried Monny from Dead Man's Canon a criple for life. He and his "pardner" were toiling up the canon, their small bore, muzzle-loading Kentucky rifles over their shoulders. Suddenly, from behind a huge boulder they had just passed, lumbered noiselessly a huge brown-yellow beast, heavy as a fattened steer.

A wild screech from his chum whirled Monny about, and looking back he saw the huge cinnamon bear upreared over a still palpitating corpse, whose blood and brains were dripping from one gigantic paw. Monny threw his long, heavy barrel to as steady a level as if the game had been a squirrel, and drove the little leaden pellet through the lower half of the monster's heart. But a cinnamon bear dies hard, and before the hunter could reload or escape up the precipitous rocks the brute was upon him. Felling him with a blow that crushed his right shoulder like an eggshell, the bear fell dying at his side, chewing his leg from thigh to ankle to its last breath, and then lurched dead across his almost corpse.

And that is why there is one hunter who goes on a crutch to his beaver-traps, and in quest of game. Monny showed me the skin of his bear—11 feet 4 inches from tip of nose to root of tail! Upon the feet were still the huge crescents of claws, each six inches long; and on one side was the wee, round hole that had at last let out the great savage life.

Buck Ward's Mining Venture.

Standing in front of the Astor house one day last week I met my old California friend, Buck Ward. Buck was, when I knew him, "traveling in hard luck," according to the California idea. He had been prospecting for some time in Amador and Calaveras counties, and, as he himself expressed it, he "hadn't seen nary a colar" in all that time. It was with some surprise, therefore, that I saw a well dressed, prosperous looking gentleman who looked more like a bank president than the "busted prospector" I remembered of several years back.

"Why, hello, Buck," I exclaimed; "you must have struck it rich?"

"Rich," he replied, after our mutual greetings; "that I have, old fellow. There's a cool 40,000 to my credit at the —— National bank down on Wall street. And I'm here to enjoy it, too," he added.

"How was it? well it happened this way. I was pretty well disgusted with things last September, and just about clean broke. I was then at Angel's Camp, in Calaveras. One day I met my old friend Sully Lloyd, who had been prospecting a gravel claim about eight miles from camp and who, I thought, was about as busted as I was.

"'Buck,' said Sully, 'are you willing to put in some hard work with me on equal shares?'

"'Anything in it?' said I.

"'Well,' said he, 'there's either something big in it or I'm the worst fooled man in this township.'

"'All right,' said I; 'I'm your man.'

"It took some tall hustling on our part, I can tell you, to get the necessary tools and powder. But we got 'em, and then we started to work. There was a lead of blue gravel, which Sully had struck, running under a stratum of soft pipe clay. We ran a straight drift for about twenty feet, panning out all the time, but the color was pretty scarce. Then we ran into a great bowlder. I had begun to feel discouraged, and was for quitting there and then.

"'We'll blast out this bowlder,' said Sully, 'and then if we don't strike it we'll cry quits.'

"With this we began drilling. Talk about hard rock and hard work! Why, that bowlder was almost as hard and tough as cast iron. It took us nearly a week to get ready for blasting, and then we let her go. Then we worked steadily for three weeks more cleaning out the drift and finding the gravel bed again.

"Finally we ran across the gravel, and I took up a panful of the stuff and carried it outside. Well, sir, you could have knocked me over with a straw. That pan was just full of yellow dust and pieces of gold, too, some of them the size of a hickory nut. There was just $200 worth in that single panful.

"My! but wasn't that a find. It reminded me of the old days in the Spanish dry diggins and Grizzly Flat. We had run into one of the richest streaks of pay dirt I ever saw. We then began piling up the pay dirt on the dump, and one of us stayed right there all the time, you bet. The streak lasted for about seventy feet. It took us about five weeks to run through it, and every now and then we would run across a nugget until we had quite a good sized bagful stored away. Then we put up our sluice boxes and built a ditch and get ready to turn on the water.

"That was a clean up for you. It was making money faster than a horse could trot. We took out, all told, pretty nearly $60,000. Sully wanted to keep on and tunnel after the lead, but I thought I'd get a chance to spend my share first and then Sully offered to buy me out. He got my share of the claim for $10,000. That, you see, left me a clean $40,000, and here I am."

"Let's go in and celebrate," said Buck. I quite agreed with him afterward when he stated that "mining pays if you only stick to it."—N. Y. Herald.

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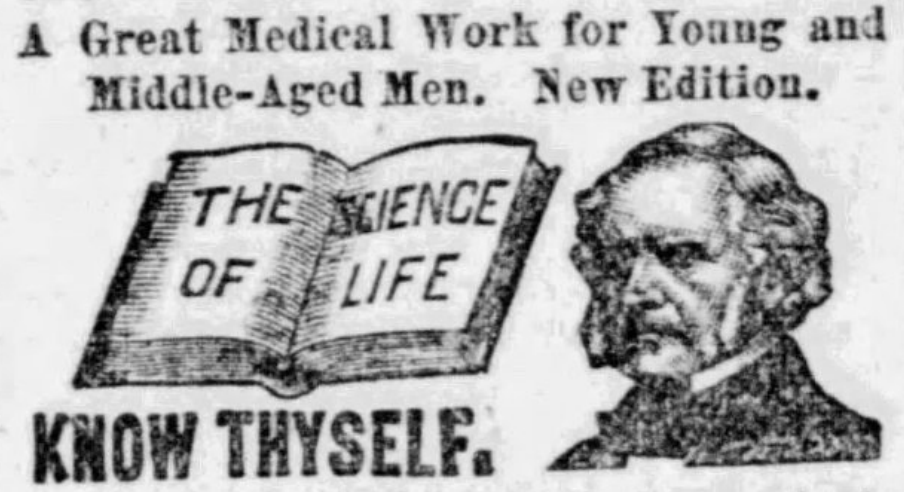
GREENVILLE, OHIO, Jan. 17, 1890.
Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:
DEAR SIR—I have been afflicted with Asthma twenty-four years, and within the last year have not been able to work more than half the time and had almost given up all hope of ever getting any better. But thanks to Mr. Baker, a neighbor, who told me to write to Dr. S. B. Lewis, Evansville, Ind., and get your address, which I did—and the Asthma Cure—and have been taking it nine weeks, and have not had an attack since; have not lost a days work, have gained ten pounds and feel as though the medicine has made a permanent cure.
Yours truly,
A. J. ROTHHASS.
FOR SALE BY
THOS. VANSTONE

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

MANHOOD!
How Lost! How Regained!
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



KNOW THYSELF.
Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW. Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. or Post Office Box 1895. HEAL THYSELF
The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—Herald. (Copyrighted.)

METROPOLITAN HOTEL
Broadway and Prince St., New York,
Under new management, on the
EUROPEAN PLAN
Thoroughly renovated; in complete order. Restaurant equal to the best in the city. Rooms $1.00 per day and upward.
HILDRETH & ALLEN

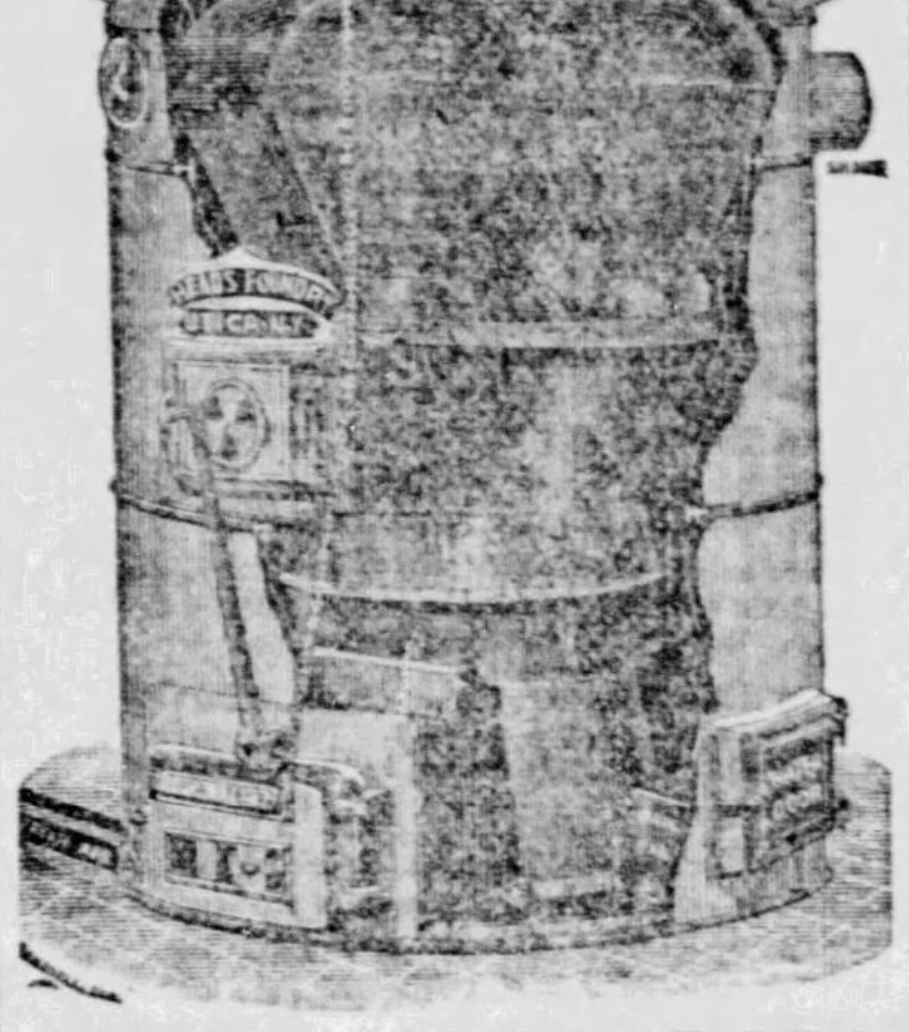
GOTOTURLEY'S
413 ADAMS STREET.
And Leave orders for
ICE CREAM and ICES.
Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

THE KIBLER
Automatic Cistern Cleaner!
This method of cleansing not only saves the waste of water and expense of pumping out, but by the same process it purifies the water by filling it with air.
Leave orders with
JAC. HARBAUER & CO.
539 BEACON ST.

JACOB GOGEL,
HORSE SHOEING
Wagon and Carriage Building and Repairing at Reasonable Prices.
340 SOUTH ERIE ST., COR. KRAUS.

FREE REMEDY. Manhood restored. Small, weak organs enlarged. Emissions, Impotency, Varicocele, and all effects of Self-Abuse or Excess cured. Never returns. I will gladly send (sealed) Free to all sufferers, a Recipe that cured me of these troubles. Address, with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Battle Creek, Mich.

MAN,
If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address
THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.



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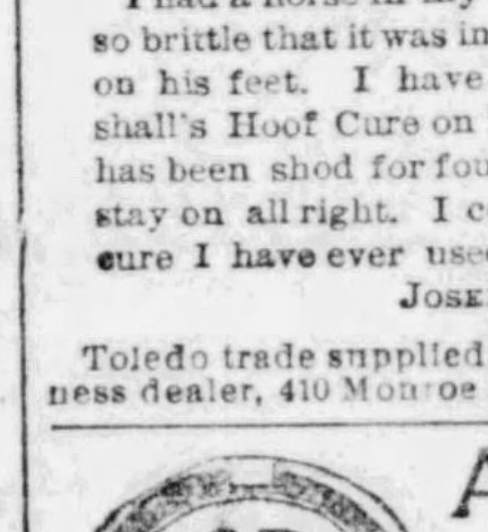
FURNACES.
ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.
R. G. BACON & CO,
Hardware and Stove Dealers,
504—MONROE ST—506

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Hose,
Hose Reels,
Garden Tools, Etc.
Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co.,
519 and 521 MONROE ST.

MARSHALL'S HOOF CURE

cures sand and quarter cracks, split hoofs, sore and contracted feet, corns and all hoof troubles. Stops cracking, shelling and scaling hoofs. Softens and toughens brittle hoofs. It is better than soaking with oil, meal, etc. Should be used on all horses standing on hard floors or driven on hard roads. It also cures scratches, tetter, galls of all kinds, bruises, etc.
TOLEDO, O., April 6, 1891.
I had a horse in my stables that had hoofs so brittle that it was impossible to keep a shoe on his feet. I have used one can of Marshall's Hoof Cure on his hoofs and the horse has been shod for four weeks and the shoes stay on all right. I consider it the best hoof cure I have ever used.
JOSEPH POPP, Liveryman.
Toledo trade supplied by Peter Sattler harness dealer, 410 Monroe St.



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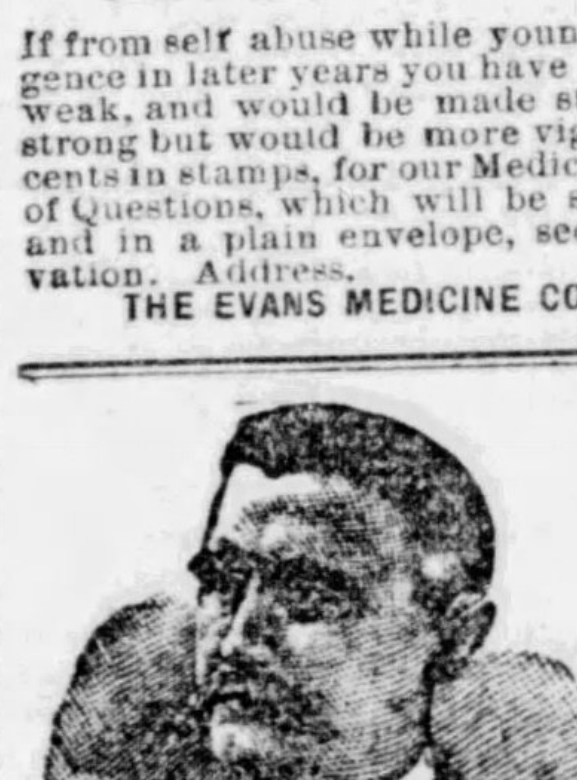
Manufacturer of and dealer in
STIFF AND SILK
HATS!
Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.
Repairing of all kinds of hats a Specialty.
208 Summit Street

MEN ONLY REMEDY FREE. Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have found a certain self-cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. E. GAUS, Box 36, Marshall, Mich.



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ELECTRIC
MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE
PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT
702 Madison St., Toledo, O.
All Private, Nervous and Chronic Diseases Treated with skill and success. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles speedily cured by new and improved methods. Syphilis, Scrofula and all Blood and Skin Diseases effectually eradicated. Nervous Debility and all forms of Female Diseases and Weaknesses promptly and permanently cured. Prof. Chambers' success is due to the use of ELECTRICITY administered to patients with his Electric Machines and Appliances, invented by him and used only in our Institutes. Hence do not be misled by others claiming to give the same treatment. A faculty of regularly graduated physicians in attendance. All forms of treatment combined, viz: Electricity, Medicines, Baths, Etc. Send for Health Journal and Question Blank, (either for ladies or gentlemen).
FREE:—Consultation, Examination and (1) Electrical Treatment.
Office hours are from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 9 a m to 1 p m. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address all communications to PROF. CHAMBERS & CO., 702 Madison st., Toledo, O.

DOES .·. IT .·. PAY?
Is it economy to buy the best you can? Does it pay to get the best value you can for your money?
SEE OUR SPRING CARPETS
We invariably offer you the best possible money value. In all our years of business this has been our aim. We buy only the best goods on the best terms and sell accordingly.
V. B. SNYDER & SON
THE "OLD RELIABLE" CARPET HOUSE

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES
Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.
MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.
H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS:
Merchants' and Clerks' Savings Bank
138 Summit St., near Jefferson.
CAPITAL, $150,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.
Interest allowed on Savings Deposits, payable Semi-Annually.
OLIVER S. BOND, Pres. J. E. BAILEY, Vice Pres. E. LOUIS SCHOMBURG, Treas

TOLEDO Business COLLEGE,
516-520 SUMMIT STREET Phone 1021.
SHORT-HAND SCHOOL.
English, Business, Penmanship and Short-Hand Courses taught. Nine years' under same management. Visitors always welcome.
M. H. DAVIS, Prin.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Ohio.

TAXATION.

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1891, to amend section 2, of Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

SECTION 2. Laws may be passed which shall tax by a uniform rule all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint-stock companies, or otherwise; and all real and personal property according to the true value thereof in money. In addition thereto, laws may be passed taxing rights, privileges, franchises, and such other subject matters as the legislature may direct; but burying grounds, public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and other property, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 2. At such election, those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation Amendment—Yes," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation amendment—No."

SECTION 3. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1892.

NIAL R. HYSELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM. VANCE MARQUIS,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 24, 1891.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO, }
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE. }

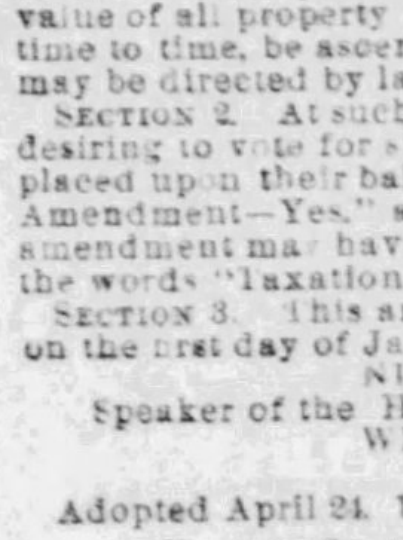
I Daniel J. Ryan, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1891, taken from the original rolls filed in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my [SEAL.] official seal, at Columbus, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891.

DANIEL J. RYAN,
Secretary of State.

first pub thur apr 30-thurs td.

STOP.
HAVE YOU THE CATARRH?
If you have, use the
WHITE INDIAN CATARRH CURE.
IT WILL CURE YOU.



It has cured and will cure when all other medicines failed.
It is warranted.
Manufactured by
J. H. Andrews, M. D., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists.
Price, 75 cts. per bottle.

PHONES 119, 289, 285.

The EVERETT PIANO.
Harvard & Sterling Pianos
Mason & Hamlin, Clough & Warren and Sterling Organs,
PETER McCORMICK
414 ADAMS STREET.

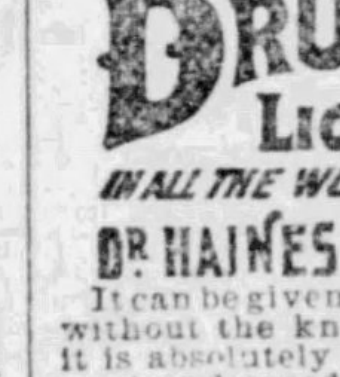
DRUNKENNESS
LIQUOR HABIT.
IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE
DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC.
It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free. To be had of I. N. REED, Druggist, Summit St & Madison Sts., Toledo, O.

FOR MEN ONLY. A NEW BOOK ON [illegible] Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., Cor. of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

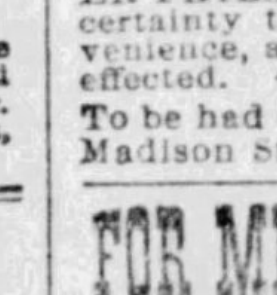
ESTABLISHED 1863.
A valuable PRIVATE MEDICAL WORK sent FREE (sealed) to those suffering from Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Loss of Night Emissions, pimples, lost power, vital urinary drain, emaciation and other evils of YOUTHFUL ERROR, and all forms of
PRIVATE DISEASES.
Address DR. CLEGG, CLEVELAND, O.

WEAK MEN CURED.
NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE. NO STOMACH DRUGGING.
Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

Chain, Single Tree Irons, Etc.
BUY THE BEST which means the "BAKER"
Write to us for estimates on
SPECIAL FORGINGS.
Ask your Dealer for "BAKER" Chain and "BAKER" Clips, or write to
BAKER CHAIN & WAGON IRON MFG. CO., Allegheny, Pa.



Big G is acknowledged the leading remedy for Gonorrhoea & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhoea or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONER, M. D., DECATUR, ILL.
Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.



G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st. over Mr. Egley's shoe store, second floor. Removes Corns, Bunions and ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positively cures sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and frozen feet. EMMA McCARTHY, Secy.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others desiring to study in the vacation. Studio 59 Madison st., in the rear parlors of First Congregational church.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 28 minutes slower than City time. Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked †, daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts.

Depart for Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York } Atlantic Express, 7 20 a m, Day Express, 2 22 p m, Fast Line, *5 p m

Arrive Toledo 9 15 a m, 5 10 p m and *11 25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE.	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	DEPART
*7 35 a m	Boston & Chicago Special	
9 45 a m	Boston & Chicago Accom	*5 20 p m
*4 50 p m	Fast Mail	*2 55 p m
*10 55 p m	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*8 10 a m	Chicago Mail	
7 15 p m	Buffalo Accomodation	6 10 a m
1 40 p m	Norwalk Accommodation	3 40 p m
	SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.	
	Boston & N Y Special	*3 00 p m
*8 25 a m	New York & Chicago Lim	*11 55 p m
*1 55 p m	Chicago & New York Ex	*10 30 p m
9 35 a m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom	5 10 p m
	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
7 45 p m	Accommodation	6 50 a m
	OLD ROAD—WEST.	
	Boston & Chicago Special	*7 40 a m
*10 25 p m	Fast N Y & Boston Ex	
*2 50 p m	Fast Mail	
*9 15 a m	Bost & Chicago Accom	*7 50 p m
4 40 p m	Michigan Accomodation	9 50 a m
	AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.	
*3 55 p m	Chicago & Boston Special	
4 45 a m	Atlantic Express	
1 50 p m	New York & Chicago Lim	*3 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*3 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	11 05 p m
7 45 p m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom	10 05 a m
1 20 a m	Kendallville Accomodat'n	6 00 p m
	JACKSON BRANCH	
9 15 a m	Express	9 50 a m
4 40 p m	Express	7 50 p m
	LANSING BRANCH.	
2 50 p m	Express	9 50 a m
10 25 p m	Express	
	KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.	
2 50 p m	Express	11 05 p m
10 25 p m	Express	9 50 a m
	DETROIT BRANCH.	
9 25 a m	Express	7 42 a m
8 40 p m	Express	10 10 a m
2 10 p m	Express	4 05 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON
Union Depot.

*1 00 a m	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
4 00 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*3 30 p m
*1 05 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
11 25 a m	Cincinnati Express	6 45 a m
1 40 a m	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only.	
8 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 30 p m
11 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 05 p m
11 25 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY,
UNION DEPOT.

*8 55 p m	Pacific Express	*12 10 a m
4 15 p m	Kansas City Express	10 40 a m
*1 40 a m	St Louis Express	*5 30 p m
11 00 a m	Defiance Accom	4 45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

1 20 p m	Mackinac & Det Ex	4 20 p m
*10 05 a m	N Y & Boston Express	*7 15 a m
*11 20 p m	New York Express	*9 15 p m
*2 20 p m	Detroit Express	*5 05 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

1 25 p m	Pitts, Steubville & Mar Ex	7 40 a m
1 00 p m	Through Express	1 00 p m
*1 45 a m	Cleveland & N Y Ex	4 30 p m
4 10 p m	Mixed Local	6 45 a m
	Mixed Oak Harbor	*7 45 p m
	Orrville Ex, Sunday only	5 20 p m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN

11 15 p m	Cadillac Mail	6 00 a m
1 10 p m	Clare Express	10 00 a m
5 30 a m	Mt Pleasant Express	8 20 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY.
Union Depot.

10 20 p m	St Louis Day Express	6 25 a m
*8 20 a m	St Louis Night Express	*5 25 p m
5 30 a m	Delphos Pass	4 30 p m

CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.

*1 10 p m	Chicago & Toledo Ex	6 15 p m
*8 35 p m	Mail and Express	*7 35 a m
	Local	6 10 a m

*Daily except Sunday. On Sunday these trains will run between Toledo and Addison.

COLUMBUS, HOCKING VALLEY & TOLEDO
Buckeye Route.

*1 15 a m	Columbus Express	*6 30 a m
2 10 p m	Ohio River Mail & Express	10 35 a m
*5 30 p m	Columbus Express	*5 20 p m

TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R.R.
Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.

9 10 a m	Findlay & Kenton Express	7 20 a m
8 25 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 30 a m
6 40 p m	Findlay & Kenton Express	4 20 p m
9 10 a m	Find & Kenton Ex Sunday	6 00 p m

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL RY.
Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.

8 20 p m	Columbus & Corning Ex	10 20 a m
5 00 a m	Bucyrus Express	5 30 p m

TOLEDO, FINDLAY & SPRINGFIELD.

Union Depot, via C., H. & D. Close connections with all trains at Bowling Green.

Leaves Toledo at 6:45 a m, 10:15 a m, 3:30 p m and 6:05 p m; leave Bowling Green at 8:15 a m, 11:30 a m, 4:35 p m and 7:15 p m; arrive at North Baltimore at 8:57 a m, 11:53 a m, 5:18 p m and 7:55 p m. Returning leave North Baltimore at 6:15 a m, 9:30 a m, 1:50 p m and 5:45 p m. Arrive at Bowling Green at 7:01 a m, 10:30 a m, 2:36 p m and 6:30 p m, arriving at Toledo at 8:35 a m, 11:40 a m, 3:40 p m and 1 p m.

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.
TIME TABLE:

Arrive *3:55 a m. Depart *12:10 a m
4:53 p m. 12:00 noon

Trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

D&C MACKINAC TOURS!
PETOSKEY SOO LAKE SUPERIOR
By Palace Side-Wheel Steamers of the
DETROIT & CLEVELAND STEAM NAV. CO.
Via Steamer Idlewild to Detroit.
The Best and Quickest Service at Lowest Rates.
A. A. SCHANTZ, A.G.P.A. Detroit. WM. GATES, Agt, Boody House.

FOR PUT-IN-BAY.

The new steel steamer CITY OF TOLEDO, Capt Edward McNelly, Master. Will commence daily trips from Toledo to Middle Bass and Put-in-Bay, July 5th, 1891, leaving at 10 a. m. (local time) returning at 6 p. m. Fare single trip 75c. Round trip same day $1. Round trip good for season $1.25, to Cleveland $1.75, to Detroit $1, to Sandusky $1. Sunday excursions 50c. Arrangements for excursions can be made by applying on board or at office foot of Monroe street. Connect at Put-in-Bay with steamers for Detroit, Cleveland and Sandusky. Eugene Knight, Agent, foot of Monroe street. Calvin Cone, General Manager.

Presque Isle Time Table
STEAMERS PASTIME AND EVENING STAR.
Leave Toledo, Leave Presque Isle.
10 a m 10:45 a m
12 m 12:45 p m
2:00 p m } Band 2:30 p m
3:30 p m } Concert 4:15 p m
5:15 Supper Boat 7 p m
8:30 Dancing 10:30 p m
Sunday boats leave every hour. Commencing 10 a m. F. N. QUALE, Manager.

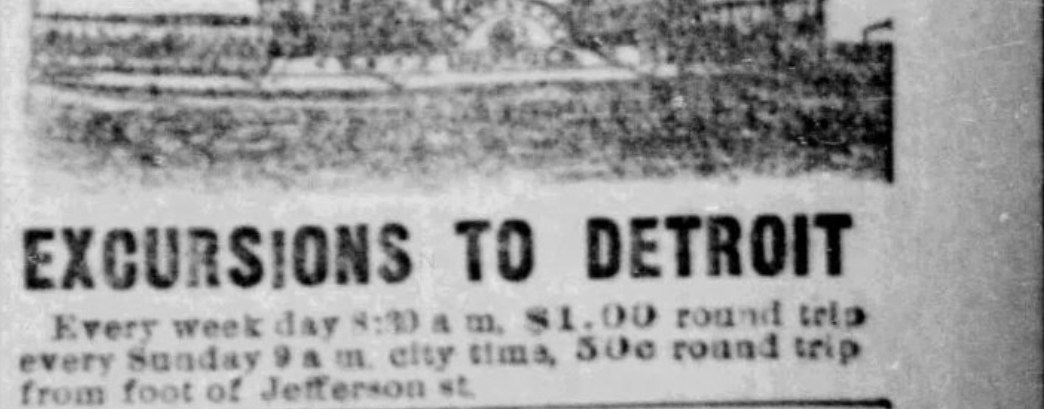
GRUMMOND'S MACKINAC LINE!
Passenger Steamer every Tuesday at 8 a. m., for Mackinac, Alpena, Oscoda and Lake Huron way ports. S. B. Grummond, Owner and Gen'l Man'r, Detroit, Mich. F. N. Quale, Agt., Toledo

TIME CARD.
Str. C. B. Wallace
Formerly J V Lutts,
Will leave foot of Monroe St. as follows:
Leave Toledo Leave Maumee and Perrysburg.
10:15 a m 7:30 a m
3:00 p m 12:15 p m
6:00 p m 5:00 p m
Moonlight ride and free dancing every Sunday night with Eagle brass band. Leaves Toledo 6 p. m. Leaves Perrysburg 8 p. m.

STEAMSHIP AGENCY!
Tickets and staterooms on all lines of lake and ocean steamers. For diagrams, circulars, etc., apply to Gates ticket office, Boody house, Toledo.

LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSIT CO.
For stateroom berths and all information, address, T. H. Barkdull, Pass'gr Agt., 244 St. Clair st., Toledo, O.

Str. Idlewild



EXCURSIONS TO DETROIT
Every week day 8:30 a m. $1.00 round trip every Sunday 9 a m. city time, 50c round trip from foot of Jefferson st.

J. B. MARSTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER
No. 333 Superior St., near Masonic Temple.

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 25 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head:
Once, 20cts; Three times, 40cts; Six times 50cts.

SOLICITOR—Wanted energetic fire insurance solicitor. Apply at 329 Superior st. 9jy3p

WANTED—For the United States army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly6m

BARBER—Wanted, barber, first-class and steady; none other need apply. A W Brockman, 620 Adams st. 8jy2p

WANTED—Feed boy; one with some experience. Apply at once at Bellman Bros, printers, cor St Clair and Oak sts. 7jy2

BARBER—Wanted a first-class barber at W J Stuart's, 2939 Summit ave, North Toledo. 6jy3p

TINNERS—Wanted tinners at E A Eversman's. 3jy6

WANTED—Permanent office assistant. Salary $750. Railway fair paid. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, box 532, Chicago. 27jnetf

CUTTERS AND TAILORS WANTED—Over 1,700 have adopted the A D Rude new method; numbers of them are leading cutters of this continent; others are on the way to fame and fortune. Taught at Cleveland Cutting School. je17tojy11

1000 MEN WANTED to get a pair of custom made pants for $3, or full suit for $13.25, at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co, 608 Adams st. 6june1mp

FEMALE HELP WANTED

COOKS—Situations wanted by two first-class cooks at fairs or hotel and restaurant. Address A W Williams, and P H Cook, 10 Superior st, Toledo, O. 8jy6p

WANTED—First-class dining room girls at 422 Monroe st. 8jy2p

COOK AND SECOND GIRL—Wanted a good cook and second girl; reference required; good wages paid. Mrs L Franc, 1117 Madison st. 8jy3p

GIRL—Wanted small girl for dining room work and chamber work; German preferred, at 144 Superior st. 7jy3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted a girl for general housework at 453 Missouri st, cor Collingwood ave. 7jy3p

SMOKING TOBACCO PACKERS—Experienced girls to pack smoking tobacco at Toledo Tobacco works, 349 South Erie st. 6jy6

WANTED—A nurse girl between 16 and 18 years old at 211 Irving St. 27jnetf

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 532 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

WANTED—Girl or middle-aged woman to work in a hotel; no boarders. Call or address Maumee House, Maumee, O. 8maytf

FOR SALE.

HORSES—For sale two good work horses; also wide tire wagon and double harness; will sell together or separate to suit purchaser. Inquire at 116 Broadway. 9jy6p

PORTABLE ENGINE—For sale; 19 horse-power, in perfect order; will sell cheap. Apply to Tim Leroux, cor Cherry and Summit sts. 8jy2w

WAGON—For sale a 2-seated spring wagon; can be bought cheap at 364 Summit st. 8jy3p

FOR SALE—Small boat for sailing or rowing, complete and in good condition. Address C8, Bee office. 8jy2p

FOR SALE—House and lot, two story frame, 7 rooms, large summer kitchen, natural gas, barn, rents for $8; cheap, $700; two minutes walk from electric street car. Apply 1236, corner Fort and Dawson sts, Southeast Toledo. 6jy6p

FOR SALE—A gentle bay pony, a fine looker and just the horse for a lady to drive; will sell reasonable. Inquire at A & F Alter's, 130 St Clair st. 3jy6

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Vt. bridge ave, $1,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 74 ft on Collingwood near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 3d ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell 10 Produce Exchange. 28augtf

FOR SALE OR RENT—The stone building recently occupied by Byrul & Merick as a furniture, planing and jobbing establishment; the building is eighty (80) by seventy-three (73) feet, 3 stories in height with cellars, situate on Water st, Sandusky, in the center of the city; there are three railroads passing at the rear of the building, one within 10 feet; there is also an engine of 100 horse power, with a new steel boiler and planing machine matcher, resawing moulding, ripping and cross-cutting off machine, all in good order for business manufacturing; the owner is going out of business; the property will be sold at a sacrifice or rented to a good tenant. James D Lea. Sandusky, June 5, 1891. 16je6w

FOR SALE—Hotel and restaurant for sale a good bargain for somebody; Wyek's hotel on Summit st, cor Perry; old established and doing a good business; reason for selling, poor health. Parties meaning business call and get prices and particulars. 12june1m

FOR SALE—Very cheap, 4x4 oak sidewalk stringers, 2x3 inch oak plank all grades, pine and hardwood lumber, belts cut to order on short notice, finest lot of redwood shingles of ornamental designs, hardwood flooring and wainscoating, etc. M B Donohue, 130 St Clair st. 11june1m

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—By man and wife with baby 1 year old, work to do on a farm. Address C3, Bee office. 9jy3

WANTED—Dressmaking at 28 Ontario st. Miss Kipfer. 9jy3

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged lady as housekeeper or to do light work. Call or address 14 Erie st. 9jy3

WANTED—A situation, by a middle-aged married man, at anything honorable; best of references given. C7, Bee office. 8jy3

NURSE—Wanted by experienced nurse girl, a place where I can go home nights; reference from last place. Address Miss Jill, Toledo, O. 8jy3

WANTED—Situation by a young man of experience as a paperhanger and painter. Address B 133, Bee office. 8jy3

WANTED—Situation as painter and paperhanger; have worked for the Pullman Car company, of Detroit. Address B 123, Bee office. 7jy3

WANTED—Position in a wholesale house by a sober, industrious man; good accountant and willing to work. Address D S, 1118 Hicks st. 7jy3

WANTED—By a young lady a position as cashier or any kind of office work; good reference given; a good penman. Address C 1, Bee office. 7jy3

WANTED—Situation by young man as coachman in private family; can give best of city reference. Address C 2, Bee office. 7jy3

WANTED—Work by a smart, reliable boy; has had experience in collecting, etc; good references. Address Harry, 743 Hicks st. 7jy3

WANTED—A young man desires steady employment in any capacity. Address B 124, Bee office. 3jy9

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

HOUSE—For rent, two story house, with large lot and barn, on Indiana ave. Inquire at John Dalber's, 107 Summit st. 8jy6

FOR RENT—Brick residence, 322 Broadway, near Union depot; four or five rooms and cellar, all in good order; natural gas and city water; $12 per month. R G Fulton, Oliver house. 7jy3p

HOUSE—For rent or sale, a large house on 11th st, between Madison and Adams; all modern improvements. Address C 4, Bee office. 7jy6p

STORE—To rent, a store. Apply opposite Air Line Junction. 7jy6p

FOR RENT—Two small houses on cor Beech and Ontario sts. Enquire on premises. Reference required. 25june2w-p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—Flat No 8½, Jefferson st, cor Ontario; two floors, main and second, six rooms and bath; especially suited for physician's residence and office; $30. Also flat No 48, Ontario st; Norris flats; English basement, six rooms and bath, $22. Apply to F. J. Scott, Hotel Madison. 6ju tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 30 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison st. 9jy1m

PARTNER WANTED.

PARTNER—Wanted partner with from $500 to $1,500 in light manufacturing; guarantee not less than $150 per month. S S, Bee office. 8jy2p

WANTED AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen, just patented the best household novelty of the day, sells at sight, pays $300 per cent. Send $1 for two doz sample order. State or U S right for sale. A bargain. Call or address Stout & Holmes, 515 Jefferson St. 27june

MISCELLANEOUS

I. P. SCHLACHTER, 825 Lagrange st, will have an opening on Saturday, July 11; all are invited; a good time anticipated. 8jy4p

WANTED—To exchange new two story 9 room house and lot, 3 blocks from high school, Bowling Green, O, for residence in Toledo; Auburdale preferred. Address E A Miller, 1101 Adams st, Toledo. 7jy6p

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; Now for sale for the first time. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; just opened up this week; buy a lot. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; lots for sale on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; a new addition south of Western ave. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; 12 minutes electric car ride from postoffice. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; is cheap for the money; get our prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is beautifully located, high and dry. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is well drained and in healthful neighborhood. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; title perfect; lots sold on warranty deed. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; abstract furnished to every purchaser. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; we have lots for sale at $225 each; cheap. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; we have lots for sale on time to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension offers excellent inducements for investment. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is a new 9th ward residence addition. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is convenient for railroad men. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is convenient for factory men. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is convenient to elevators and lumber yards. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; take an electric car and look at the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; $10 cash will secure you a lot. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; a cash payment and $5 monthly buys a lot. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; price and terms to suit everybody. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension is surrounded with business and homes. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; every lot is bound to increase in value. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; save $5 a month and own a home. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; prices will soon advance; invest now. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; lots $225 and upwards; all cheap. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; price within the reach of all; come soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension has electric cars and electric lights. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; a splendid opportunity to make money. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WESTERN AVENUE Addition extension; we wish to sell every lot; see us soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mp

WANTED—Everybody to insure their property in the old and tried Ohio Farmers' insurance company; 43 years' experience and $1,654,230.50 assets. Geo C Stahl, agt, 420 Adams st. 22june1m

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE—Houses, stores, lots and farms for sale; houses and office rooms for rent. C C & H H ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite post office. 22june2w

NOTICE—New line of carpets just received at Thompson's East Toledo furniture store, 109 Bridge st. 17je1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aprlyr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31janly

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order; delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 851. The Merrell Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 2mayly

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Dog—Gordon setter pup about four months' old, answering to name of King. Please return to Tom Watters, 845 Lincoln ave, and receive reward. 8jy3p

STRAYED—Black mare, 2 years old, weight about 1,100 pounds; had on bridle and harness, except the traces and breeching; ran away Sunday night in Maumee. Send information to Maumee, O. Peter Kiefer. 7jytf

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—Iron gray mare, weighs about 900 pounds, black mane and tail; is about 6 years old; lost one front shoe. Louis Milker, 624 Vinton st. A liberal reward if returned. 1jy6p

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—A suit of 5 rooms at 2615 Cherry st. Inquire on premises. 9jy3p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at $1 per week. Apply to Miss Pulver, corner St. Clair and Knapp sts. 1jy6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

MONEY TO LOAN on farm or city property in large or small amounts, at low rate of interest; will buy notes, bonds, mortgages on liberal terms. Merrell & Eastell, 512 Madison st. 11junely

PERSONAL

WILL THE GENTLEMAN FROM THE East Side that called at 2017 Walnut st for a housekeeper, please call again. 7jy3p

AFRAID HE'D WAKE THE BABIES

Mrs. Chickaree Squirrel: "Who is that knocking down there? Oh, it's you, Mr. Woodpecker? Well, please don't knock quite so hard. I have only just got my babies to sleep."—Harper's Young People.

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Ohio wheelmen meet at Columbus next Monday.

Democratic primaries Saturday, from 4 to 8 p. m.

The taxes collected yesterday amounted to $12,443.51.

Ladies' Aid association has an excursion to Put-in-Bay on Saturday.

A number of public improvements will be let next Monday at noon.

The C., H. & D. runs an excursion to the Niagara falls on the 30th inst.

Robert Downey, sent from Lucas county to the O. P., has been paroled.

Good horses and fine carriages at the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

Clerks' Mutual Protective association meets this evening at Elks' hall.

Butterick Patterns will remove to the Louvre, 416 Adams street, August 1.

Thus far 437 building permits have been issued by the city clerk during 1891.

An excursion from St. Paul's M. E. church went to Put-in-Bay yesterday.

Ohio Custom Tailors' association meets in annual convention in Toledo next Monday.

Summit street is rather more lively and noisy now since the advent of the electric cars.

Golden Egg Noodles make delicious soup.

Golden Egg Noodles embrace quality, purity and cleanliness. Your grocer has them.

Committees on streets, sidewalks and harbor and commerce meet to-night at the council chamber.

A Methodist church will be dedicated at North Baltimore next Sunday. It is in the Toledo district.

Rev. J. F. Beates will preach for the English Lutherans, of Sandusky, next Sunday evening.

Henry McMannis was fined $5 and costs in police court this morning for indecent exposure of his person.

There is a lively hustle going on in some of the wards for delegates to next week's democratic state convention.

The case against Mary Healy and Kittie Shea, for disturbance, was taken off the docket in police court this morning.

The Toledo & Western railroad prospecting party spent last night at Pioneer, and went to Angola, Ind., to-day.

Don't forget the up-river trip on the steamer C. B. Wallace to the old Fort Meigs, Fort Miami and Perrysburg.

The St.Stephen's and Redeemer English Lutheran Sunday schools will picnic at Marengo grove on Thursday, July 16.

Van Wert yesterday sent a wife beater named Coffelt to Toledo, to remain a guest at the work house for over four months.

You can make no mistake by using Buckeye paints and varnishes. They are the most durable goods in the market.

The assault and battery case against Fred Guilett was continued in police court this morning until to-morrow; bail $25.

The depository commission met at the mayor's office this morning and checked up city accounts for the past two months.

Drunks disposed of in the police court this morning: Frank James, costs; Peter Glymm, $5 and costs; Mike Kelley, $5 bail forfeited.

Moonlight excursion to the lake on steamer Pastime every night, stopping at Presque Isle both ways; music and dancing all for 25c.

An excursion under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of St. John's Evangelist church, went to Detroit on the Idlewild to-day.

Lorne Wilkie applied in common pleas court to-day for a divorce from his wife, Edith J. Wilkie, charging wilful absence for more than three years.

Try the celebrated Rose brand hams, bacon and dried beef; also fresh, salt and smoked meats, sausage, etc., at Jacob Folger's, South St. Clair street.

No well regulated household should be without Angostura Bitters, the celebrated appetizer. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

Kittie Phalen, who has been causing her mother some trouble, will be taken to the Industrial school at Lancaster to-day by Mrs. R. G. Bacon, of the Humane society.

There is an immense amount of ore on the lower town docks. What a boom it would be to Toledo if all of it would be worked up here instead of being reshipped.

Louis Burton, a sailor, was arrested by Officer Howard yesterday afternoon for insulting ladies on the street. He was fined $20 and costs in police court last evening.

The case of W. M. Sales, for abusing his family, was again continued in police court until July 11th, his wife still suffering from the injuries received from his brutal conduct.

Wm. Huff, a saloonkeeper on the East Side, was in police court this morning, charged with having sold intoxicating drinks to Michael Feak, a minor. His case was continued to July 16; bail $100.

Justice Parker gave judgment to the Standard Cigar Co. against Frank Prince this morning for $15, and also served a notice of attachment on the property of E. S. Lawton for A. B. Couldwell.

Nearly 150 ladies and gentlemen from Ottawa arrived in Toledo this morning en route for Presque Isle. They came under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church of Ottawa.

The little office in Cherry Grove at the corner of Walnut and Frederick streets is now open from 12 to 7 p. m. for the sale of the remaining lots in Cherry Grove addition. Call on Mr. H. H. Modewell at the office, or on R. W. Smith, 224 St. Clair st.

The David B. Hill club meets to-night at Phenix hall on Cherry street, instead of Saturday, as erroneously stated in last evening's BEE. Election of officers and the securing of permanent quarters will be the principal items of business.

The case against George Ammon for horse stealing was taken off of the docket in police court this morning and he was ordered to be held as a witness against Van Dett, the horse thief, bound over to the grand jury. Ammon's bail was placed at $100.

Francis Elder, Frank Estell, Minnie Manahan and Louis Noble were discharged on a motion by the state in probate court this morning. The evidence in the case was not strong enough to hold them on the charge of prostitution.

Mr. March, of Indiana avenue, reported at the police station last night, that a tramp called at his house and attempted a criminal assault on Mrs. March when she refused to give him something to eat in the morning. The police are on the watch for the man.

Mrs. Petroski, of 125 Hamilton street, was arrested last night about midnight and taken to the central police station for safe keeping. The woman is about 50 years old, and this morning when her husband and boy called to see her she abused them shamefully. The woman is crazy and cannot speak a word of English.

Don't worry your horse or deny yourself any pleasure when out riding. Just drive up to Saipherd's Carriage Repository on Cherry street where you will not only see the finest stock of buggies, carts and light wagons in the state, but also a complete line of fly nets, light robes and dusters—everything in horse goods. Quality of goods way up. Prices way down.

Justice Austin issued an order for the arrest of Frankie Eiler yesterday afternoon, charging her with having disposed of about $300 worth of mortgaged household goods to a Perry street dealer for $20. Mrs. Eiler was in the police station until this morning and could not be seen, and the case was continued until Monday.

George Carson, an employe of the Gendron Iron Wheel company, was arrested last night as a suspicious person and for carrying concealed weapons. It was found this morning that he was all right, the only weapon he had being the razor with which he shaves. He was discharged by Judge Sala, but told to leave his razor at home.

Notice.

All members of the St. Cecelia's No. 513, I. C. B. U., are requested to meet at Damon hall, near Summit and Adams, Friday evening, July 10. All are requested to be present. By order of the Council.

Great Removal Sale.

The entire stock of P. Hassenzahl & Son, merchant tailors, 835 Summit street, must be sold within the next thirty day. All suitings, overcoatings and pantings, will be sold at cost and less. Everything must be sold before moving to the new store. Cloth tables, cutting table, looking glasses and all fixtures for sale cheap. Come early if you wish to secure bargains.

Our great sale is not conducted on the plan of marking up goods and then say quarter off or half price to deceive. Our entire stock at cost or less during this sale.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

Additional Sport.

Every member of the Standards is requested to meet at the Wabash bridge, Saturday evening, July 11.

All the members of the Starrs are requested to meet at the usual place, Friday evening at 8:30, sharp. Pecord, manager.

We, the Foxes, accept the challenge of the Speranzas and will play them at Presque Isle, July 12, at 10:30 a. m. W Robertson, treasurer.

The Unknowns accept the challenge of the Emersons for Sunday, July 12, for $1 a side, on the Unknowns' grounds. Manager Unknowns.

All members of the Maroon Base Ball club are requested to meet at their usual meeting place this evening. Important meeting. Manager Maroon.

We, the Standards, challenge any club in the city under 15 years, and would like to hear from the Clover Leafs, Sunday, July 12, on the Wabash grounds.

The Athletics challenge the following clubs: Pathfinders, Eighth Ward Browns, Ivys, Foxes, Speranzas, Modocs—Speranzas or Modocs preferred—for July 12.

The great alteration sale is growing from day to day. We did not pick out certain lots of old goods to be got rid of, but included the entire stock. Many goods are being closed out for a great deal less than they can be produced for.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

A young graduate from Vassar had read the following paragraph: "It must be disinterested benevolence which leads the sweet young things who go to Vassar college to plant trees on commencement day. They can't ever expect to climb them." She didn't like it, and in reply wrote: "It is surely better to plant trees at college, even if debarred the questionable privilege of climbing them, than to sow wild oats, from which no one ever yet failed to reap a harvest."

TWO HISTORIC PISTOLS.

They Are Restored to Their Owner Twenty Years After the War.

Senator Manderson was seated at dinner between two boys, one of whom, Cadet Reeves, he was interested in historically, and the other to whom he was drawn by the most remarkable name ever thrust by the boys upon a fellow-cadet—Palmer-Eelskin-Peekskill-Peter-Cuticura-Tar-Soap Pierce, says a West Point letter to the New York Times. After leaving the mess-hall Senator Manderson explained his reasons for dining with young Reeves.

"At the battle of Stone River," said he, "my regiment, the Nineteenth Ohio infantry, presented me with a handsome and valuable pair of pistols. At that battle the regiment which I commanded lost 46 per cent of its force, a terrible showing. I carried the pistols for six months, to the fall of 1863, when I obtained a short leave of absence. Upon the expiration of my leave my regiment was at Chattanooga. There were two ways of getting there, by a wagon road which I was assured was the safer in two days, or by a bridle path which was reported to be overrun with the enemy in one day. I was anxious to get to the front, and for safety's sake put my beautiful pistols in a trunk, which I started off by the road, while I, in light marching order and with a couple of old-fashioned guns, proceeded by the bridle path. I reached Chattanooga without seeing an enemy. But my luggage failed to arrive.

"In the course of three or four days Lieutenant Keel, who commanded the baggage train, rode in more dead than alive, and declared that he had been overwhelmed by a heavy body of confederates, and had only escaped capture by knocking a colored man off a mule and riding away on it. At any rate the confederates broke into the trunk, and my pistols were confiscated by two of their troopers. Twenty years after the war I received a letter from an Iowa colonel who informed me that at the close of the war he was scouting in Alabama and overtood a confederate, who apparently had not heard of the downfall of the rebellion, for he was having a small war all to himself. The colonel captured him and found one of my pistols, which he forwarded.

"Five years after that a page came up to me one day in the senate and said Senator Pugh of Alabama desired to see me in one of the committee-rooms. I started down at once and found the senator, Gen. Joe Wheeler, who had commanded the cavalry which captured my trunk, and a man whom they introduced to me as Mr. Reeves. The latter, who was the father of the boy with whom I dined to-day, said that he had purchased the other pistol from the man whom the Iowa colonel had taken prisoner and who was the sheriff of the county at the time. I could see by his manner that he was very reluctant to surrender the pistol, for he handled it as tenderly as he would a baby. The pistols are now at my home and bear the original presentation plates that were put upon them when presented to me in March, 1863."

The Electric Light in Paris.

The manner in which Paris is now proceeding to introduce electricity in every portion of the municipal area is of the utmost importance to all other cities that have to do with similar problems. There has been no undue haste. On the contrary the subject has been treated in a patient, scientific, systematic way. To begin with, the municipality has spent 2,000,000 francs or more in making a central electrical installation of its own in the basement of "Les Halles Centrales," the great central market of Paris. This plant is conveniently situated for the illumination of a number of public buildings and establishments, and it can be enlarged indefinitely. But it has never been intended to use this or any other municipal installation for the general work of lighting the city. It is for experimental purposes, and also for the purpose of acting as a regulator of charges. It enables the municipality to command the situation, and gives it a corps of men who understand the practical details of an electrical establishment. For the purpose of general illumination the city has been divided into seven "secteurs electrique." Paris is approximately a circle, and the secteurs are segments, the dividing lines of which radiate from the vicinity of the Halles as a center and extend to the circumference. Each of these secteurs has been granted exclusively for a short term of years to a responsible electric company. Thus Edison has been accorded one, the great Paris contractor, Victor Popp (using the Thompson-Houston system), has two, and the others are conceded respectively to the Messrs. Rothschild, the Societe Alsaciene, the Ferranti company of London, and Naze & Co. (representing the Westinghouse system). Several of the secteurs were granted in the latter part of 1890, completing the distribution. As one of the conditions, it has been required that the companies proceed at once to make their installations, and that within two years their districts shall be completely served with main cables. Thus, before the end of 1892, such provision will have been made that, if desired, every street in Paris, as well as every house, can be illuminated with electricity. It is required that the companies shall supply street lighting upon terms that are as favorable as possible—at cost or even less—and a maximum rate of charge to private uses is prescribed. Each company has been required to give a guaranty fund of several hundred thousand francs to insure the fulfilment of all the conditions imposed in the concession. No payment has been required for the charters, the terms being short, and permanent arrangements being deferred until use can be made of the results of five or ten years' experience. Meanwhile the city has its own central plant, and it is not debarred from laying its cables into any or all of the secteurs, with a view to regulating prices by competition. Thus Paris is on the point of being more completely supplied with electric-lighting facilities than any other large city in the world.—Century.

A powder of Dr. Story's Five Minute Headache Cure in the morning will dispel all bad effects from the use of stimulants.

Etchings: A Face in the Crowd.

A burst of applause greeted the entrance of the favorite.

For a second, she stood motionless, smiling, allowing the magnetism of her presence to be felt, then as the music, a semi-barbaric measure, sounded, the dancer began to move.

The large building was packed with human beings. In one of the lower boxes, a number of club men followed each movement with critical satisfaction; presently, one of the group, his impassive face, unusually animated, plucked the flower from his coat, and flung it at the artist's feet.

The action was eloquent, and the signal for a storm of applause, during which several huge bouquets, and baskets of roses, were handed over the footlights.

But to Narka, the single blossom was more valuable, for it represented the final seal of approval, from the leader of a fastidious clique, hitherto, strictly neutral in attitude.

The knowledge aroused her mercurial nature, the blood seemed to run like fire through her veins, as she commenced the encore so loudly demanded.

The past, its struggles, sorrows, aims, were all obliterated in that moment of rapturous forgetfulness.

Presently, as her eyes wandered slowly over the sea of faces, she started, her gaze arrested.

High up in the gallery, bending eagerly forward, a shabbily dressed foreigner held on his knee a tiny dark-eyed boy.

The sight of that wondering little face affected the dancer strangely. She forgot her audience, everything, save the fierce claims of hungry mother love, denied so long. Dark, bitter memories crowded upon her, banishing the present. She saw herself vain, savagely ignorant, stealing away from the wretched home, and the drunken peasant, she called husband; she heard the faint echo of the boy's frightened sobs, as she left him, hurrying away in the grey of the morning—

"Ivan, duschinka maja."

The caressing words fell from Narka's lips in a wild appealing cry, as her white arms stretched themselves yearningly out toward the child.

A moment's expectant silence, then a bell rang, and before the startled audience realized it, the curtain had fallen.
—Florence Clark.

INVENTIONS OF ANTIQUITY.

Plenty of Them are Merely Reproduced at the Patent Office Now.

"There is nothing new under the sun," said Solomon the Wise. The inventions of modern times were many of them thought of and applied by the ancients ages ago. Telescopes were used by the astronomers of Babylon more than 3,000 years back. The workmanship of many Roman coins proves, merely by its exceeding delicacy, that the designs were made by powerful magnifying glasses, if not with the microscope. Gunpowder, unknown to Europe until the twelfth century, had been a familiar substance to the Chinese and constantly employed by them since before Christ. You can find at the Smithsonian institute, in the collection of remote antiques, many devices which are recorded at the patent office in Washington as new ideas, says the Washington Star. For example, there is a fragment of a soldier's bronze belt, more than 2,000 years old, bound on the edge with leather attached by the McGill patent paper fastener of to-day—the little ingenious contrivance that is thrust through two or more layers of a substance and bent down both ways together.

The relics exhibited in this collection are mostly of the bronze age, from 2000 B. C. to 400 B. C. Among them are razors of bronze, some of which nearly resemble in form the razors of the nineteenth century, while others are crescent shaped with modern handles. They are not in condition now to shave with, though hardly less so than the tools employed by the astute barber upon the customer who never pays a fee. Even more wonderful is the safety-pin with which the Roman women in the time before Christ was born fastened their garments. It was precisely like the safety-pin of the year 1891 A. D., with the little coiled spring at one end and the catch at the other. Fish-hooks in the bronze age were in shape precisely what they are now, with the same barb and the same bends of which the famous Limerick and Shaughnessy types are merely copies. The ends of their shanks, to hold the lines, were either flattened or looped, just as at present. In short, they were the same articles exactly, barring the nature of the metal.

In the Smithsonian collention referred to are shown hatpins with big round heads more than twenty centuries old, in all respects resembling those of to-day, though they may have been employed merely to bind the hair together. Also there are ordinary hairpins, equally ancient, like those sold at dry-goods shops on F street and Pennsylvania avenue, and likewise thimbles of bronze with the customary indentations, though such implements are generally supposed to have been invented in the middle ages under the nams of "thumb bells." Tweezers and strainers after the modern fashion are included in the same assemblage of curiosities. Others of the same epoch are woven goods from the Swiss lake dwellings that were built on piles, bronzed heads from Rome actually plated with gold, bronze buttons made just like those of to-day, bronze chains with the same mesh precisely as is employed now by jewelers for watch guards, bronze mirrors, bronze bodkins, bronze needles, and bronze sickles for cutting grass or grain, with wooden handles—the originals of the McCormick reaper.

One of the funniest things in the collection is a small vase with a hinge at the top for a cover—just like the modern beer mug. It dates from before Christ. There are also stone molds of the same epoch for casting bronze knives, spearheads, hatchets, sickles, and other implements precisely in the manner followed now. An ancient Etruscan vase shows mending with rivets after the same method as is employed in this day. Even more extraordinary are poniards covered in ivory perhaps hundreds of thousands of years ago by men of the chipped stone or palæolithic ages, with reindeer and mammoths for handles.

The Romans before the birth of Christ did everything with respect to printing except to print. They made stamps and stamped words and letters on their pottery before baking it. They types were movable, and sometimes single, though not usually so. On their lead pipe they cast inscriptions in raised letters. Practically, these would have served for printing if their surface had been inked and pressed upon the cloth or papyrus used for their books and letters. It has been said that necessity is the mother of invention, yet the necessity for printing existed in as great a degree as among any people. They had a senate, which kept its journal; they made speeches and orations; of the making of books there was no end. Laws and decrees were published to the people; in fact at the same time a newspaper was circulated. All this was done by handwriting, yet they had all the materials and much of the art of printing in every day use now. But thay never caught the final idea.

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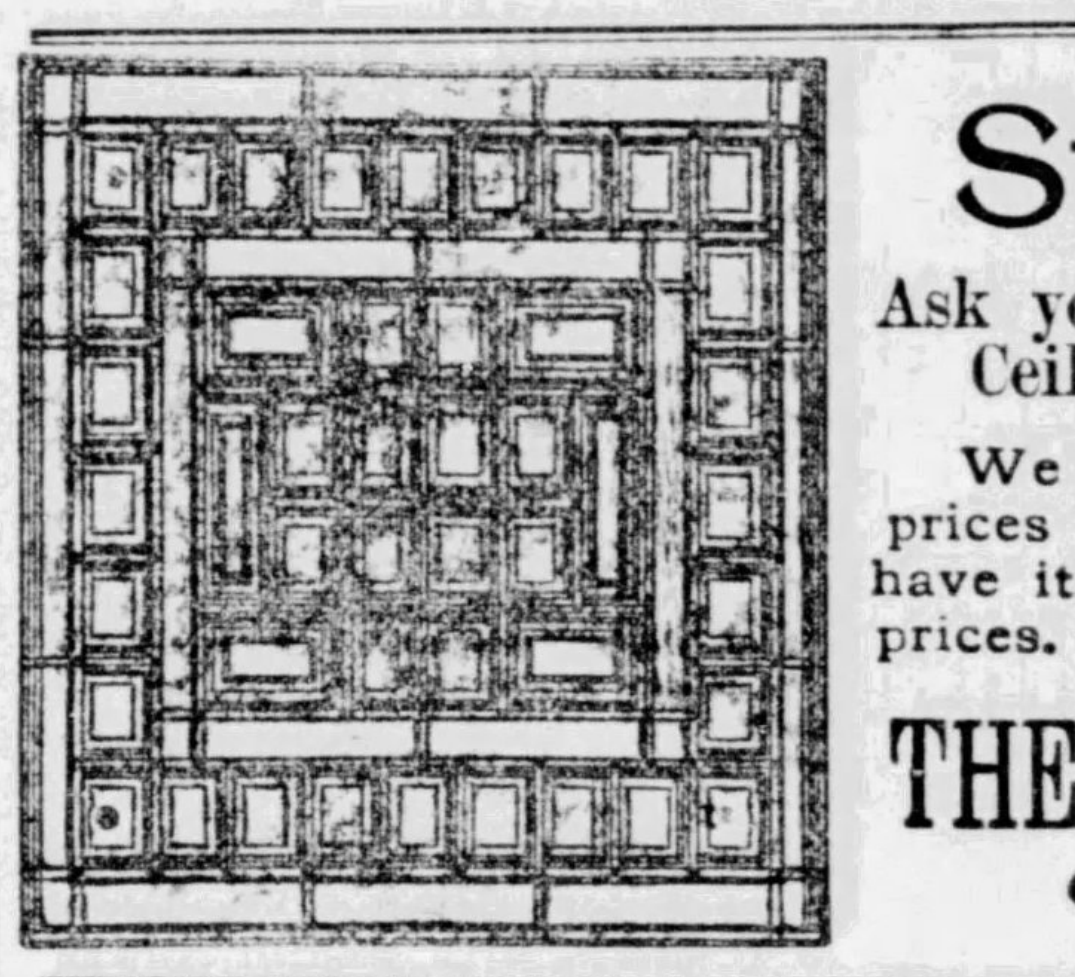

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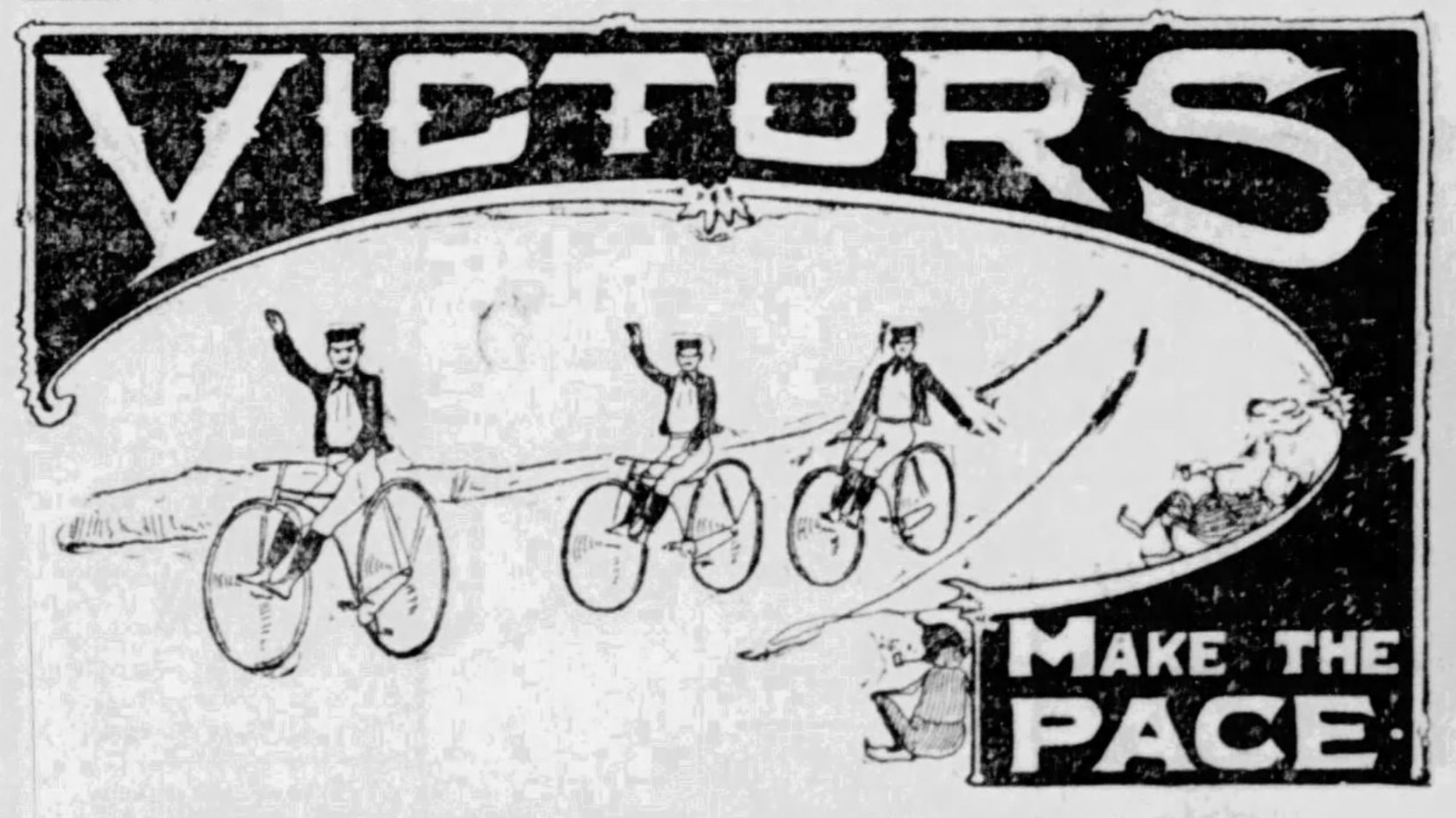

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